

**NEC**

**P**ASOLINK

**N**ETWORK

**M**ANAGEMENT

**T**ERMINAL

***PNMT (Java version)  
Operation Manual***

***(for PASOLINK NEO  
High Performance AMR)***

**NEC Corporation**

*Copyright © 2010*

## Table of Contents

<b>DOCUMENT WARRANTY .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>1 GETTING STARTED .....</b>	<b>2</b>
1.1 Introduction .....	2
1.2 Conventions Used in This Manual .....	2
1.3 PNMT Communication Interfaces .....	3
1.3.1 Communications .....	3
1.3.2 LCT Port Interface .....	3
1.4 Equipment Configuration of PASOLINK NEO High Performance AMR (HP/A).....	4
1.5 Hardware Requirements .....	4
1.6 Software Requirements .....	4
<b>2 SYSTEM OPERATION &amp; MAINTENANCE .....</b>	<b>5</b>
2.1 The PNMT Screen .....	5
2.2 Launching the PNMT Application.....	7
2.3 Login .....	8
2.3.1 User Access Privilege Levels .....	9
2.4 Shutting Down the PNMT .....	11
2.5 Searching for Network Elements and Connecting to Selected NE .....	12
2.6 Change Password.....	13
2.7 Alarm Buzzer Setting .....	14
2.8 Refresh .....	15
2.9 Remote Viewing using PNMT main window.....	15
2.10 License .....	16
2.11 Overall Status Window.....	19
2.12 ODU Tab.....	20
2.13 MODEM Tab.....	22
2.14 MAIN (WORK) Interface Tab .....	24
2.15 Auxiliary I/O Tab .....	26
2.15.1 Monitored Items .....	26
2.15.2 Photocoupler Input Setting .....	27
2.15.3 Relay Output Setting .....	28
2.16 Control (CTRL) Tab .....	29
2.16.1 Control Module.....	29
2.16.2 Setting the Date/Time .....	30
2.16.3 CPU Reset .....	30
2.16.4 Downloading the Configuration Files to the Control Module .....	31
2.16.5 Downloading a new Program File to the Control Module .....	33
2.16.6 Downloading a new Program File to ODU .....	34
2.16.7 Downloading a new FPGA File to Module.....	35
2.16.8 Downloading a new MODEM Parameter File to Module .....	36
2.16.9 Downloading the Software Key Files.....	37
2.16.10 Uploading Configuration File to PNMT PC .....	39
2.16.11 Uploading Software Key File to PNMT PC .....	40
2.16.12 Uploading OSPF Dump File to PNMT PC .....	41
2.16.13 Configuring the Equipment Network Settings.....	42
2.16.14 Configuring the Equipment Network Settings (OSPF).....	43
2.17 Maintenance .....	49
2.17.1 Selecting Maintenance .....	50
2.17.2 Mode .....	50

2.17.3	TX SW Manual Control (for Hot Stand-by system only)	51
2.17.4	RX SW Manual Control (for Hot Stand-by system only)	51
2.17.5	ATPC Manual Control	51
2.17.6	TX Mute Control	52
2.17.7	CW Control	52
2.17.8	IF Loopback	52
2.17.9	DADE Adjust	53
2.17.10	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH01-CH16)	53
2.17.11	Main E1 CH Loopback-2(CH01-CH16)	53
2.17.12	TX Modulation Manual Control	54
2.17.13	LAN Device Reset	54
2.17.14	RF Setting	54
2.17.15	Antenna Alignment Mode (only available for specific ODU type)	55
2.18	Equipment Setup	56
2.18.1	Equipment Configuration window	56
2.18.2	Editing the Note for CTRL	57
2.18.3	Setup	57
2.18.4	Frequency Channel	62
2.19	Provisioning	63
2.19.1	E1 Channel Setting	66
2.19.2	DXC Setting	66
2.19.3	BER Threshold Setting	69
2.19.4	SC Assignment	70
2.19.5	LAN Port Setting	70
2.19.6	TX Power CTRL	71
2.19.7	SW Condition	71
2.19.8	Relay Configuration	72
2.19.9	Cluster Alarm Input	72
2.19.10	EOW2 External Setting	73
2.19.11	PMON Select	73
2.19.12	Alarm Correlation Capability	73
2.19.13	VLAN Setting	74
2.19.14	QoS Mode	83
2.20	Link Performance Monitor	90
2.20.1	Viewing Summary Link Performance Monitor	90
2.20.2	Threshold Setting	91
2.20.3	Link Performance Monitor (1day / 15 min. Data) window	92
2.21	Remote Network Monitoring (RMON)	93
2.21.1	Viewing LAN INTFC RMON [Current]	94
2.21.2	Viewing LAN INTFC RMON [15-min]	95
2.21.3	Viewing LAN INTFC RMON [Daily]	97
2.22	Event Log	99
2.22.1	Event Log monitor	99
2.23	Inventory Tab	100
2.23.1	Inventory Monitor	100
<b>APPENDIX A: EQUIPMENT NETWORK SETTINGS (TERMINAL)</b>		<b>101</b>
<b>APPENDIX B: SAMPLE NETWORK CONFIGURATION</b>		<b>107</b>

**Document Warranty**

1. The information contained in this document is subject to change without prior notice.
2. The PNMS/PNMT screen images in this manual are only examples. Screens will vary according to equipment configurations, equipment operation modes, setting parameters, PNMS/PNMT application program version, etc. Screens contained in this manual are current at the moment of publishing; however, they may differ slightly from the actual screens on your PNMS/PNMT.
3. This manual is written on the assumption that you already understand the restrictions, limitations and precautions necessary to operate the equipment properly. Refer to the equipment manual for details.

## 1 Getting Started

### 1.1 Introduction

The PNMT is a computer-based PASOLINK Network Management Terminal system developed by NEC for management of NEC's PASOLINK wireless transmission network. The PNMT is a scaled down version of PASOLINK Network Management System (PNMS) that is designed as a maintenance tool for field engineers to locally and remotely monitor alarms, control points, generate reports, and archive data, all within a familiar graphical user interface, and all in real time. Throughout this manual, "the PNMT" generally refers to the mobile laptop computer in which the NEC PNMT software package (that interfaces and controls NEC PASOLINK series short haul wireless equipment) is installed.

This software package remotely monitors and controls the status and configuration of an entire PASOLINK network with associated equipment as well as the performance of the actual microwave radio links.

### 1.2 Conventions Used in This Manual

Font	What the Font Represents	Example
<i>Italic</i>	For manual titles or related document names.	Please refer to <i>PASOLINK Operation Manual</i> for details.
<b>Hostname Bold</b>	Items on the user interface. Items on the computer display. File and directory names.	The <b>Overall</b> window
<b>[Button]</b>	Buttons in the user interface.	Click <b>[OK]</b> button to continue Click <b>[Execute]</b> button to send command.
<b>Menu Items</b>	A menu name followed by a colon (:) means that you must select the menu and then the item. When the item is followed by an arrow (→), a cascading menu follows.	Select <b>System → Login/Logout</b>
<username>	A command variable where the user must make the appropriate entry. This is also commonly used when asking for a password.	<password>
<b>[Keycap]</b>	Keyboard keys.	Press <b>[Enter]</b> key.

### 1.3 PNMT Communication Interfaces

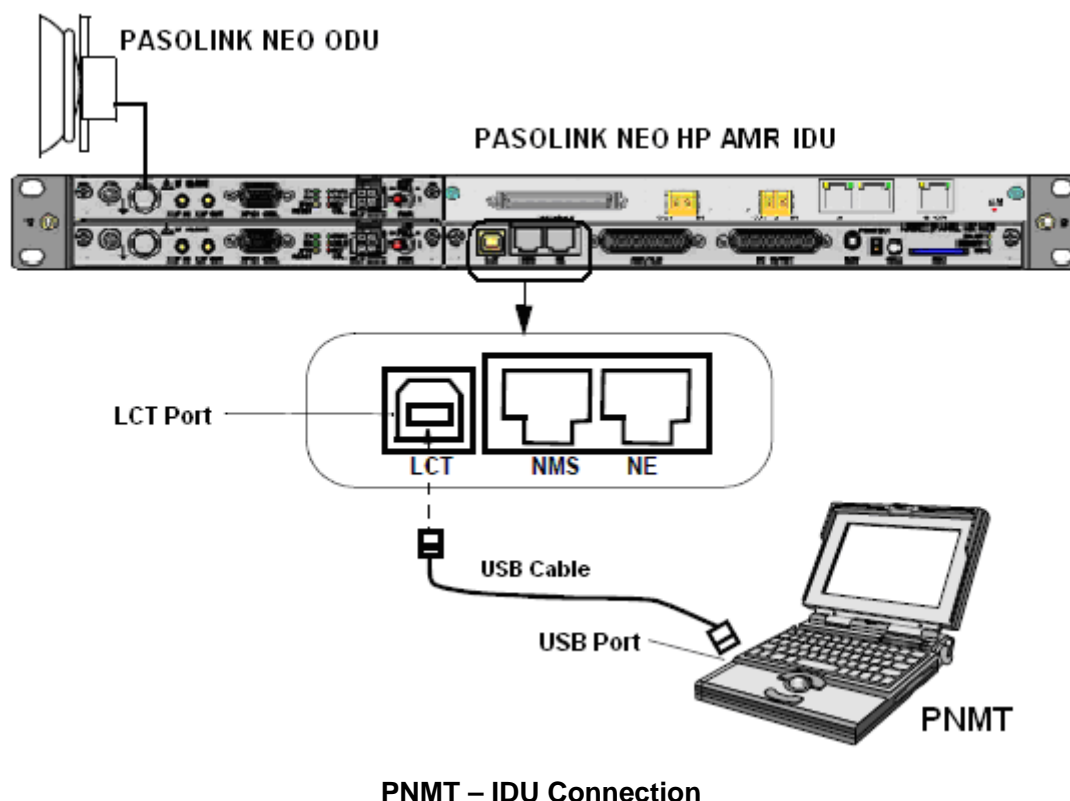
#### 1.3.1 Communications

Communications between the PNMT and the wireless network equipment is possible

- via the **LCT** port of the equipment

#### 1.3.2 LCT Port Interface

The LCT port is located on the front of the equipment.



The PNMT and the Control (CTRL) Module mounted in the IDU must be connected using a standard USB cable (the **Type A** plug is fitted into the **Type A** socket of the PNMT computer and the **Type B** plug is fitted into the **Type B** socket of the LCT Port on the IDU Control (CTRL) Module)

The LCT port has the following specifications:

- Connector type: USB Type B (female)
- Bit per second rate: 1200/2400/4800/9600/19200 (default 19200)
- Stop bits: 1
- Data bit length: 8
- Parity: no parity

## 1.4 Equipment Configuration of PASOLINK NEO High Performance AMR (HP/A)

PASOLINK NEO HP/A has 3 types of IDU.

- 1+0 (Terminal)
- 1+1 (Hot Stand-by)
- 1+1 (Twin Path)



**1+0 (Terminal)**



**1+1 (Hot Stand-by), 1+1 (Twin Path)**

## 1.5 Hardware Requirements

Recommended configuration of PNMT mobile computer

- CPU: Pentium M 1.60GHz or equivalent
- RAM: 512MB or more
- HD: 40GB or more
- Display: color LCD (1,024 × 768) or more
- FD drive
- CD-ROM drive
- USB port
- Serial port (RS-232C)
- 10/100BASE-T (X) LAN port
- USB cable with USB-B connector
- Internal sound system with speaker

## 1.6 Software Requirements

- OS: Windows XP Professional (English version) with SP2 or higher  
Windows Vista Business Edition (English version) with SP1 or higher
- Acrobat Reader
- PNMT Application software

## 2 System Operation & Maintenance

This chapter explains the menu structure and procedures for operating the PNMT. The explanation uses typical PNMT screens to illustrate the hierarchy of menu.

### 2.1 The PNMT Screen

The PNMT window comprises the following main parts (Refer to Figure 1).

- **Title Bar**

The title bar of the window is used to indicate the title of the window.

- **Common Menu Bar**

The common menu bar of the window presents the **System** and **Help** options, illustrates the commands that can be executed from the various options. The **Help** function also can display operation manual.

- **NE-specific Menu Bar**

This menu is a list of tasks that can be performed to the specific network element (NE) displayed in the PNMT. Configuration, Event Log, and Link Performance Monitor functions can be executed in the NE-specific menu bar.

- **Block Diagram**

The block diagram illustrates the equipment/part of the PASOLINK wireless system. Its main purpose in the window is to display the current summary alarm state of the equipment. You can click a specific block to display the status of equipment in the Data Window.

- **Overall Status Window**

The Overall Status Window shows a snapshot of all important parameters/settings for the NE. This window only displays current settings; control functions cannot be performed here.

- **Data Window**

This window displays in detail the status and alarm items of a specific equipment/part of the NE. You can select the tab or the block of the specific equipment/part which you want to monitor in the Data Window.

- **Tabs**

To view the status and alarms in the specific part of the NE, click on the tab at the bottom of the Data Window.

- **Command Button**

The command button is used to enter the data selected in the pop-up window into the computer.

- **Text Box**

This is a standard Windows dialog box where the user inputs the desired value.

- **Login User**

Denotes the user currently logged-in to the PNMT.

- **Background color attribute for each alarm and status**

The respective Background color for each alarm and status is as follows:

normal: Green, major alarm: Red, minor alarm: Pink,  
status value: White, disabled: Gray, maintenance: Yellow



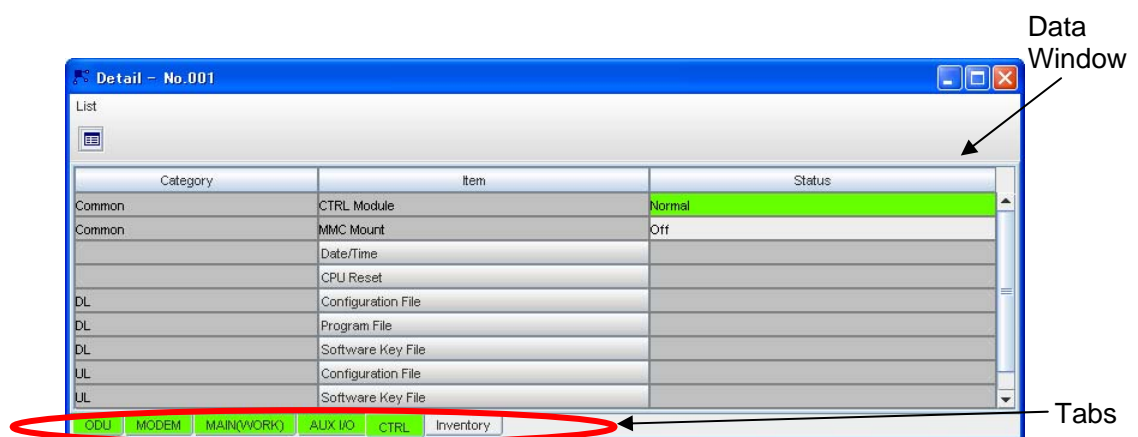
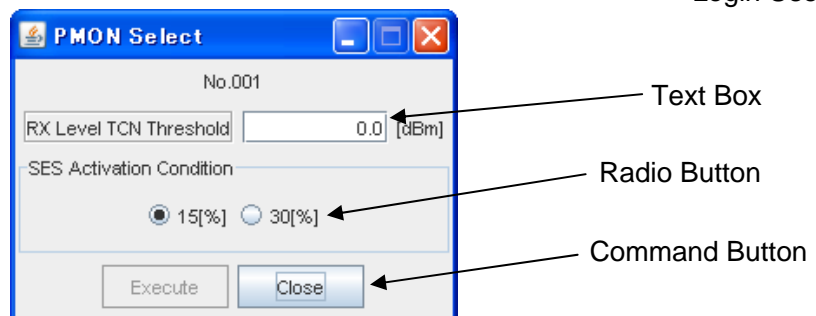
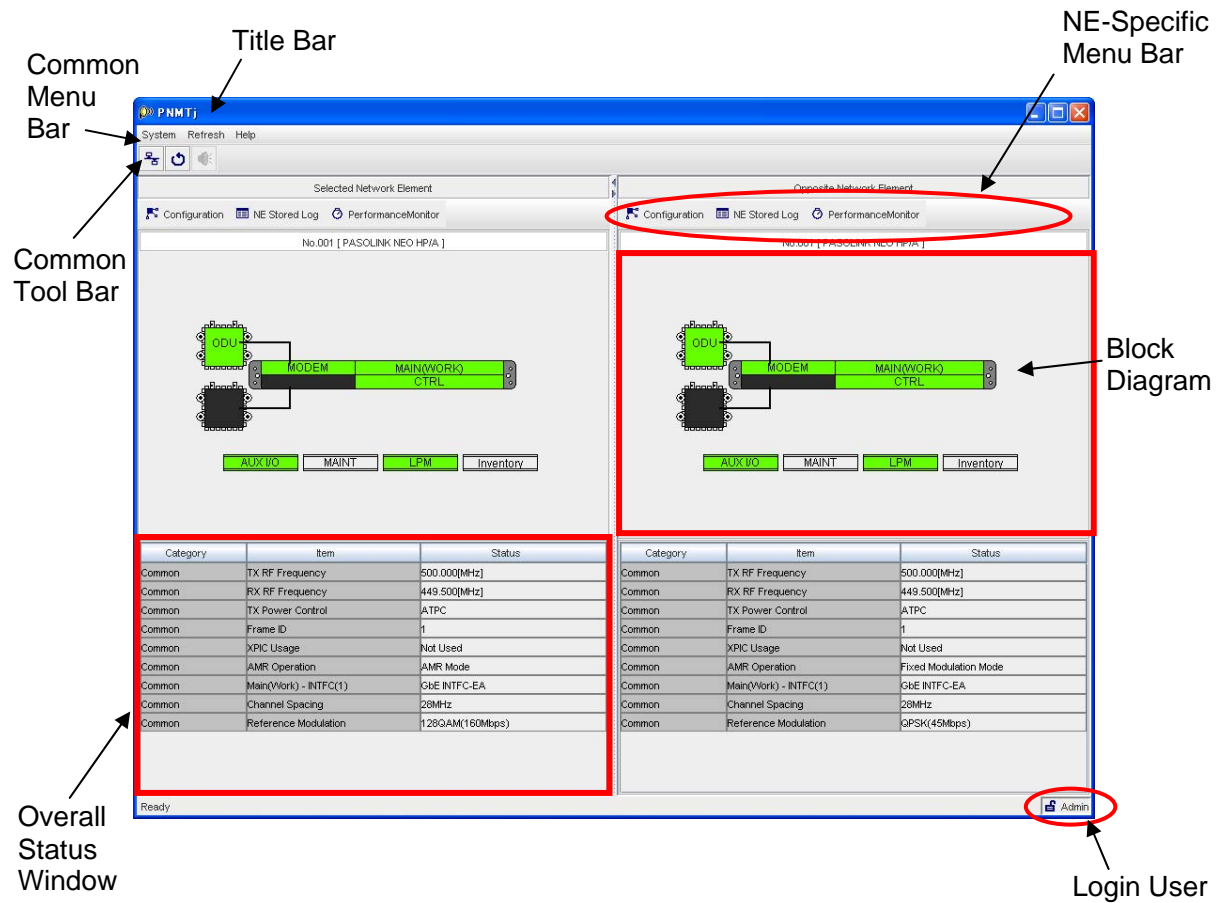


Figure 1 Standard components of PNMT Window

## 2.2 Launching the PNMT Application

To start PNMT:

1. Turn ON the computer.

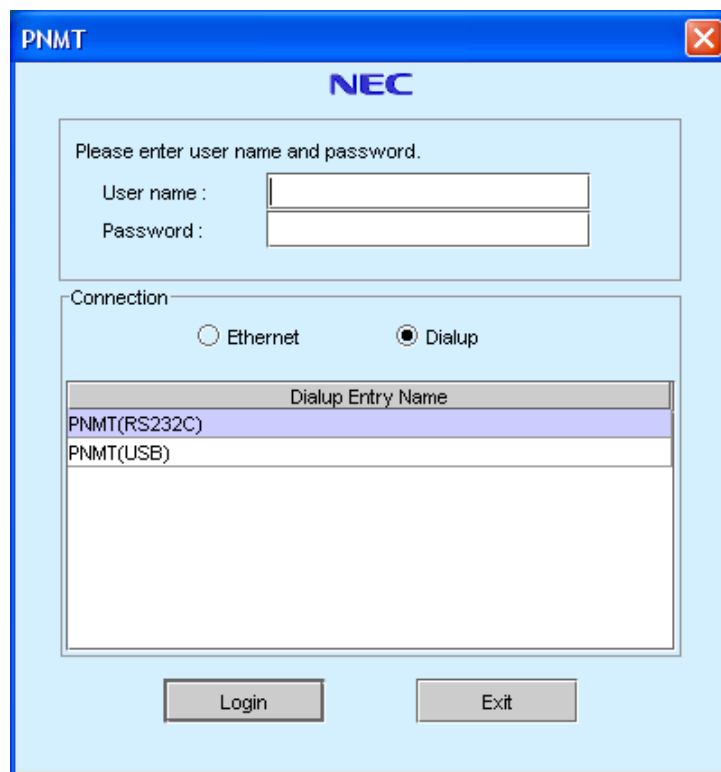
---

### NOTE

***Connect the PNMT cable 30 seconds after IDU's power is ON and make sure that the PNMT cable is connected between USB port of the PNMT computer and the LCT port of the IDU.***

---

2. Login to Windows OS.
3. Click **Start → Programs → PNMTj → Pnmt**, then continue to the login window.



---

### NOTE

***Please do not change the clock settings of your computer once PNMT has started.***

---

## 2.3 Login

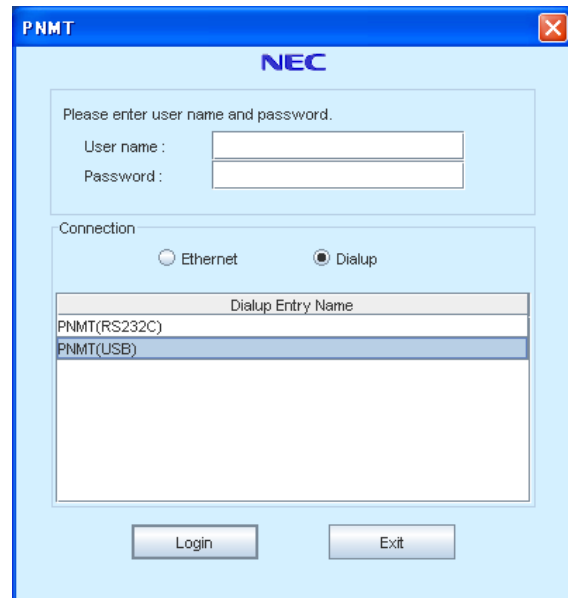
Users are registered by means of login name and password.

To protect the network and network management system from unauthorized access or unauthorized modifications, five levels (refer to the table shown in section 2.3.1 User Access Privilege Levels) of users are defined with different privileges. The functions available in the window depend on the user's access level. Therefore, some of the functions may or may not be carried out.

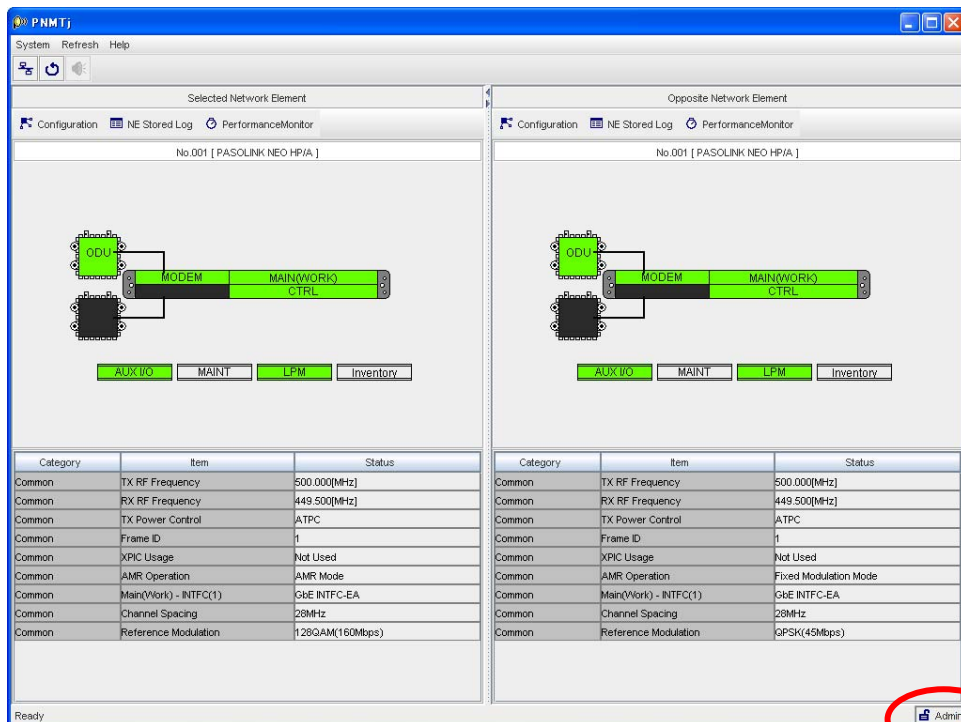
The highest or administrator level (Admin) has full access to the network and network management system.

To login:

1. Start PNMT, and then Login window appears.
2. Enter the <user name>.
3. Enter the valid <password> for the specific user.
4. For Connection select **Dialup**.
5. For Dialup Entry Name select **PNMT(USB)**.
6. Click the **[Login]** button. If you wish to exit the program, click **[Exit]** button.



The image shows the PNMT Login window. It has a title bar with 'PNMT' and a close button. The main area is light blue with the 'NEC' logo at the top. Below the logo, it says 'Please enter user name and password.' There are two input fields: 'User name :' and 'Password :'. Below these is a 'Connection' section with two radio buttons: 'Ethernet' and 'Dialup'. The 'Dialup' button is selected. Under 'Dialup', there is a 'Dialup Entry Name' section with a list box containing 'PNMT(RS232C)' and 'PNMT(USB)'. The 'PNMT(USB)' entry is selected. At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Login' and 'Exit'.



The image shows the PNMT main window. It has a title bar with 'PNMT' and standard window controls. Below the title bar is a menu bar with 'System', 'Refresh', and 'Help'. There are two main panes: 'Selected Network Element' and 'Opposite Network Element'. Both panes show a diagram of a network element with components like ODU, MODEM, and MAIN(WORK) CTRL. Below the diagrams are buttons for 'AUX I/O', 'MAINT', 'LPM', and 'Inventory'. At the bottom, there are two tables showing configuration data for 'No.001 [ PASOLINK NEO HP/A ]'.

Category	Item	Status
Common	TX RF Frequency	500.000[MHz]
Common	RX RF Frequency	449.500[MHz]
Common	TX Power Control	ATPC
Common	Frame ID	1
Common	XPIC Usage	Not Used
Common	AMR Operation	AMR Mode
Common	Main(Work) - INTFC(1)	GbE INTFC-EA
Common	Channel Spacing	28MHz
Common	Reference Modulation	128QAM(160Mbps)

Category	Item	Status
Common	TX RF Frequency	500.000[MHz]
Common	RX RF Frequency	449.500[MHz]
Common	TX Power Control	ATPC
Common	Frame ID	1
Common	XPIC Usage	Not Used
Common	AMR Operation	Fixed Modulation Mode
Common	Main(Work) - INTFC(1)	GbE INTFC-EA
Common	Channel Spacing	28MHz
Common	Reference Modulation	QPSK(45Mbps)

At the bottom right of the window, there is a button labeled 'Admin' which is circled in red. An arrow points to this button with the text 'Login User'.

### 2.3.1 User Access Privilege Levels

✓: Available, -: Not available

Functions			User Name and Accessible Functions				
Category		ITEM	Monitor	User	Local	Remote	Admin
SYSTEM		ALARM BUZZER	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
		CONNECT (Remote Login)	-	-	-	✓	✓
NE LIST		CONNECT	-	-	-	✓	✓
NE STORD LOG		SAVE AS	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
EQUIPMENT SETUP		(Wizard Setting)	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		NE NAME	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		NOTE	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
PROVISIONING	E1 CHANNEL SETTING	E1 CH USAGE	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		E1 CH USAGE ERROR REPORT	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		AIS ACTIVATION CONDITION	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		AIS GENERATED REPORT	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		AIS RECEIVED REPORT	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		AIS RECEIVED CONDITION	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		E1 PORT IMPEDANCE	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	DXC SETTING	DXC FUNCTION	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		DXC CH SETTING	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	BER THRESHOLD SETTING	HIGH BER THRESHOLD			✓	✓	✓
		LOW BER THRESHOLD	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	SC ASSIGNMENT	RS-232C-1	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		RS-232C-2	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		V11-1	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		V11-2	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		V11-1 DIRECTION SETTING	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		V11-2 DIRECTION SETTING	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	LAN PORT SETTING	LAN PORTx USAGE	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		SPEED & DUPLEX PORTx	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		FLOW CONTROL PORTx	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		COLLISION REPORT PORTx	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		LINK DOWN CONTROL FOR PORT VLAN	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		MAC ADDRESS LEARNING	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	TX POWER CTRL	MTPC TX POWER	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		ATPC THRESHOLD LEVEL	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		ATPC RANGE(MAX)	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		ATPC RANGE(MIN)	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		ATPC POWER MODE	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		COMM ALARM MODE	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	CONDITION FOR TX/RX SW	TX SW PRIORITY			✓	✓	✓
		TX SW LOCK IN USAGE			✓	✓	✓
		TX SW REVERSE FUNCTION			✓	✓	✓
		TX SW SENSITIVITY			✓	✓	✓
		RX SW PRIORITY			✓	✓	✓
		RX SW MAINTENANCE MODE			✓	✓	✓
		RX SW CONDITION-EARLY WARNING			✓	✓	✓
	RELAY	RELAY CONFIGURATION	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		CLUSTER1 INPUT	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		CLUSTER2 INPUT	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		CLUSTER3 INPUT	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		CLUSTER4 INPUT	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	TCN THRESHOLD	TCN THRESHOLD(PMON Threshold)	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	XPIC CONDITION- LOCAL FAIL	XPIC CONDITION-LOCAL FAIL	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	EOW IF TYPE	EOW2 EXTERNAL SETTING	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	PMON SELECT	RX LEV TCN THRESHOLD	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		SES ACTIVATION CONDITION	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	ALARM CORRELATION	ALARM CORRELATION CAPABILITY	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	VLAN SETTING	VLAN MODE	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	QOS SETTING	QOS MODE	-	-	✓	✓	✓

✓: Available, -: Not available

Functions			User Name and Accessible Functions				
Category		ITEM	Monitor	User	Local	Remote	Admin
MAINTENANCE		MAINTENANCE	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
		TX SW MANUAL CONTROL	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		RX SW MANUAL CONTROL			✓	✓	✓
		ATPC MANUAL CONTROL			✓	✓	✓
		ATPC MANUAL CONTROL POWER	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		TX MUTE CONTROL	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		TX MUTE OFF CONTROL TIME	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		CW CONTROL	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		IF LOOPBACK	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		MAIN E1 CH LOOPBACK-1	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		MAIN E1 CH LOOPBACK-2	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		TX MODULATION MANUAL CONTROL	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		TX MODULATION SCHEME	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		DADE ADJUST			✓	✓	✓
		LAN DEVICE RESET	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		RF SETTING	-	-	✓	✓	✓
		ANTENNA ALIGNMENT MODE	-	-	✓	✓	✓
AUX I/O		INPUT	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
		OUTPUT	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
		CLUSTERx ALARM	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
PMON	PMON	ALL DATA CLEAR	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
		SAVE AS	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
RMON		ALL DATA CLEAR	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
		SAVE AS	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
CTRL	CONTROL	DATE/TIME	-	-	✓	✓	✓
	DOWNLOAD	CONFIGURATION FILE	-	-	-	-	✓
		PROGRAM FILE	-	-	-	-	✓
		EQUIPMENT CONFIG. FILE	-	-	-	-	✓
		SOFTWARE KEY.FILE					✓
	UPDATE	SOFTWARE KEY FILE	-	-	-	-	✓
	UPLOAD	CONFIGURATION FILE	-	-	-	-	✓
		EQUIPMENT CONFIG. FILE	-	-	-	-	✓
		SOFTWARE KEY.FILE					✓
		OSPF DUMP.FILE	-	-	-	-	✓
	EQUIPMENT NETWORK SETTING	NETWORK SETTING					✓
	EQUIPMENT NETWORK SETTING(OSPF)	NETWORK SETTING	-	-	-	-	✓
	CPU RESET	RESET	-	-	✓	✓	✓

\*Admin: Enabled to access all Network Elements.

\*Remote: Enabled to access all Network Elements.  
(Disabled from changing network configuration and changing/downloading programs)

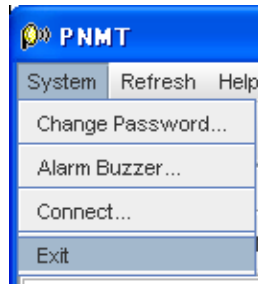
\*Local: Enabled to access directly connected Network Elements.  
(Disabled from changing network configuration and changing/downloading programs)

\*User: Enabled only to access items which do not affect the equipment.

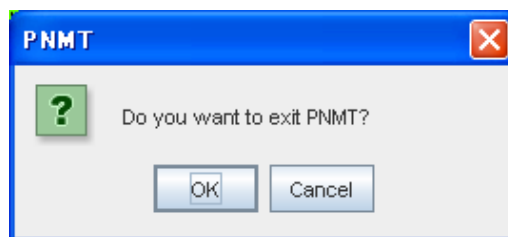
\*Monitor: Enabled only to monitor (disabled from control).

## 2.4 Shutting Down the PNMT

To close the PNMT application:



1. Click **System** → **Exit** in the menu bar of the PNMT main window.
2. Click **[OK]** button in the confirmation message window to close the application.

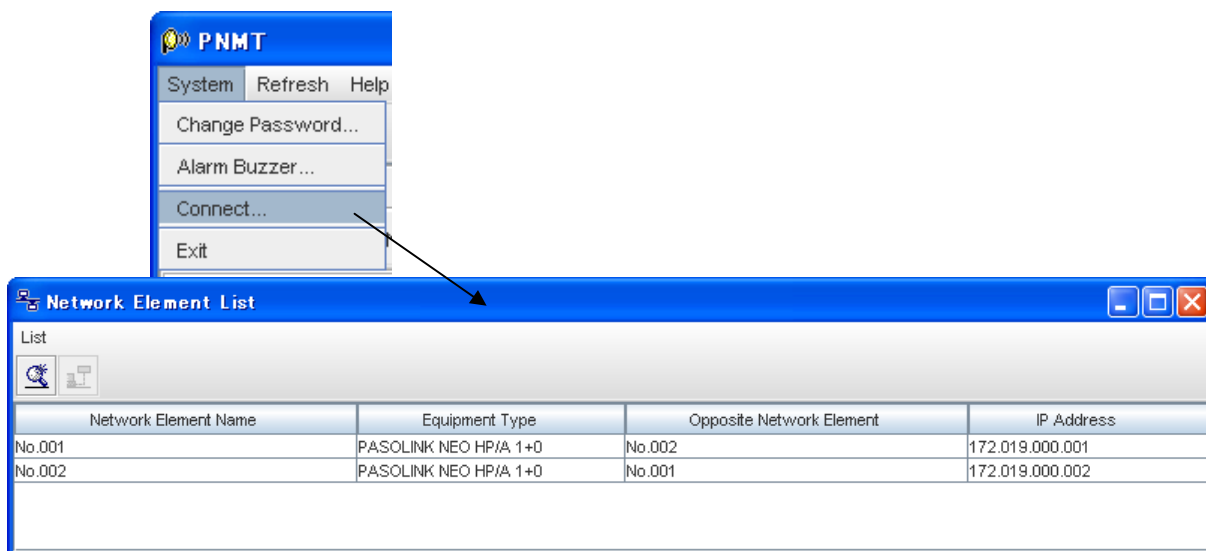


## 2.5 Searching for Network Elements and Connecting to Selected NE

The summary description (NE Name, Equipment Type, Opposite NE, etc.) of the current NE where PNMT is connected can be displayed using this function. Summary description of the opposite NE belonging to that link is also displayed.



To search for or connect to NE in the network:

1. Click **System → Connect** in menu bar of PNMT main window.



### NOTE

***Initially only the current NE physically connected to the PNMT and its opposite NE will be shown in the Network Element List.***

2. Click on  icon in the tool bar or **List → Search for Network Element** in the menu bar of the Network Element List window to display all connectable Network Elements in the network.
3. Select and highlight the Network Element to be viewed.
4. Click on  icon in the tool bar or **List → Connect to Network Element** in the menu bar of the Network Element List window. The PNMT main window for both the selected, and its opposite, Network Element will be displayed.

### NOTE

***Simultaneous connection from multiple PNMT to the same NE is possible:***

#### ***1 Local connection***

***PNMT is directly connected to the NE***

#### ***2 Opposite connection***

***PNMT is connected to opposite NE (of the local network)***

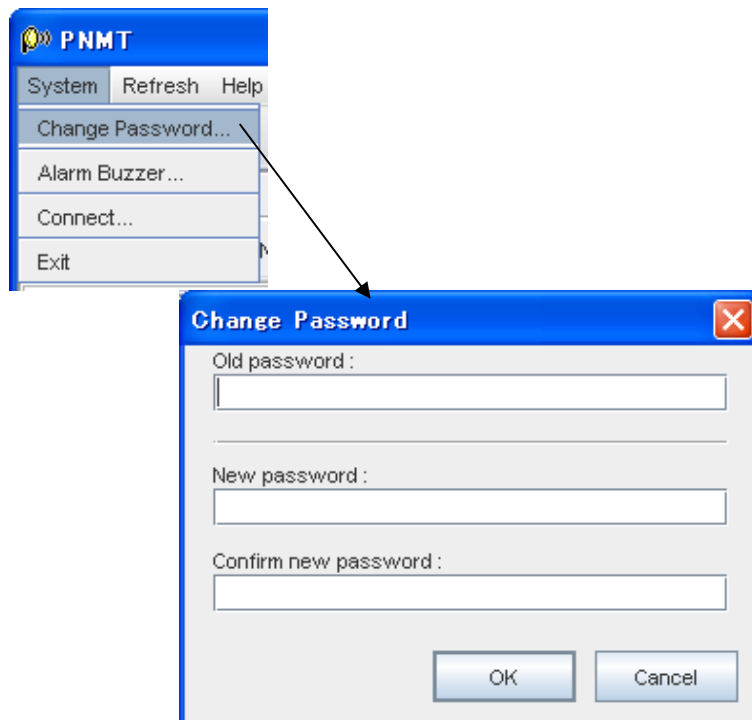
#### ***3 Remote connection***

***PNMT is connected to the NE via remote access.***

## 2.6 Change Password

To change the password:

1. Click **System → Change Password** in the menu bar of PNMT main window.



2. Enter the old <password>.
3. Enter the new <password>.
4. Re-enter the new <password> in the **Confirm New Password** box to confirm.
5. Click **[OK]** button.

---

### NOTE

*For details on initial user name and password, please refer to PNMT Installation Manual.*

---

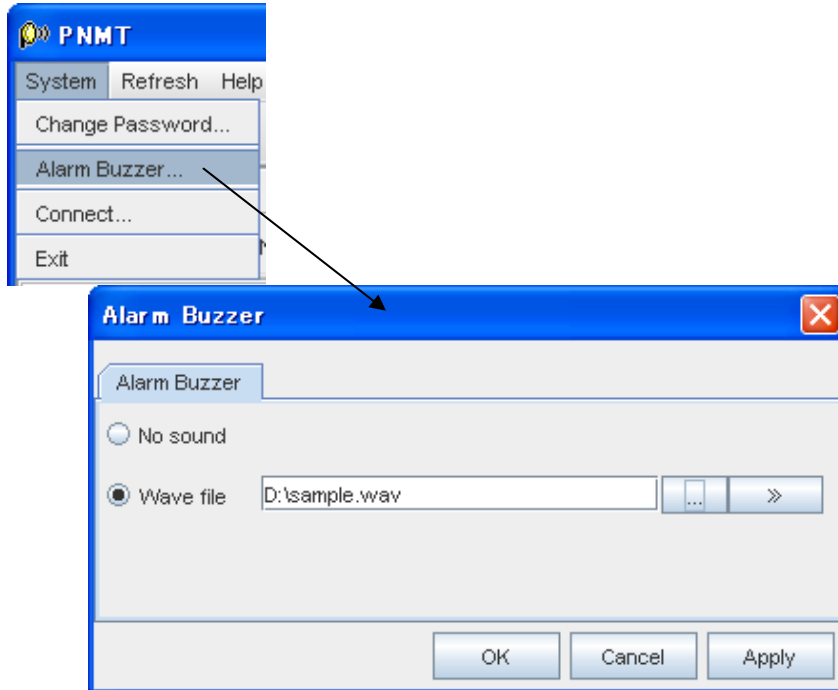


## 2.7 Alarm Buzzer Setting

This function is used to activate and set the Alarm Buzzer. The desired sound scheme can also be set using this function.

To set the Alarm Buzzer:

1. Click **System** → **Alarm Buzzer** in the menu bar of PNMT main window.



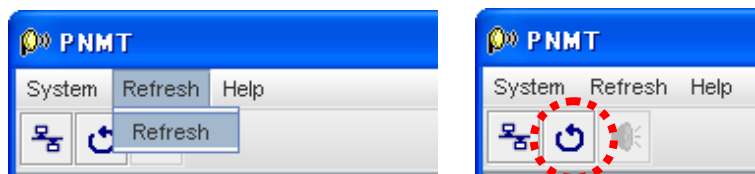
2. Select the **Wave file** to activate the buzzer. **No sound** is the factory setting of the PNMT.
3. If you select the **Wave file** box, enter the location of the sound file (\*.wav) Otherwise; click the browse [...] button to locate the desired file. You can also preview the \*.wav file by clicking on the arrow [»] button next to the browse button.
4. Click the **[OK]** button to activate the new setting.

## 2.8 Refresh

This function is supported only by PNMT. This function enables PNMT to manually obtain metering and alarm status, as well as to update equipment information.

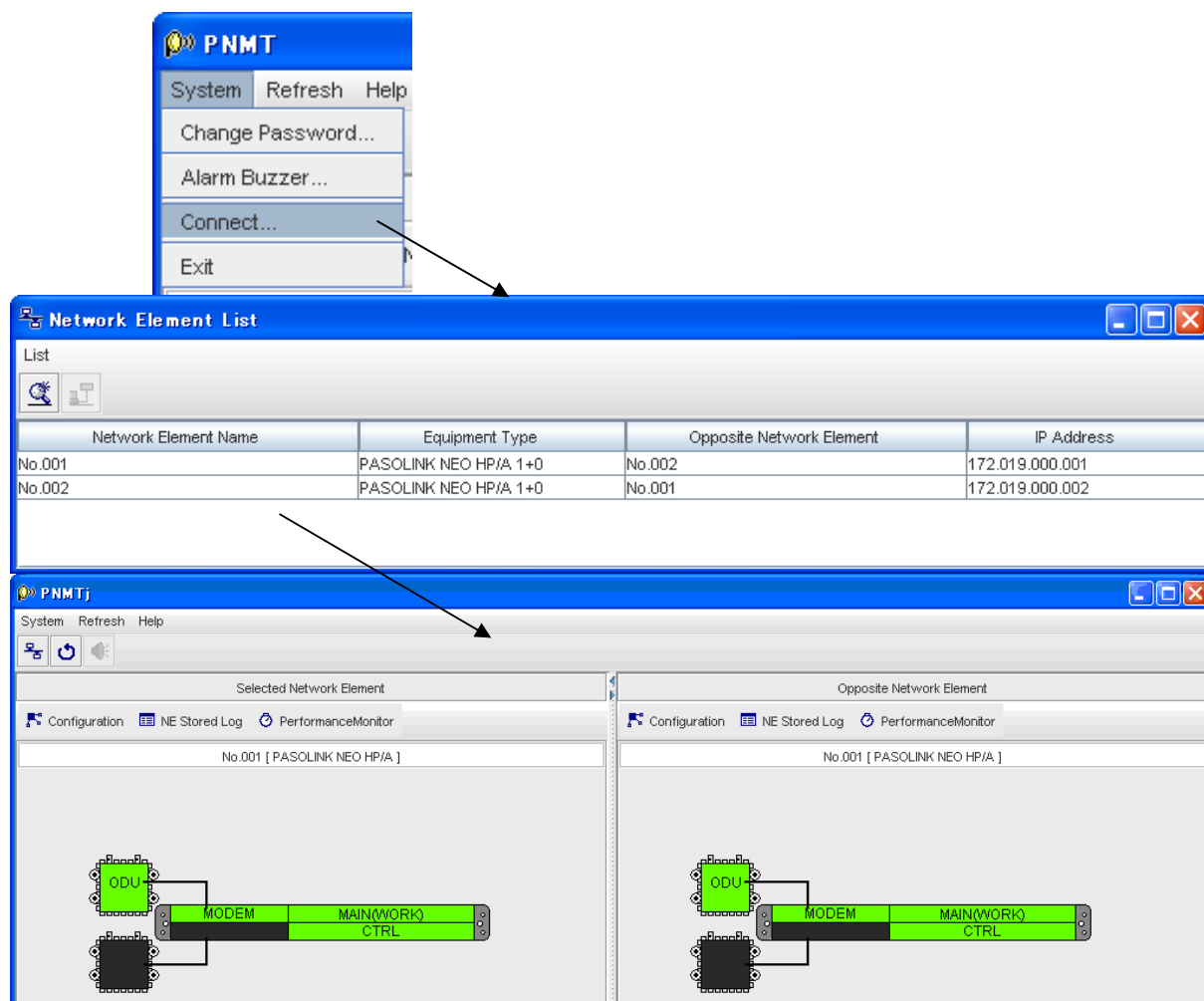
To Refresh:

Click **Refresh** → **Refresh** in the menu bar or click on the refresh icon in the tool bar.



## 2.9 Remote Viewing using PNMT main window

You can view a target link underlying the one Root NE in the managed network by searching the connectable NEs and then connecting to the target NE. Please refer to **Section 2.5 Searching for Network Elements and Connecting to Selected NE**. This feature allows remote connection to any NE in the network.



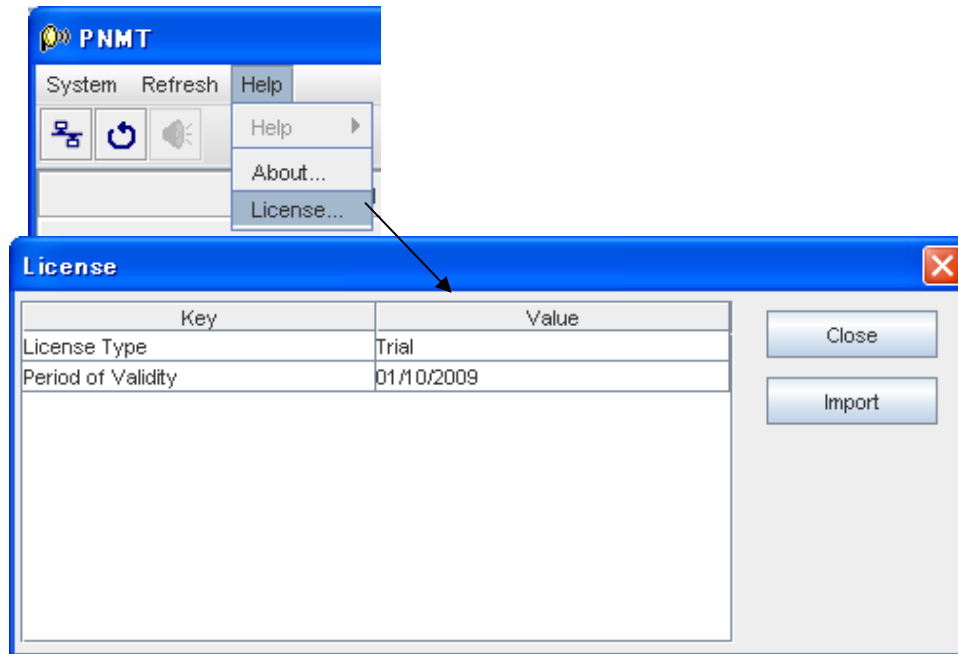
PNMT main window (1+0 configuration)

## 2.10 License

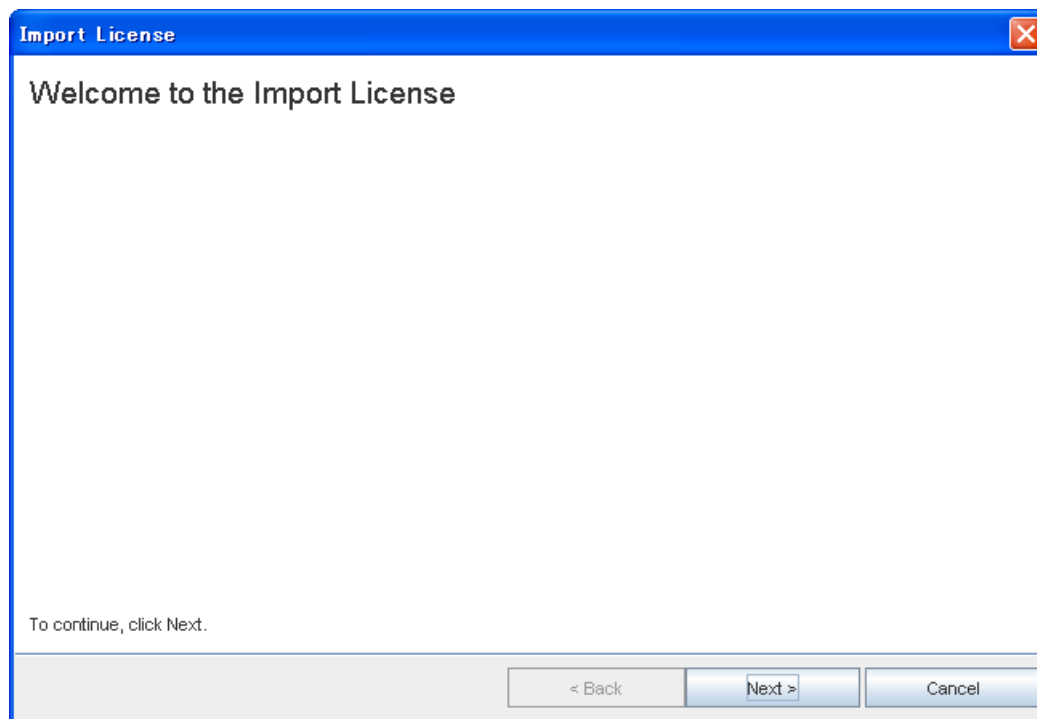
To protect PNMT functions, the PNMT application includes relevant license files.

To display the current license status:

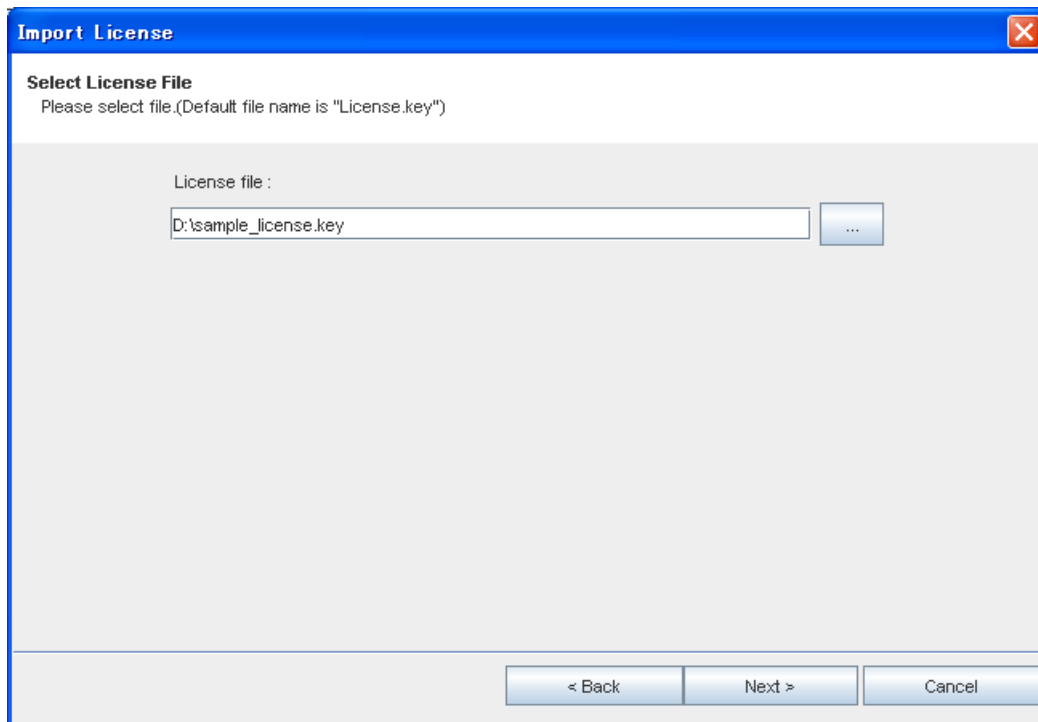
1. Click **Help** → **License** in the main window.



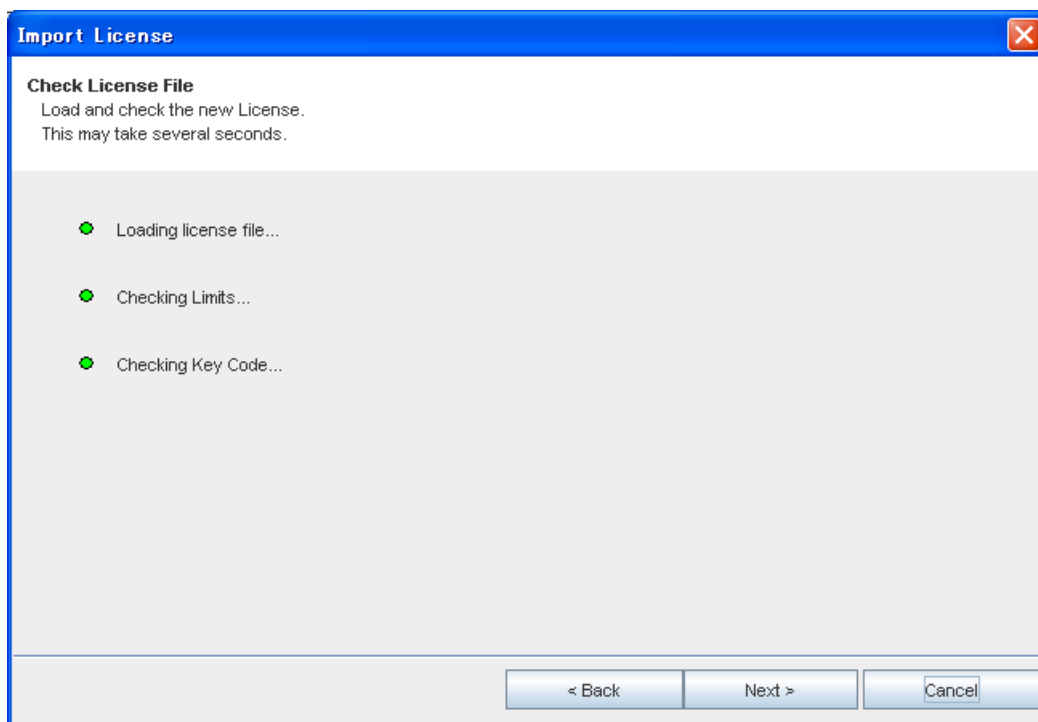
2. Click **[Close]** to exit this screen. To change the license file, click **[Import]**, and proceed as follows.
3. Click **[Next]** to continue.



4. Specify the License.Key file if one is available. Click **[Next]**.



5. The progress of **Check License File** will be displayed. If no error is encountered when importing license file, click **[Next]** as soon as the button becomes available.



6. Confirm the type of license Imported, and click **[Next]**.

Import License

Import License Limits

Following limits were imported from file :


Key	Value
License Type	Permit

< Back

Next >

Cancel

7. Click [Finish] in ensuing window to end Import License Wizard.



Import License

Import License has done

To processing is performed, click Finish.

< Back Finish Cancel

## 2.11 Overall Status Window

This window is displayed during startup. The Overall Status Window provides a snapshot of the most significant monitored items in the NE.

**Overall Status Window**

Category	Item	Status
Common	TX RF Frequency	14725.000[MHz]
Common	RX RF Frequency	15145.000[MHz]
Common	TX Power Control	ATPC
Common	Frame ID	1
Common	XPIC Usage	Not Used
Common	AMR Operation	AMR Mode
Common	LAN Port Stack Type	Not Used
Common	Main(Work) - INTFC(1)	GbE INTFC-EA(OPT)
Common	Channel Spacing	28MHz
Common	Reference Modulation(Capacity/SYS)	QPSK(45Mbps)
Common	TX SW Status	No.1
Common	RX SW Status	No.1

The Overall Status Window shows a snapshot of all important parameters/settings for the NE. This window only displays current settings; control functions cannot be performed here.

The following items are displayed in this window:

- **TX RF Frequency** – the currently used transmission frequency.
- **RX RF Frequency** – the currently used receiving frequency.
- **TX Power Control** – shows the power control mode currently used by the ODU. The TX Power Control is either Automatic Transmitter Power Control (ATPC) or Manual Transmitter Power Control (MTPC).
- **MTPC TX Power** – the value (in dB) of the Manual Transmitter Power Control attenuation currently set in the ODU. The MTPC Attenuation will only have valid data if the MTPC is enabled.
- **Frame ID** – the predefined value of the NE frame ID.
- **XPIC Usage** – the status of usage for the XPIC.
- **AMR Operation** – Currently selected AMR mode.
- **LAN Port Stack Type** – the status of usage for LAN Port Stack Type.
- **Main (work) – INTFC(1)** – the main work interface setting.
- **Channel Spacing** – Currently selected Channel Spacing value.
- **Reference Modulation (Capacity/SYS)** – Displays modulation scheme currently selected as the reference value.
- **TX SW Status** (for hot standby configuration only) – shows which modem-ODU configuration is currently used for transmitting signals.
- **RX SW Status** (for 1+1 system only) – shows which modem-ODU configuration is currently used for receiving signals.

## 2.12 ODU Tab

The ODU tab displays the status of the monitored ODU items. This window only displays current settings and no control functions are available here.

To set the ODU parameters see the chapters on *Equipment Setup* and *Provisioning*.

To view the alarm/ status display of the ODU:

1. Click the respective **ODU** field in the **PNMT main window** of the target NE.

Category	Item	Status
No.1	ODU Type Mismatch	Normal
No.1	TX Power	Normal
No.1	TX Input	Normal
No.1	ODU Linearizer	Normal
No.1	RX Level	Normal
No.1	APC	Normal
No.1	ODU CPU/Cable Open	Normal
No.1	Mute Status	Off
No.1	TCN-RX LEV-15min	Normal
No.1	TCN-RX LEV-1day	Normal
Common	TX SW Status	No.1
Common	RX SW Status	No.1

ODU1 ODU2 MODEM1 MODEM2 MAIN(WORK) AUX I/O CTRL Inventory

### Overview and description of the Items monitored in the ODU.

Item/Feature	Description	Specific conditions for it to be displayed/configured
ODU Type Mismatch	Indicates that an invalid ODU is in use.	None
TX Power	Indicates the status of the transmitter in the ODU; it is issued when the transmission level decreases 3 dB or more from the preset minimum ATPC level.	None
TX INPUT	Indicates the status of the ODU input signal from the IDU; it is issued when the input signal from the IDU is disrupted	None
ODU Linearizer	Indicates the status of the linearizer in the ODU; it is issued when an anomaly occurs in the linearizer.	None
RX LEVEL	Indicates the status of the received RF signal level of the ODU; it is issued when the RF signal drops below the RX threshold.	None
APC	Indicates the status of the synthesizer in the ODU; it is issued when an anomaly occurs in the synthesizer	None
ODU CPU/Cable Open	Indicates the status of the CPU in the ODU; it is issued when an anomaly occurs during CPU operation	None
Mute Status	On: transmitter output is muted (off) Off: transmitter output is normal (on)	None
LO REF	Indicates the status of the LO reference signal used for V/H signal synchronization. When the reference signal in the ODU falls below the threshold, this alarm is issued.	for XPIC
TX SW Lock-in Status	Indicates the status of TX SW Lock-in Status	Only when TX SW Lock-in Usage is "used"
TX SW Reverse Request	Indicates the status of TX SW Reverse Request	Only when TX SW Reverse Function is "used"

Item/Feature	Description	Specific conditions for it to be displayed/configured
TCN-Rx LEV-15min	The (lower) Threshold Crossing Notice level for 15 min alarm	None
TCN-Rx LEV-1day	The (lower) Threshold Crossing Notice level for 1 day alarm	None
TX SW Status	Indicates the modem-ODU configuration currently used for transmitting signals	Only for 1 + 1 hot standby
RX SW Status	Indicates the modem-ODU configuration currently used for receiving signals	Only for 1 + 1 hot standby



## 2.13 MODEM Tab

The MODEM tab displays the status of the monitored items of the modem. This window only displays current settings and no control functions are available here.

To set the modem parameters see the sections on *Equipment Setup* and *Provisioning*.

To view the alarms and status of the modem:

1. Click the respective **MODEM** field in the **PNMT main window** of the target NE.

Category	Item	Status
No.1	MODEM Unequipped	Normal
No.1	MODEM Type Mismatch	Normal
No.1	MODEM Module	Normal
No.1	LOF	Normal
No.1	Frame ID	Normal
No.1	High BER	Normal
No.1	Low BER	Normal
No.1	Early Warning	Normal
No.1	MOD	Normal
No.1	DEM	Normal
No.1	Input Voltage	Normal
No.1	Power Supply	Normal
No.1	IF Cable Short	Normal
No.1	Cable EGL	Normal
No.1	MODEM Linearizer	Normal
Common	ATPC Power Mode	Active
No.1	MODEM Configuration	Normal
No.1	TX Modulation	QPSK
No.1	RX Modulation	QPSK
No.1	RX Range Mismatch	Normal

ODU1 ODU2 MODEM1 MODEM2 MAIN(WORK) AUX I/O CTRL Inventory

### Overview and description of the alarm and status items/features of the modem

Item/Feature	Description	Specific conditions for it to be displayed/configured
MODEM Module	Indicates the status of the modulator-demodulator. This alarm is issued when an anomaly occurs in the modulator-demodulator.	None
MODEM Unequipped	Indicates whether a MODEM is properly mounted. If the MODEM contact is unplugged or if none is mounted (in accordance with the "Equipment Setup"), this alarm is issued.	None
MODEM Type Mismatch	Indicates that an invalid modem is in use.	None
LOF	Indicates the frame synchronization status. If the synchronization with DMR is disrupted, this alarm is issued.	None
Frame ID	Indicates that the frame ID numbers of an NE and its opposite are out of sync.	None
High BER	Indicates severe quality deterioration status. If the signal deteriorates below the preset threshold level, this alarm is issued and the RX-Hitless Switch is operated. The selectable threshold levels are 1E-3, 1E-4 and 1E-5.	None

Item/Feature	Description	Specific conditions for it to be displayed/configured
Low BER	Indicates low to moderate quality deterioration status between radio sections. When the signal deteriorates below the present threshold value, this alarm is issued and the RX-Hitless Switch is activated. The selectable threshold values are: 1E-6, 1E-7, 1E-8 and 1E-9.	None
Early Warning	Indicates quality deterioration status. If the signal deteriorates beyond the present threshold level, this alarm is issued and the RX-Hitless Switch is activated. The present threshold is a BER of 1E-9.	None
MOD	Indicates the operating status of the MOD. If any anomaly occurs in the modulator, this alarm is issued.	None
DEM	Indicates the operating status of the DEM. If any anomaly occurs in the demodulator, this alarm is issued.	None
Input Voltage	Indicates the operating status of the input power voltage. When there is an anomaly in the input voltage, this alarm is issued.	None
Power Supply	Indicates the operating status of the power supply. When there is an anomaly in the power supply, this alarm is issued.	None
IF Cable Short	Indicates the status of IF cable between IDU and ODU. If a short circuit is caused between ODU and the IDU, this alarm is issued.	None
Cable EQL	Indicates the status of the IF cable equalizer. This alarm is issued when the equalizer function does not kick in.	None
XIF	When the XIF input signal falls below the threshold, this alarm is issued and the XPIC function is reset.	for XPIC
XCTRL Cable	Alarm issued upon detection of disconnected XPIC cable; issued when XPIC cable comes off for some reason.	for XPIC
XPIC Status	Indicates the status of XPIC operation. When the XPIC function is reset, "Reset" is indicated and the "Reset" LED on the front panel is lit.	for XPIC
XREF	Indicates the status of the CLK reference signal used for V/H signal synchronization. When there is an anomaly in the reference OSC in the MODEM, this alarm is issued.	for XPIC
MODEM Linearizer	Indicates the linearizer operating status; this alarm is issued when the linearizer is not properly operating in the OPR state.	None
ATPC Power Mode	Indicates the operating status of the ATPC. If the ATPC is not properly functioning, stop the control and maintain the TX output level at HOLD /MIN (selectable).	Only when ATPC is used
MODEM Configuration	Alarm issued upon detection of unsupported Channel Spacing setup or MODEM mismatch between side 1 and 2.	None
TX Modulation	Indicates currently set transmission modulation scheme	None
RX Modulation	Indicates currently set reception modulation scheme.	None
RX Range Mismatch	Alarm issued upon reception of modulation scheme not defined in AMR Range.	None

## 2.14 MAIN (WORK) Interface Tab

The MAIN (WORK) tab displays the status of the monitored items for the main (work) interface. This window only displays current settings and no control functions are available here.

To set the Main (work) interface parameters see the chapters on *Equipment Setup* and *Provisioning*.

To view the alarms and status of the main (work) interface:

1. Click the respective **MAIN(WORK)** field in the **PNMT main window** of the target NE.

Category	Item	Status
Common	INTFC(1) Unequipped	Normal
Common	INTFC(1) Type Mismatch	Normal
Common	INTFC(1) Module	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH01	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH02	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH03	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH04	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH05	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH06	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH07	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH08	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH09	Normal
Common	Input LOS CH10	Normal

### Overview and description of the monitored items for the Main (Work) interface

Item/Feature	Description	Specific conditions for it to be displayed/configured
INTFC (1) Unequipped	Indicates whether there is any Main Interface. If there is no INTFC (1), this alarm is issued.	None
INTFC (1) Type Mismatch	When this alarm is issued, it indicates that INTFC (1) does not correspond to the inventory list.	None
INTFC (1) Module	Indicates the operating status of the MAIN INTFC. If any anomaly occurs in the MAIN INTFC, this alarm is issued.	None
Input LOS CH(01-16)	Indicates the input status of the input E1 signal from MUX. If the input is disconnected, this alarm is issued.	Only when E1 CH USAGE is set as "used"
AIS Received CH(01-16)	Indicates the E1 signal transmitting status. If AIS is received from MUX, this alarm is issued.	None
AIS Generated CH(01-16)	Indicates the E1 signal receiving status. If AIS is generated in the E1 INTFC, this alarm is issued.	AIS Generated Report function must be enabled (set to "report") and E1 CH USAGE is set as "used"
Usage Error CH(01-16)	Indicates the status of the E1 signal interface. When E1 signal is applied to the input interface as long as it is set to "Not Used", this alarm is generated. This parameter is indicated only when E1 CH Usage Error Report has been selected.	E1 CH Usage Error Report function must be enabled (set to "report") and E1 CH USAGE is set as "not used"
LAN Link Port (1-4)	Indicates the LAN Link Port status: an alarm occurs when the link fails for the respective ports.	The respective Port Usage must be set at "used"
LAN Collision Port(1-4)	Indicates the status of any collision for the respective ports	The respective Port Collision Report function must be enabled (set to "report")

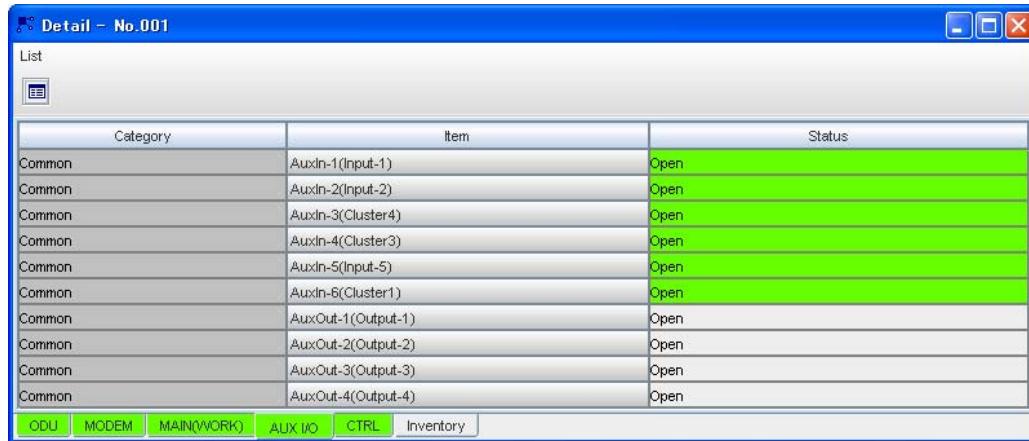
Item/Feature	Description	Specific conditions for it to be displayed/configured
Link Loss Forwarding Port (1-4)	Indicates the status of Link Loss Forwarding status for the respective ports	The Link Loss Forwarding function must be "enabled"
Speed & Duplex Port (1-4)	Indicates the status of LAN Mode (Speed & Duplex) for the respective ports	The respective Port Usage must be set to "used"
INTFC (1) In-phase	Indicates the DADE statuses of the received No.1 and No.2 signals. If the received signal delay time is out of the permissible range, an "Out-of-phase" alarm is issued	Only for 1+1 hot standby
TF Port(1-2)	Alarm issued upon detection of transmission failure.	Target Port is displayed when SFP Type Port(1-2) is SX or LX and when LAN Port(1-2) Usage is "Used".
UAE(DMR)	To activate UAS towards the direction of DMR.	None

## 2.15 Auxiliary I/O Tab

6 photocoupler input and 4-relay output settings can be selected in the IDU for external control and monitoring of alarms. The setting for each of the relay output/photocoupler inputs is available by clicking on the respective device in the Auxiliary I/O monitor window.

To monitor and set the Auxiliary I/O:

1. Click the respective **AUX I/O** field in the **PNMT main window** of the target NE.



Category	Item	Status
Common	AuxIn-1(Input-1)	Open
Common	AuxIn-2(Input-2)	Open
Common	AuxIn-3(Cluster4)	Open
Common	AuxIn-4(Cluster3)	Open
Common	AuxIn-5(Input-5)	Open
Common	AuxIn-6(Cluster1)	Open
Common	AuxOut-1(Output-1)	Open
Common	AuxOut-2(Output-2)	Open
Common	AuxOut-3(Output-3)	Open
Common	AuxOut-4(Output-4)	Open

ODU | MODEM | MAIN(WORK) | **AUX I/O** | CTRL | Inventory

**AUX. I/O window**

### 2.15.1 Monitored Items

The following items are monitored via this tab:

1. Six (6) photocoupler inputs. (Input-1 to Input-6)
2. Four (4)-relay outputs. (Output-1 to Output-4)

When Cluster ALM Setting (Input) is enabled, the following Input items can be used as Cluster ALM.

1. When Cluster1 Input is enabled, Input-6 item is used as Cluster ALM1.
2. When Cluster2 Input is enabled, Input-5 item is used as Cluster ALM2.
3. When Cluster3 Input is enabled, Input-4 item is used as Cluster ALM3.
4. When Cluster4 Input is enabled, Input-3 item is used as Cluster ALM4.

## 2.15.2 Photocoupler Input Setting

To set the photocoupler input:

1. Click the selected **[Input-n]** button in **AUX. I/O** window.
2. The input properties will be displayed in the ensuing window.

### 2.15.2.1 Setting the Selected Input to Alarm or Status

1. Enter the desired name of the selected input in the **Name** field. A maximum of 32 characters can be used.
2. Select the desired input condition in the **Condition** section. You can select from the following three (3) choices such as “the alarm is reported when **Event ON** (the selected input terminal is closed loop condition)” or “the alarm is reported when **Event OFF** (the selected input terminal is open condition)” or “the just **Status** information is reported instead of the alarm”.
3. Enter the status strings corresponding to the input condition in the **Event ON** and **Event OFF** field in the **Status Strings** section. A maximum of 32 characters can be used.
4. The alarm input severity is defined in the ITU-T X.733 Recommendation. Select the description of the **Severity**, **Alarm Type** and **Probable Cause** fields in the **X.733** section by clicking the pull-down arrow (▼) on the right-hand side of the selection field.
5. Click **[Execute]** button to save the selected settings of the device.
6. Click **[Close]** button when finished.

### 2.15.3 Relay Output Setting

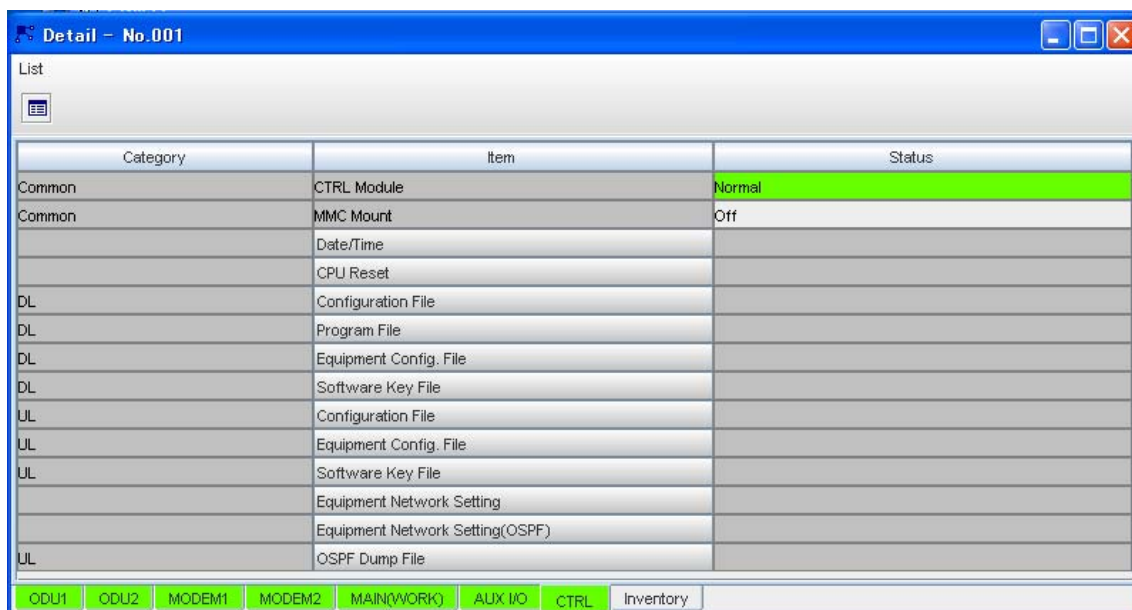
To set the relay output:

1. Click **[Output-n]** button in AUX. I/O window.
2. Enter the desired name of the selected output in the **Name** field. A maximum of 32 characters can be used.
3. To select the desired output condition of the selected relay output, select the **Event ON** (the output terminal will be in closed loop condition) or **Event OFF** button (the output terminal will be open) in the **Control** section.
4. Enter the desired status strings for the selected relay output in the appropriate **Event ON** (the output terminal will be in closed loop condition) and **Event OFF** fields (the output terminal will be open) with the **Control** section. A maximum of 32 characters can be used.
5. Click **[Execute]** button to implement the command.
6. Click **[Close]** button when finished.



## 2.16 Control (CTRL) Tab

Various control parameters can be set via the CTRL tab.



The screenshot shows a software window titled "Detail - No.001". Inside, there is a "List" section with a table of control parameters. The table has three columns: "Category", "Item", and "Status". The "CTRL" tab is selected in the bottom navigation bar, which also includes ODU1, ODU2, MODEM1, MODEM2, MAIN(WORK), AUX I/O, and Inventory.

Category	Item	Status
Common	CTRL Module	Normal
Common	MMC Mount	Off
	Date/Time	
	CPU Reset	
DL	Configuration File	
DL	Program File	
DL	Equipment Config. File	
DL	Software Key File	
UL	Configuration File	
UL	Equipment Config. File	
UL	Software Key File	
	Equipment Network Setting	
	Equipment Network Setting(OSPF)	
UL	OSPF Dump File	

**CTRL window**

### 2.16.1 Control Module

1. Click the respective **CTRL** field in the **PNMT main window** of the target NE.

The following items can be monitored and controlled in the **CTRL** window:

- CTRL Module Alarm
- MMC Mount (Yes = On/ No = Off)
- Date/Time
- CPU Reset
- Download: Configuration File
- Download: Program File
- Download: Equipment Configuration File
- Download: Software Key File
- Upload: Configuration File
- Upload: Equipment Configuration File
- Upload: Software Key File
- Upload: OSPF Dump File
- Equipment Network Setting
- Equipment Network Setting (OSPF)

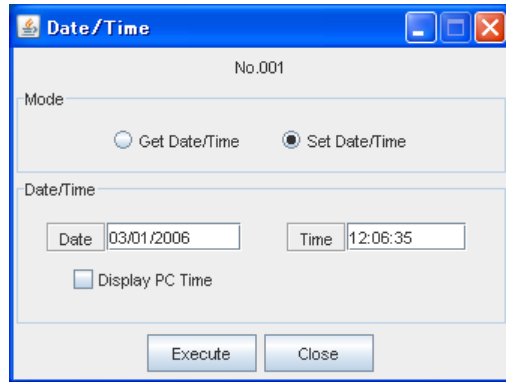


### 2.16.2 Setting the Date/Time

The Date and Time stored in Control module can be displayed and adjusted using this function.

To set the Date/Time:

1. Click the **[Date/Time]** button in the **CTRL** window.




---

#### NOTE

*To synchronize the Date and Time field values with those of the PNMT computer, click the Display PC Time box (placing a checkmark in it).*

---

2. To check the Date and Time Settings of the Control module:
  - 1) Select **Get Date/Time** in the Date/Time window.
  - 2) Click **[Execute]** button.
  - 3) The current date and time in the Control module will be displayed in the **Date** and **Time** field.
3. To set the Date and Time on the Control module:
  - 1) Select **Set Date/Time** in the Date/Time window.
  - 2) Click **[Execute]** button.
  - 3) Click **[Close]** button when done.

### 2.16.3 CPU Reset

The Control module can be reset using this function

\*The CPU Reset window is not available when MAINT is OFF.

---

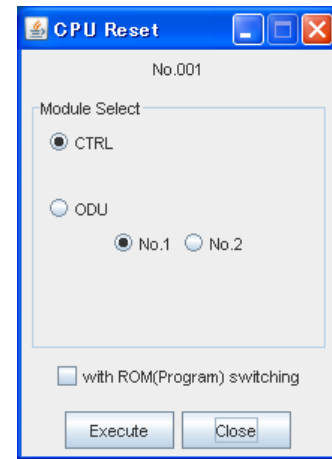
#### NOTE

*Resetting the Control module will not affect traffic. The connection to the selected NE will be disrupted for a few minutes but will be automatically restored.*

---

To reset the Control module:

1. Click the **[CPU Reset]** button in **CTRL** window.
2. You can select the “**with ROM (Program) Switching**” option if you want to switch to a newly downloaded Control module Program file.
3. Click **[Execute]** button to continue the Control module reset operation.



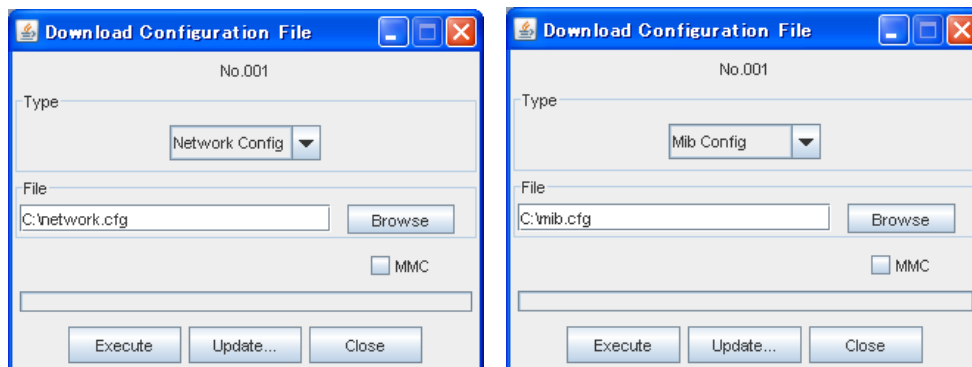
#### 2.16.4 Downloading the Configuration Files to the Control Module

This function is used to download the network configuration files from the PNMT to the Control module. The network configuration file – **pn\_network.cfg**, contains the IP address of the target NE as well as the IP address of the opposite NE and the information about the network where the target NE is located. The **pn\_mib.cfg** file contains relevant information about the equipment (i.e. name, pm type, etc.) and housekeeping (AUX. I/O).

\*This window is not available when MAINT is OFF.

To download the new configuration file to the CTRL:

1. Click [DL Configuration File] button in CTRL window.



2. Select the type of file to be downloaded in the **Type** list.
3. Enter the location of the configuration file in the **File** field, or click **[Browse]** to locate the file on the local hard disk or diskette.

---

#### **WARNING!!!**

**Make sure that the correct configuration file is downloaded to the correct Control module. An incorrect configuration file may lead to Control module or network malfunction/failure.**

---

- Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.

---

**WARNING!!!**

**While data is being transmitted, do not remove the USB cable connecting the IDU with the PC. Also, do not remove MMC card when MMC is selected.**

---

- A message window indicating the status of the operation will appear. It will close automatically once the operation is finished.

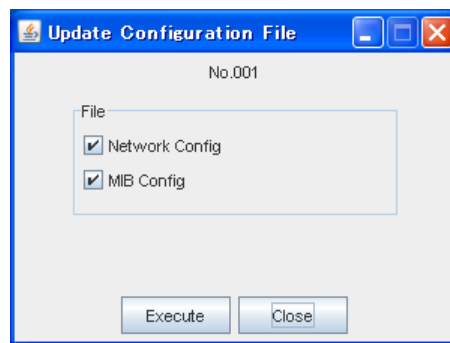
---

**WARNING:**

**Make sure that you have successfully downloaded the configuration file before executing *Update*. Otherwise the Control module will switch to an empty ROM that may cause Control module malfunction/failure.**

---

- Click the **[Update]** button to activate and save the new configuration file (s).



- Select the appropriate box for the type of configuration file to be updated. One or more configuration file(s) can be updated by checking the selection box of the configuration file name. Click **[Execute]** to start the operation.

---

**NOTE**

***When updating the pn\_network.cfg file, NE-to-NE communication will be disrupted when the Control module reinitializes to the new system configuration. This WILL NOT affect the wireless link. During this time PNMT connection to the NE will be disrupted but will automatically be restored after the Control module is reset.***

---

- Click the **[Close]** button when done.

### 2.16.5 Downloading a new Program File to the Control Module

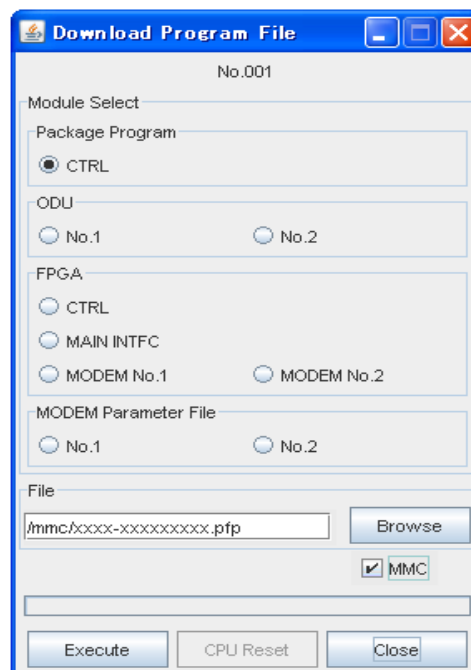
This function is used to update the application program on the Control module. This operation only affects the NMS communication but not the wireless link, and will not disrupt communication.

\*This window is not available when MAINT is OFF.

To download the program file to Control module:

1. Click the **[DL Program File]** button in **CTRL** window.
2. Select CTRL within Package Program box.
3. Enter the appropriate location of the program file (\*.pfp) in the **File** field. Otherwise, click **[Browse]** to locate the file.

To select a file within MMC, check-off MMC check box and click **[Browse]** button.



#### **WARNING!!!**

***Make sure that the correct program file is downloaded to the Control module. Incorrect program files are likely to cause malfunction***

4. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.

#### **WARNING!!!**

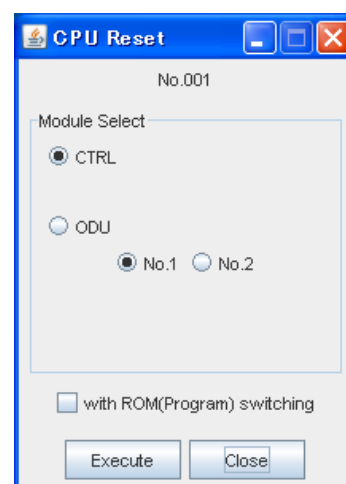
**While data is being transmitted, do not remove the USB cable connecting the IDU with the PC. Also, do not remove MMC card when MMC is selected.**

5. A message window will appear displaying the status of the operation. The message window will close automatically once the download is completed.

#### **NOTE**

***This operation may take several minutes depending on the program file size.***

6. Click the **[CPU Reset]** button to switch to the new program file.
7. Check the with ROM (Program) Switching box.
8. Click the **[Execute]** button to complete the switch to the new program file.



---

**NOTE**

***The connection to the selected NE will be disrupted for a few minutes, but will be automatically restored shortly.***

---

### 2.16.6 Downloading a new Program File to ODU

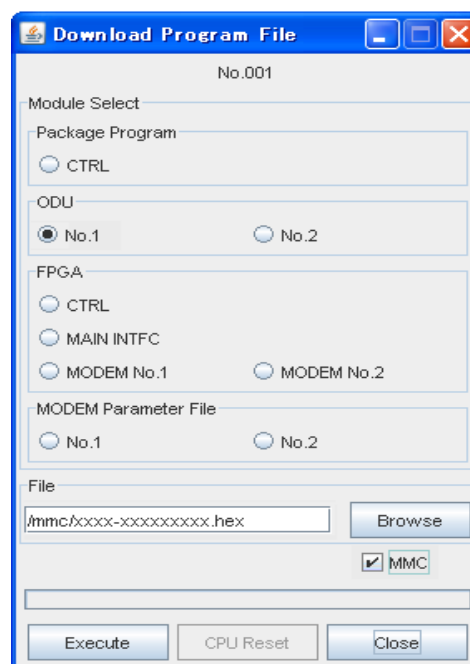
This function is used to update the application program on ODU.

\*This window is not available when MAINT is OFF.

To download the program file to ODU:

1. Click the **[DL Program File]** button in **CTRL** window.
2. Select No.1 or No.2 button in ODU box.
3. Enter the appropriate location of the program file (\*.hex) in the **File** field. Otherwise, click **[Browse]** to locate the file.

To select a file within MMC, check-off MMC check box and click **[Browse]** button.




---

**WARNING!!!**

***Make sure that the correct program file is downloaded to ODU. Incorrect program files are likely to cause malfunction.***

---

4. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.

---

**WARNING!!!**

**While data is being transmitted, do not remove the USB cable connecting the IDU with the PC. Also, do not remove MMC card when MMC is selected.**

---

5. While downloading, progress bar will be displayed. Upon completion of the download, a newly updated program will be deployed automatically.

---

**NOTE**

***This operation may take several minutes depending on the program file size.***

---

### 2.16.7 Downloading a new FPGA File to Module

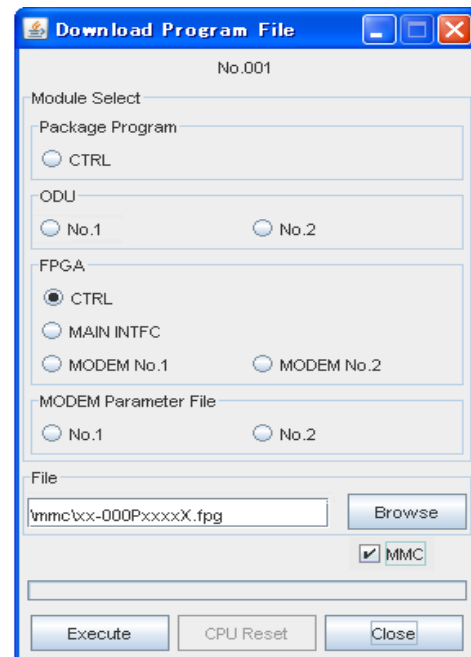
This function is used when updating FPGA of each module.

\*This window is not available when MAINT is OFF.

To download the FPGA file to module:

1. Click the **[DL Program File]** button in **CTRL** window.
2. Select the module of which the FPGA file is to be updated.
3. Enter the full path name of FPGA file (\*.fpg ) in file field. This file selection can also be done by clicking **[Browse]** and selecting out of file selection box.

In order to select a file within MMC, check-off MMC check box and click **[Browse]** button.




---

#### **WARNING!!!**

***Make sure that the correct FPGA file is downloaded to module. Incorrect FPGA files are likely to cause malfunction.***

---

Since uniquely own FPGA File name is predetermined for each module, please do not change the file name.

4. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.

---

#### **WARNING!!!**

**While data is being transmitted, do not remove the USB cable connecting the IDU with the PC. Also, do not remove MMC card when MMC is selected.**

---

5. While downloading, progress bar will be displayed. Upon completion of the download, updated FPGA File will be deployed automatically.

---

#### **NOTE**

***This operation may take several minutes depending on the FPGA file size.***

---

### 2.16.8 Downloading a new MODEM Parameter File to Module

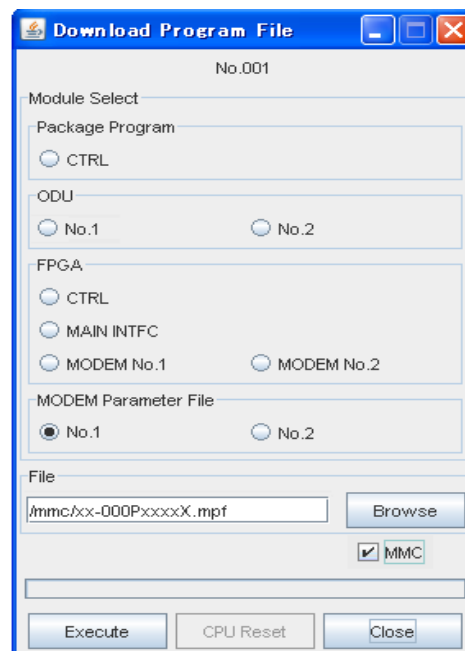
This function is used when updating MODEM Parameter.

\*This window is not available when MAINT is OFF.

To download the MODEM Parameter file to module:

1. Click the **[DL Program File]** button in **CTRL** window.
2. Select MODEM No.1 or No.2 button.
3. Enter full path name of MODEM Parameter file (\*.mpf) in file field. This file selection can also be done by clicking **[Browse]** and selecting out of file selection box.

In order to select a file within MMC, check-off MMC check box and click **[Browse]** button.




---

#### **WARNING!!!**

***Make sure that the correct MODEM Parameter file is downloaded to module. Incorrect MODEM Parameter files are likely to cause malfunction.***

---

Since uniquely own MODEM Parameter File name is predetermined for each module, please do not change the file name.

4. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.

---

#### **WARNING!!!**

**While data is being transmitted, do not remove the USB cable connecting the IDU with the PC. Also, do not remove MMC card when MMC is selected.**

---

5. Progress bar will be displayed while downloading.

---

#### **NOTE**

***This operation may take several minutes depending on the MODEM Parameter file size.***

---

6. By restarting device by following directions displayed in the window, updated MODEM Parameter files will be deployed.

### 2.16.9 Downloading the Equipment Configuration Files to the Control Module

This function is used to download equipment configuration files from the PNMT to the Control module. The equipment configuration file contains the wireless configuration data (i.e. frequency, main interface) and provisioning data (i.e. BER alarm threshold).

\*This window is not available when MAINT is OFF.

To download new configuration file to the NE:

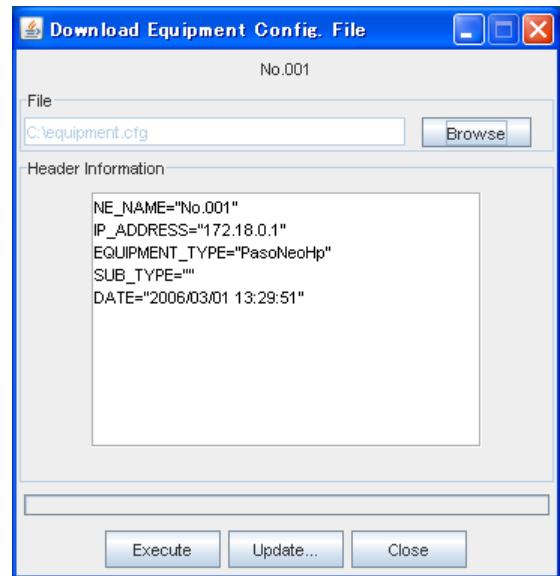
1. Click the **[DL Equipment Config. File]** button in CTRL window.
2. Click the **[Browse]** button to locate the file on the local hard disk or diskette.

---

#### **WARNING!!!**

**Make sure that the correct equipment configuration file is downloaded to the correct Control module. Incorrect configuration file is liable to cause Control module or network malfunction/failure.**

---



3. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.
4. A message window indicating the status of the operation will appear. It will close automatically once the operation is finished.

---

#### **WARNING:**

***Make sure that you have successfully downloaded the configuration file before executing Update. Otherwise the Control module will switch to an empty ROM that is liable to cause Control module malfunction/failure.***

---

5. Click the **[Update]** button to activate the new equipment configuration file. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the **update** operation.



6. Click the **[Close]** button when done.

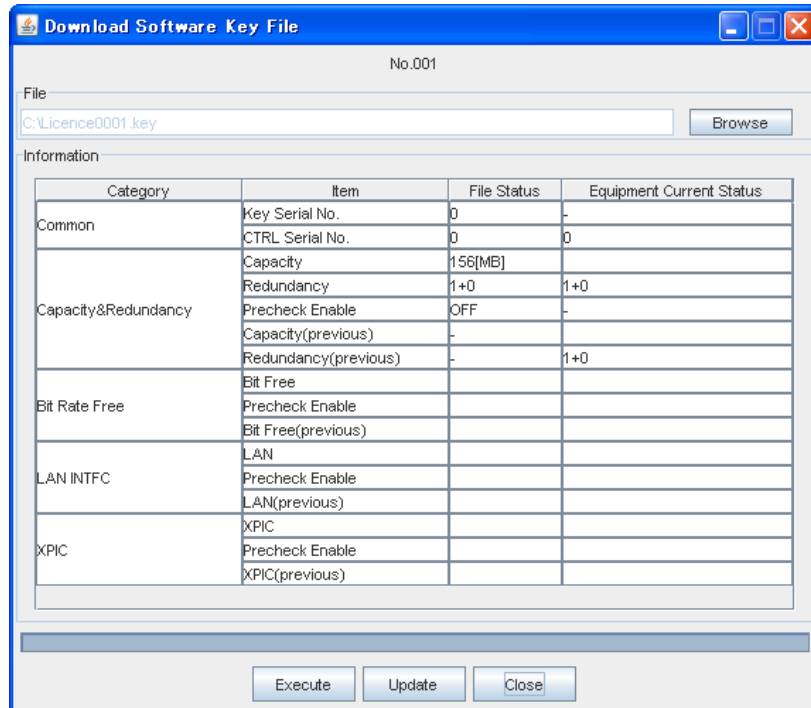


### 2.16.10 Downloading the Software Key Files

This function is used to download the Software Key file from the PNMT to the Control module. The Software Key file is used to enhance PNMT functionality.

\*This window is not available when MAINT is OFF.

To download the Software Key files:



1. Click the **[DL Software Key File]** button in CTRL window.
2. Click the **[Browse]** button to locate the file on the local hard disk or diskette.

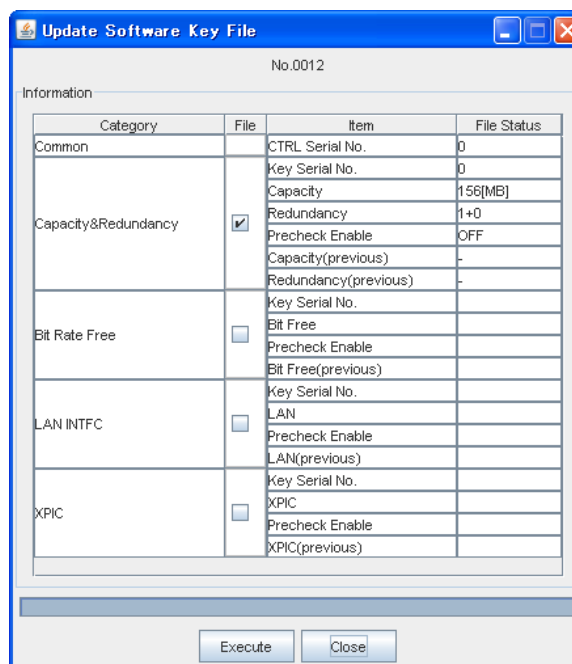
---

#### **WARNING!!!**

**Make sure that the correct Software Key file is downloaded to the correct Control module. Incorrect Software Key file is liable to cause Control module or network malfunction/failure.**

---

3. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.
4. The values of “Equipment Current Status” are updated.
5. Click the **[Update]** button to activate the new Software Key file. “Update Software Key File” window is displayed.
6. Select the File to update and click the **[Execute]** button.
7. Click the **[Close]** button when done.

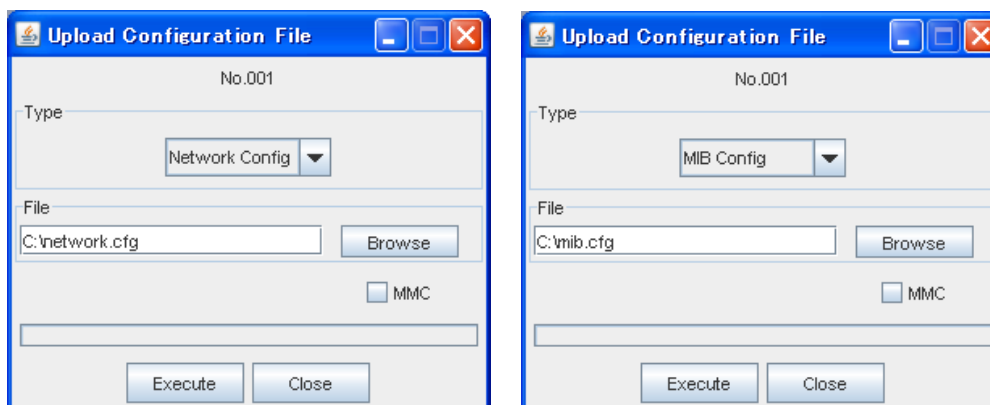


### 2.16.11 Uploading Configuration File to PNMT PC

This function is used to upload the configuration file from the Control module of the selected NE to the PNMT PC.

To upload the configuration file from the Control module to the PNMT:

1. Click the **[UL Configuration File]** button in **CTRL** window.



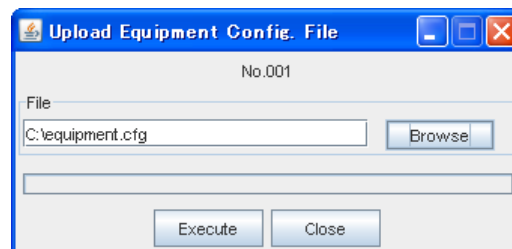
2. Select the type of file to be uploaded onto the **Type** field.
3. Enter the desired file name for the uploaded file. And select and the directory where the uploaded file is to be saved. To save a file inside of MMC, check-off MMC check box and click **[Browse]** button.
4. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.
5. A message window indicating the status of the operation will appear. It will close automatically once the operation is completed.
6. After the upload is finished, click the **[Close]** button.
7. Verify that the file was uploaded to the specified directory.

### 2.16.12 Uploading Equipment Configuration File to PNMT PC

This feature is used to upload the equipment configuration file from the Control module of the selected NE to the PNMT PC.

To upload the equipment configuration file from the Control module to the PNMT:

1. Click the **[UD Equipment Config. File]** button in CTRL window.
2. Enter the desired name for the uploaded file and select the directory where the uploaded file is to be saved.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.
4. After the upload is finished, click the **[Close]** button.
5. Verify that the file is uploaded on to the specified directory.

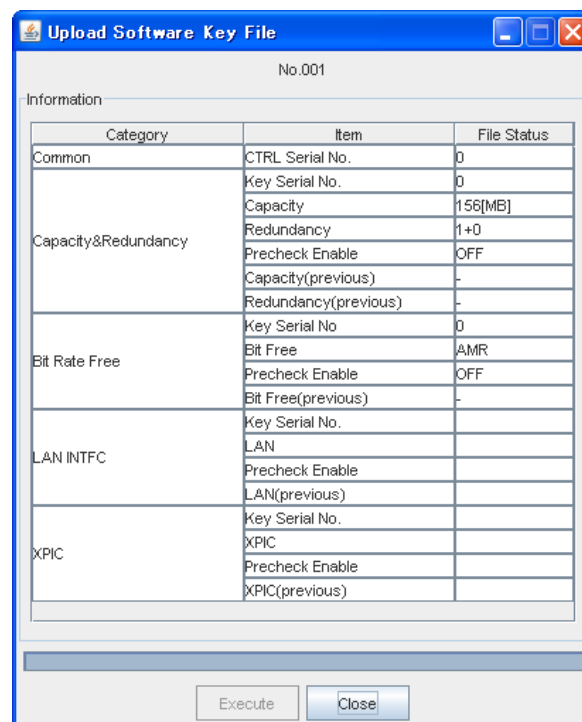


### 2.16.13 Uploading Software Key File to PNMT PC

This feature is used to upload the equipment configuration file from the Control module of the selected NE to the PNMT PC.

To upload the equipment configuration file from the Control module to the PNMT:

1. Click the **[UD Software Key File]** button in CTRL window.
2. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.
3. After the upload is finished, click the **[Close]** button.

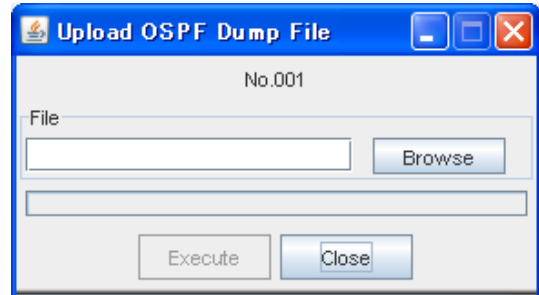


#### 2.16.14 Uploading OSPF Dump File to PNMT PC

This feature is used to upload the OSPF dump file from the Control module of the selected NE to the PNMT PC.

To upload the OSPF dump file from the Control module to the PNMT:

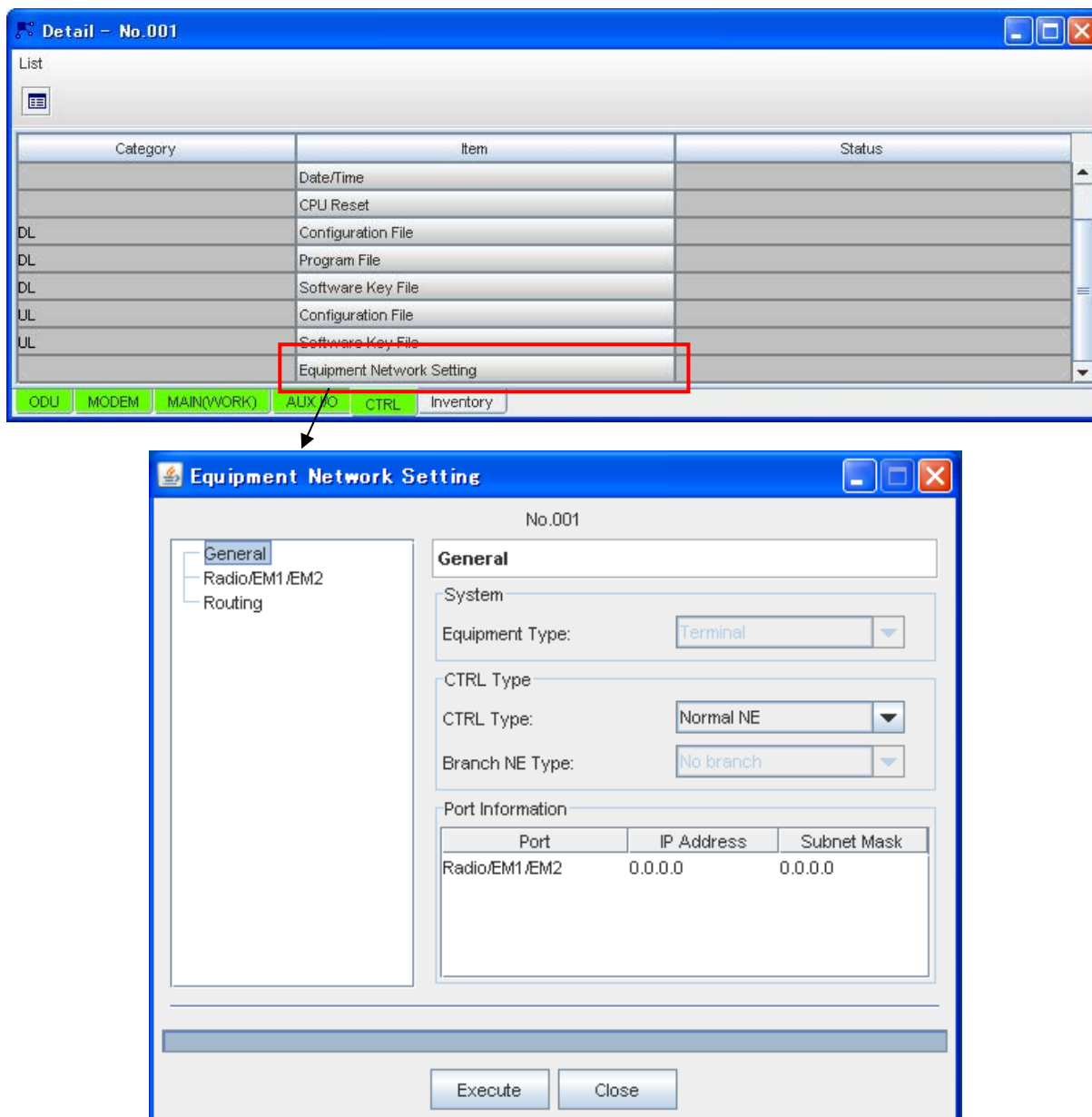
1. Click the **[UL OSPF Dump File]** button in CTRL window.
2. Enter the desired name for the uploaded file and select the directory where the uploaded file is to be saved.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to start the operation.
4. After the upload is finished, click the **[Close]** button.
5. Verify that the file was uploaded on the specified directory.



### 2.16.15 Configuring the Equipment Network Settings

In order to operate *Auto Discovery* and Network function respectively to PNMS and PNMT it is necessary to first, connect PNMT to all equipment to configure Network data.

This function is used to configure the equipment network settings (i.e. IP and routing addresses, subnet masks) using the tags in the left hand field of the Equipment Network Settings window of the selected NE for the PNMT PC.



For details, refer to **Appendix A**.

#### NOTE

*Since, the following IP addresses are reserved for NEC's Radio Equipment, they cannot be set in this window's IP address column.*

Reserved IP addresses	Item
172.17.251.XXX	Unnumbered PPP IP Address
172.17.252.XXX	Unnumbered Async/ LAN IP Address
172.17.254.253	PNMT IP Address
172.17.254.254	PNMT IP Address

## 2.16.16 Configuring the Equipment Network Settings (OSPF)

In order to operate *Auto Discovery* and Network function respectively to PNMS and PNMT it is necessary to first, connect PNMT to all equipment to configure Network data.

This function is used to configure the equipment network settings using the tags in the left hand field of the Equipment Network Settings window of the selected NE for the PNMT PC.

### OSPF Setup

The OSPF functionality is supported by PASOLINK NEO HP/A CTRL FW v2.0.3 or later. It is possible to establish connection and interoperation between the existing PASOLINK NEO HP/A (versions prior to CTRL FW v2.0.3) and OSPF-compatible PASOLINK NEO HP/A using NSSA.

However, please note that PASOLINK NEO HP equipments do not support OSPF function.

### RFC Support

The OSPF for PASOLINK NEO conforms to following RFCs within the limitations noted below:

- RFC 2328, "OSPF Version 2"

Backbone area, Transit area and Authentication are unsupported.

- RFC 1587, "The OSPF NSSA Option"

There are no restrictions.

- RFC 2370, "The OSPF Opaque LSA Option"

PASOLINK OSPF can propagate opaque LSAs but cannot originate them.

- RFC 1765, "OSPF Database Overflow"

Type-5 and Type-7<sup>1)</sup> non-default LSAs are available.

- 1) Based on RFC 1765, Type-7 non-default LSAs are supported by NEC proprietary specification.

---

### NOTE

***PASOLINK OSPF does not currently support a ring topology and the V.11 NMS interface to a router. See Appendix C for details.***

***It is necessary to configure the Static Routing Table and Default Gateway as preventive measures against the OSPF failure. See Appendix A and B for details.***

---

Detail - No.001

List

Category	Item	Status
Common	CTRL Module	Normal
Common	MMC Mount	Off
	Date/Time	
	CPU Reset	
DL	Configuration File	
DL	Program File	
DL	Software Key File	
UL	Configuration File	
UL	Software Key File	
	Equipment Network Setting	
	Equipment Network Setting(OSPF)	
UL	OSPF Dump File	

ODU MODEM MAIN(WORK) AUX I/O CTRL Inventory

Equipment Network Setting(OSPF)

No.001

General

OSPF Status

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

OSPF Router

Router ID: 172.18.0.1

Router Type

☐ Internal Router ☒ ABR ☐ ASBR

☐ Assign manually

Database overflow

Ext Lsdb Limit: -1

Exit Overflow Interval: 0

Port Information

Port	IP Address	Port assignment
Radio/EM2	172.18.0.1	Enable
PNMS(EM1)	192.168.0.1	Enable

Execute Close

### OSPF General Setting

Equipment Network Setting(OSPF)

No.001

General  
Area  
Radio/EM2  
PNMS(EM1)

**Area**

OSPF Area

Area ID: 192.168.20.1

Area Type: Normal Area

AreaAggregateNet: 0.0.0.0

AreaAggregateMask: 0.0.0.0

NSSA Ext Lsdb Limit: -1

NSSA Exit Overflow Interval: 0

OSPF Area

Area ID: 192.168.30.1

Area Type: Stub Area

AreaAggregateNet: 0.0.0.0

AreaAggregateMask: 0.0.0.0

NSSA Ext Lsdb Limit: -1

NSSA Exit Overflow Interval: 0

Execute Close

### OSPF Area Setting

---

#### NOTE

*In the case of ABR setting to connect PASOLINK network to the OSPF backbone, the Area ID must be set as "0.0.0.0" in the upper OSPF Area field.*

---



Equipment Network Setting(OSPF) No.001

General  
Area  
Radio/EM2  
PNMS(EM1)

**Radio/EM2**

☒ Port assignment  
☐ Port assignment(Virtual Interface)

Interface

IP Address: 172.18.0.1  
Area ID: 192.168.20.1  
Metric: 0  
Priority: 1  
Hello Interval: 10  
Dead Interval: 40  
Retrans Interval: 5  
Transit Delay: 1

Virtual Interface

Area ID: 192.168.20.1  
Neighbor: 0.0.0.0  
Hello Interval: 10  
Dead Interval: 60  
Retrans Interval: 5  
Transit Delay: 1

Execute Close

### OSPF Port Setting

### OSPF items

Category	Item	Description
General	OSPF Status	The administrative status of OSPF in the router. The value 'enabled' denotes that the OSPF Process is active on at least one interface; 'disabled' disables it on all interfaces.
	Internal Router	A router with all directly connected networks belonging to the same area. These routers run a single copy of the basic routing algorithm.
	ABR	A router that attaches to multiple areas. Area border routers run multiple copies of the basic algorithm, one copy for each attached area. Area border routers condense the topological information of their attached areas for distribution to the backbone. The backbone in turn distributes the information to the other areas.
	ASBR	A router that exchanges routing information with routers belonging to other Autonomous Systems. Such a router advertises AS external routing information throughout the Autonomous System. The paths to each AS boundary router are known by every router in the AS. This classification is completely independent of the previous classifications: AS boundary routers may be internal or area border routers, and may or may not participate in the backbone.

Category	Item	Description
	Ext Lsdb Limit	The maximum number of non-default AS-external-LSAs entries that can be stored in the link-state database. If the value is -1, then there is no limit. When the number of non-default AS-external-LSAs in a router's link-state database reaches ospfExtLsdbLimit, the router enters Overflow-State. The router never holds more than ospfExtLsdbLimit non-default AS-external-LSAs in its database. OspfExtLsdbLimit MUST be set identically in all routers attached to the OSPF backbone and/or any regular OSPF area. (i.e., OSPF stub areas and NSSAs are excluded).
	Exit Overflow Interval	The number of seconds that, after entering OverflowState, a router will attempt to leave OverflowState. This allows the router to again originate non-default AS-external-LSAs. When set to 0, the router will not leave Overflow-State until restarted.
Area	Area ID	A 32-bit integer uniquely identifying an area. Area ID 0.0.0.0 is used for the OSPF backbone.
	Area Type	The area's support for importing AS external link- state advertisements.
	AreaAggregateNet	The IP Address of the Net or Subnet indicated by the range.
	AreaAggregateMask	The Subnet Mask that pertains to the Net or Subnet.
	NSSA Ext Lsdb Limit	The maximum number of non-default NSSA-external-LSAs entries that can be stored in the link-state database. If the value is -1, then there is no limit. When the number of non-default NSSA-external-LSAs in a router's link-state database reaches ospfNSSAExtLsdbLimit, the router enters Overflow-State. The router never holds more than ospfNSSAExtLsdbLimit non-default NSSA-external-LSAs in its database. OspfNSSAExtLsdbLimit MUST be set identically in all routers attached to the OSPF not-so-stubby area (NSSA).
	NSSA Exit Overflow Interval	The number of seconds that, after entering OverflowState, a router will attempt to leave OverflowState. This allows the router to again originate non-default NSSA-external-LSAs. When set to 0, the router will not leave Overflow-State until restarted.
Port Interface	Area ID	A 32-bit integer uniquely identifying the area to which the interface connects. Area ID 0.0.0.0 is used for the OSPF backbone.
	Metric	The metric of using this type of service on this interface. The default value of the TOS 0 Metric is $10^8$ / ifSpeed.
	Priority	The priority of this interface. Used in multi-access networks, this field is used in the designated router election algorithm. The value 0 signifies that the router is not eligible to become the designated router on this particular network. In the event of a tie in this value, routers will use their Router ID as a tie breaker.
	Hello Interval	The length of time, in seconds, between the Hello packets that the router sends on the interface. This value must be the same for all routers attached to a common network.
	Dead Interval	The number of seconds that a router's Hello packets have not been seen before it's neighbors declare the router down. This should be some multiple of the Hello interval. This value must be the same for all routers attached to a common network.
	Retrans Interval	The number of seconds between link-state advertisement retransmissions, for adjacencies belonging to this interface. This value is also used when retransmitting database description and link-state request packets.
	Transit Delay	The estimated number of seconds it takes to transmit a link state update packet over this interface.
Port Virtual Interface	Area ID	The Transit Area that the Virtual Link traverses. By definition, this is not 0.0.0.0
	Neighbor	The Router ID of the Virtual Neighbor.

Category	Item	Description
	Hello Interval	The length of time, in seconds, between the Hello packets that the router sends on the interface. This value must be the same for the virtual neighbor.
	Dead Interval	The number of seconds that a router's Hello packets have not been seen before it's neighbors declare the router down. This should be some multiple of the Hello interval. This value must be the same for the virtual neighbor.
	Retrans Interval	The number of seconds between link-state advertisement retransmissions, for adjacencies belonging to this interface. This value is also used when retransmitting database description and link-state request packets. This value should be well over the expected roundtrip time.
	Transit Delay	The estimated number of seconds it takes to transmit a link state update packet over this interface.

## 2.17 Maintenance

There are several maintenance control items that can be set during *Maintenance Mode*.

The function of each control is as follows. (These windows are not available when MAINT is OFF. "Switch to Maintenance mode first" is displayed).

Maintenance:	To switch Maintenance mode to ON
TX SW Manual Control:	To control the TX switch manually (Only during hot-standby)
RX SW Manual Control:	To control the RX switch manually (Only for 1 + 1 systems)
ATPC Manual Control:	Allows optional transmitting power when ATPC is in operation
TX Mute Control <sup>*1 *2</sup> :	To set TX Mute Control
CW Control <sup>*1</sup> :	To turn on the Carrier Wave for measurements
IF Loopback <sup>*1</sup> :	To pinpoint faulty sections causing signal interruption
DADE Adjust:	Select the DADE for Hot-Standby configuration to bring INTFC status back in phase
Main E1 CH-Loopback-1: (CH01-CH16)	Allows the pinpointing of faulty sections causing signal interruption
Main E1 CH-Loopback-2: (CH01-CH16)	Same as above
XPIC Control	To temporarily interrupt XPIC (when XPIC is available)
TX Modulation Manual Control <sup>*1</sup> :	Used to temporarily lock-in transmission modulation scheme under AMR Mode.
LAN Device Reset:	Resets LAN INTFC ports (when LAN Port setting is "used")
RF Setting <sup>*1</sup> :	To change the ODU sub band for the wireless link according to the RF frequency allocation
Antenna Alignment Mode <sup>*1 *2</sup> :	To turn on Antenna Alignment Mode (only available for specific ODU type)
X-DEM Delay Adjust <sup>*1</sup> :	To adjust the transmission delay between Main Master and Sub Master caused by XPIC. (Available only when XPIC is in use.)

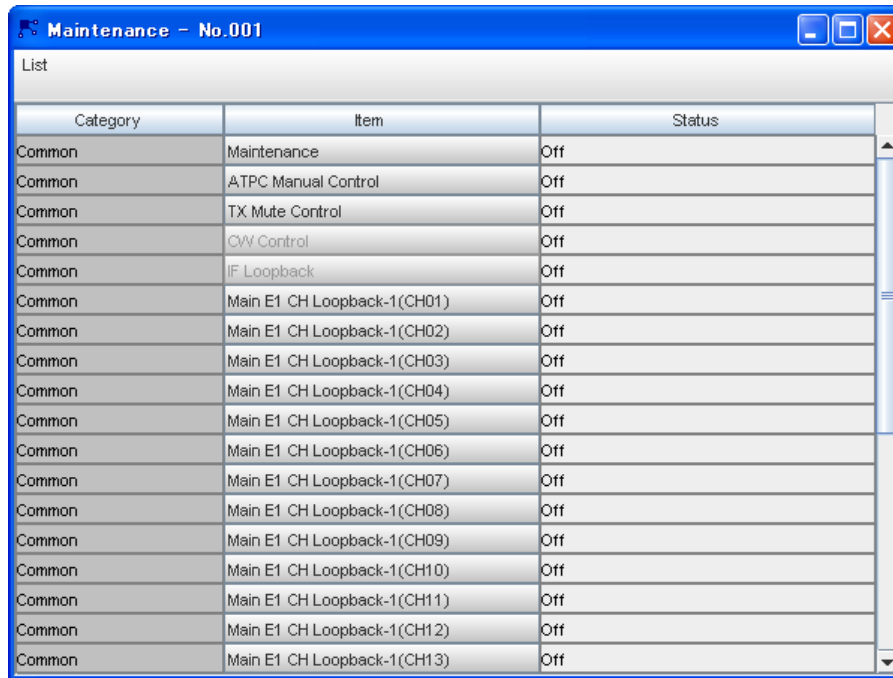
**\*1** - Operation is possible only when NE directly connected to PNMT appears in "Selected Network Element" side.

**\*2** - Operation is possible only when NE opposite to the one directly connected to PNMT appears in "opposite Network Element" side.

### 2.17.1 Selecting Maintenance

To open the Maintenance window:

1. Select **Configuration** → **Maintenance** in the NE-specific menu bar.



Category	Item	Status
Common	Maintenance	Off
Common	ATPC Manual Control	Off
Common	TX Mute Control	Off
Common	CW Control	Off
Common	IF Loopback	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH01)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH02)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH03)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH04)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH05)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH06)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH07)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH08)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH09)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH10)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH11)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH12)	Off
Common	Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH13)	Off

This window contains the setup information for MAINT and several maintenance control items that need to be set during *Maintenance Mode*. The **Maintenance** window is shown below.

### 2.17.2 Mode

To switch the NE to maintenance mode:

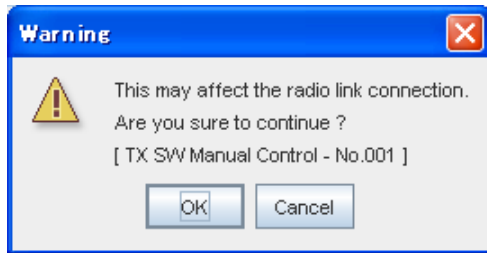
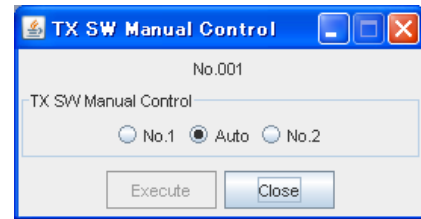
1. Click **[Maintenance]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select on **ON/OFF** depending on desired state.
3. Click the **[Execute]** to implement the command.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.17.3 TX SW Manual Control (for Hot Stand-by system only)

To control the TX switch manually:

1. Click **[TX SW Manual Control]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select the TX system that you want to use. The default setting is **Auto**.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to switch to the selected TX system.



#### CAUTION:

**When TX SW Manual Control is changed from the default setting (Auto) to either No.1 or No.2, this confirmation message appears.**

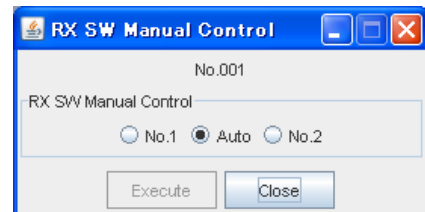
**If the TX SW Manual Control has been manually switched to either No.1 or No.2, the confirmation message will NOT appear. However, this operation still may affect the radio link.**

4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

### 2.17.4 RX SW Manual Control (for 1+1 system only)

To control the RX switch manually:

1. Click the **[RX SW Manual Control]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select the desired RX wireless system. The default setting is **Auto**.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to switch to the RX selected system.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

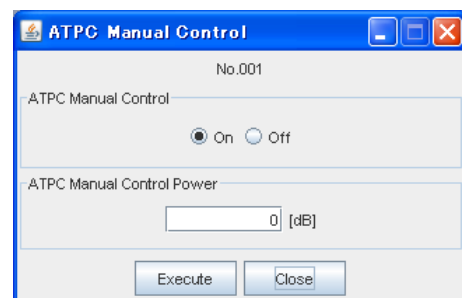


### 2.17.5 ATPC Manual Control

Use when an optional transmitting power is required during ATPC operation.

To set the ATPC Manual:

1. Click **[ATPC Manual]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select whether to manually turn **ON** (or **OFF**) ATPC manual power and the desired decibel value.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to activate the new setting.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.17.6 TX Mute Control

TX power of the ODU is switched off when TX Mute is ON. This should be OFF in normal operation

To change the TX Mute status:

1. Click **[TX Mute Control]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select **ON/OFF** depending on the desired state.
3. When setting the opposite NE, also select **TX Release Time** in the **TX Mute Release Time** list.
4. Click the **[Execute]** button to implement the command.
5. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.17.7 CW Control

When taking frequency measurements, the CW should be turned ON to have an unmodulated signal. During normal operation, this status should be OFF.

To change the CW (MOD Carrier) status:

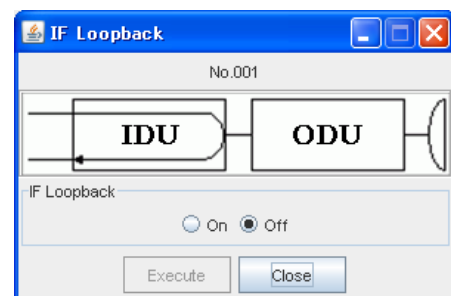
1. Click **[CW Control]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select **ON/OFF** depending on desired state.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to implement the operation.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.17.8 IF Loopback

ODU or IDU faults can be pinpointed by looping back the MUX signal at the IF.

1. Click the **[IF LoopBack]** button in the **Maintenance** window.
2. Select **ON** to activate the loopback.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to activate the loopback.
4. Click **[Close]** button when finished.

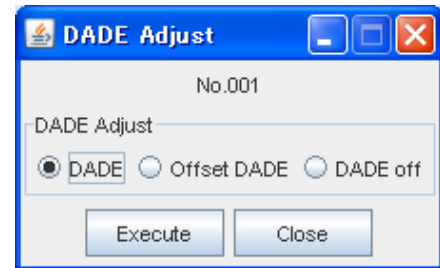


### 2.17.9 DADE Adjust

DADE adjustment is necessary when the IF cable is to be replaced. (At initial start-up the offset memory can be used to minimize the delay, but it may interrupt traffic when the delay is substantial).

To conduct DADE adjustment:

1. Click **[DADE Adjust]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select (click) the desired state: “**DADE**”, “**Offset DADE**”, or “**DADE off**”.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to activate the command.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

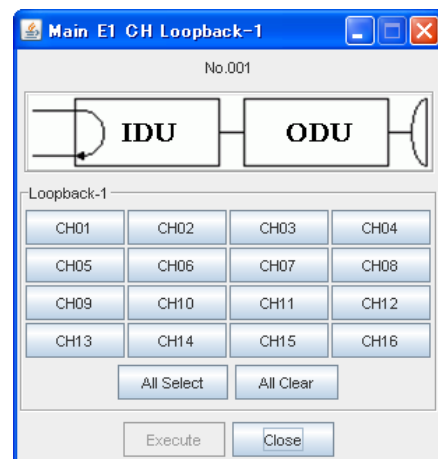


### 2.17.10 Main E1 CH Loopback-1(CH01-CH16)

This allows the signal sent from your selected NE to be looped back (to that NE) via the INTFC.

To set the loopback:

1. Click the **[Main E1 CH Loopback-1]** button in the **Maintenance** window.
2. Select the channel (01 – 16).
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply the loopback.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

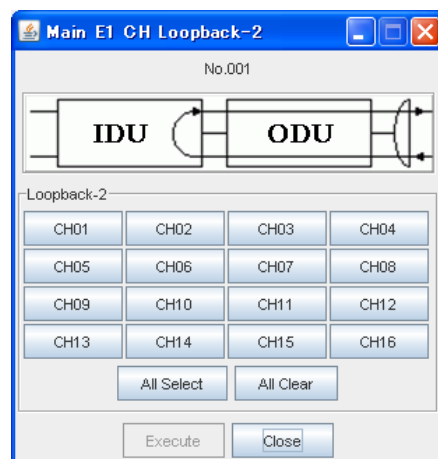


### 2.17.11 Main E1 CH Loopback-2(CH01-CH16)

This allows the signal sent from the opposite NE to be looped back (to that NE) from your selected NE via the INTFC.

To set the loopback:

1. Click the **[Main E1 CH Loopback-2]** button in the **Maintenance** window.
2. Select the channel (01 – 16).
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply the loopback.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

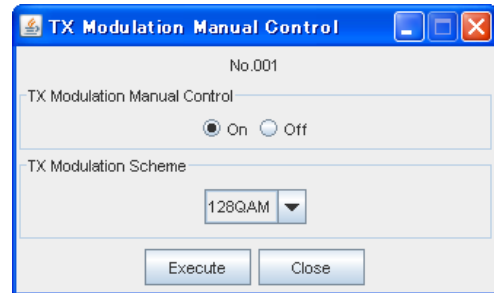




### 2.17.12 TX Modulation Manual Control

This allows temporally lock-in of transmission modulation scheme under AMR mode.

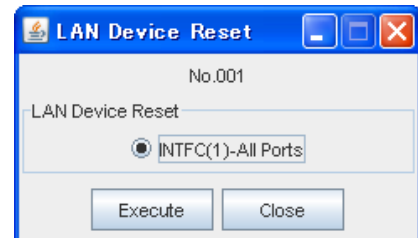
1. Click the **[TX Modulation Manual Control]** button in the **Maintenance** window.
2. Select **ON** or **OFF**.
3. When ON is selected for **[TX Modulation Manual Control]**, select desired modulation scheme from **[TX Modulation Scheme]** selection to lock-in.
4. Click **[Execute]** button to apply the setup.
5. Click **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.17.13 LAN Device Reset

To reset Ports of LAN INTFC interface:

1. Click [LAN Device Reset] button in Maintenance window.
2. Select port to reset.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to reset LAN ports.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

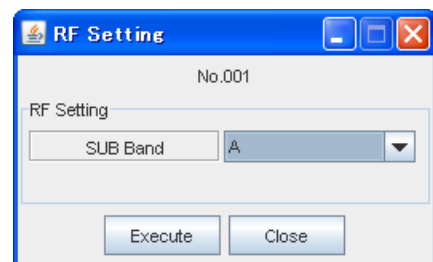


### 2.17.14 RF Setting

Sub Band of ODU can be selected

To select Sub Band:

1. Click [RF Setting SUB Band] button in Maintenance window.
2. Select the type of Sub Band in the **Sub Band** list.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to implement the command.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

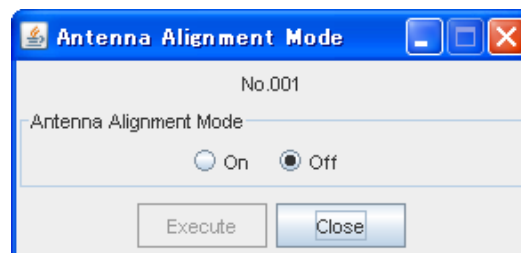


### 2.17.15 Antenna Alignment Mode (only available for specific ODU type)

The Antenna Alignment Mode is used for extending the dynamic range of the RX LEVEL MONITOR (ODU). This function is only available for a specific ODU type.

To set Antenna Alignment Mode:

1. Click **[Antenna Alignment Mode]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select **ON/OFF**.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to activate the new setting.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.17.16 XPIC Control

This feature is used to temporarily interrupt XPIC.

To set XPIC Control:

1. Click the **[XPIC Control]** button in **Maintenance** window.
2. Select **[Forced Reset]**.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to activate this command.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

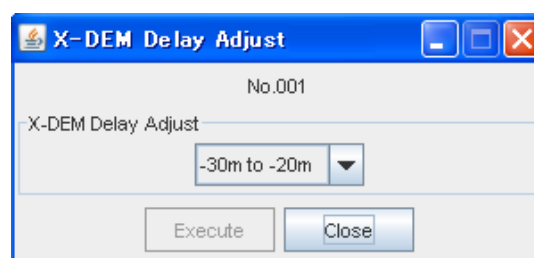


### 2.17.17 X-DEM Delay Adjust

This feature is used to adjust transmission delay between Main Master and Sub Master.

To set X-DEM delay Adjust:

1. Click the **[X-DEM Delay Adjust]** button in Maintenance window.
2. Select **[Forced Reset]**.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to activate this command.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.




---

#### **CAUTION:**

***When the value is changed to adjust delay, the value for the matching NE in pair must also be adjusted.***

---

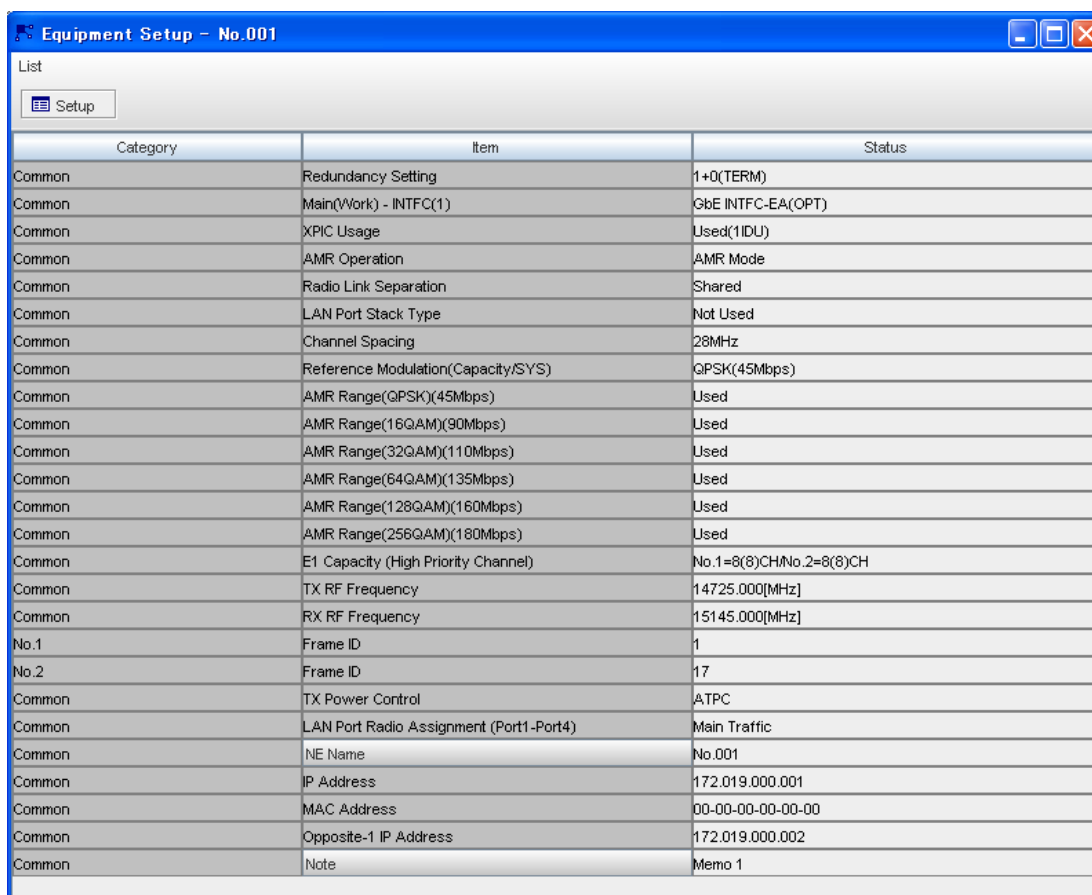
## 2.18 Equipment Setup

Main and Service signal, ODU and CTRL settings can be monitored as well as controlled via this window.

### 2.18.1 Equipment Configuration window

To open the Equipment Configuration Monitor:

1. Select **Configuration → Equipment Setup** in the NE-specific menu bar.
2. This window contains the setup information and control parameters for the ODU and the IDU. The **Equipment Setup** window is shown below.

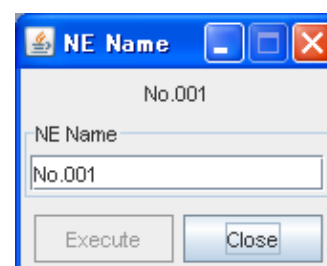


Category	Item	Status
Common	Redundancy Setting	1+0(TERM)
Common	Main(Work) - INTFC(1)	GbE INTFC-EA(OPT)
Common	XPIC Usage	Used(1IDU)
Common	AMR Operation	AMR Mode
Common	Radio Link Separation	Shared
Common	LAN Port Stack Type	Not Used
Common	Channel Spacing	28MHz
Common	Reference Modulation(Capacity/SYS)	QPSK(45Mbps)
Common	AMR Range(QPSK)(45Mbps)	Used
Common	AMR Range(16QAM)(90Mbps)	Used
Common	AMR Range(32QAM)(110Mbps)	Used
Common	AMR Range(64QAM)(135Mbps)	Used
Common	AMR Range(128QAM)(160Mbps)	Used
Common	AMR Range(256QAM)(180Mbps)	Used
Common	E1 Capacity (High Priority Channel)	No.1=8(8)CHNo.2=8(8)CH
Common	TX RF Frequency	14725.000[MHz]
Common	RX RF Frequency	15145.000[MHz]
No.1	Frame ID	1
No.2	Frame ID	17
Common	TX Power Control	ATPC
Common	LAN Port Radio Assignment (Port1-Port4)	Main Traffic
Common	NE Name	No.001
Common	IP Address	172.019.000.001
Common	MAC Address	00-00-00-00-00-00
Common	Opposite-1 IP Address	172.019.000.002
Common	Note	Memo 1

**Equipment Setup window**

To edit the NE name:

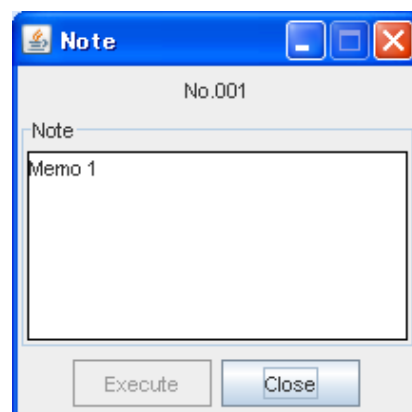
1. Click **[NE Name]** button in **Equipment Setup** window.
2. Enter new NE name in the **NE Name** dialog box. A maximum of 32 characters can be used.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to change to new name.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.18.2 Editing the Note for CTRL

To put an optional description on the current NE:

1. Click **[Note]** button in **Equipment Setup** window.
2. Enter the optional description for the specific NE in the **Note** dialog box. A maximum of 100 characters can be used in this field.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button when finished.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.18.3 Setup

Setting the ODU and IDU parameters:

1. Click the **[Setup]** button in the **Equipment Setup** window and another **Equipment Setup** window (for verifying the settings) opens.

Equipment Setup		No.001	
Redundancy Setting	1+0(TERM)	Inserted Module	Main(Work) - INTFC(1)
Main(Work) - INTFC(1)	GbE INTFC-EA	LAN Port Radio Assignment (Port1-Port4)	Main Traffic
XPIC Usage	Not Used		
AMR Operation	AMR Mode		
Channel Spacing	28MHz		
Reference Modulation	QPSK(45Mbps)		
-No.1			
AMR Range			
QPSK(45Mbps)	Used		
16QAM(90Mbps)	Used		
32QAM(110Mbps)	Used		
64QAM(135Mbps)	Used		
128QAM(160Mbps)	Used		
256QAM(180Mbps)	Used		
Upper/Lower	Lower		
TX Start Frequency	14725.000 [MHz]		
TX Stop Frequency	14844.000 [MHz]		
RX Start Frequency	- [MHz]		
RX Stop Frequency	- [MHz]		
TX RF Frequency	500.000 [MHz]		
RX RF Frequency	449.500 [MHz]		
Shift Frequency	420.000 [MHz]		
Frequency Channel			
Frame ID	1		
-No.2			
AMR Range			
QPSK			
16QAM			
32QAM			
64QAM			
128QAM			
256QAM			
Upper/Lower			
TX Start Frequency			[MHz]
TX Stop Frequency			[MHz]
RX Start Frequency			[MHz]
RX Stop Frequency			[MHz]
TX RF Frequency			[MHz]
RX RF Frequency			[MHz]
Shift Frequency			[MHz]
Frequency Channel			
Frame ID			
TX Power Control	ATPC		
E1 Capacity (High Priority Channel)	16(16)CH		
<input type="button" value="Configure..."/> <input type="button" value="Execute"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/>			

**Equipment Setup Window (to verify settings)**

**Equipment Setup** No.001

Equipment Setup

Redundancy Setting: 1+0(TERM)

Main(Work) - INTFC(1): GbE INTFC-EA(OPT)

Inserted Module: Main(Work) - INTFC(1): GbE INTFC-EA(Copper)

LAN Port Radio Assignment (Port1-Port4): Main Traffic

XPIC Usage: Used(1DU)

Radio Link Separation: Shared

LAN Port Stack Type: Not Used

AMR Operation: AMR Mode

Channel Spacing: 28MHz

Reference Modulation(Capacity/SYS): QPSK(45Mbps)

No.1

AMR Range(Capacity/SYS)

QPSK(45Mbps)	Used
16QAM(90Mbps)	Used
32QAM(110Mbps)	Used
64QAM(135Mbps)	Used
128QAM(160Mbps)	Used
256QAM(180Mbps)	Used

Upper/Lower: Lower

TX Start Frequency: 14725.000 [MHz]

TX Stop Frequency: 14844.000 [MHz]

RX Start Frequency: [MHz]

RX Stop Frequency: [MHz]

TX RF Frequency: 14725.000 [MHz]

RX RF Frequency: 15145.000 [MHz]

Shift Frequency: 420.000 [MHz]

Frequency Channel: [MHz]

Frame ID: 1

TX Power Control: ATPC

E1 Capacity (High Priority Channel): No.1=8(8)CH/No.2=8(8)CH

No.2

AMR Range

QPSK	
16QAM	
32QAM	
64QAM	
128QAM	
256QAM	

Upper/Lower: [MHz]

TX Start Frequency: [MHz]

TX Stop Frequency: [MHz]

RX Start Frequency: [MHz]

RX Stop Frequency: [MHz]

TX RF Frequency: [MHz]

RX RF Frequency: [MHz]

Shift Frequency: [MHz]

Frequency Channel: [MHz]

Frame ID: 17

Configure... Execute Close

### AMR Operation: AMR Mode

**Equipment Setup** No.001

Equipment Setup

Redundancy Setting: 1+0(TERM)

Main(Work) - INTFC(1): GbE INTFC-EA(OPT)

Inserted Module: Main(Work) - INTFC(1): GbE INTFC-EA(Copper)

LAN Port Radio Assignment (Port1-Port4): Main Traffic

XPIC Usage: Used(1DU)

Radio Link Separation: Shared

LAN Port Stack Type: Not Used

AMR Operation: Fixed Modulation Mode

Channel Spacing: 28MHz

Reference Modulation(Capacity/SYS): QPSK(45Mbps)

No.1

Upper/Lower: Lower

TX Start Frequency: 14725.000 [MHz]

TX Stop Frequency: 14844.000 [MHz]

RX Start Frequency: [MHz]

RX Stop Frequency: [MHz]

TX RF Frequency: 14725.000 [MHz]

RX RF Frequency: 15145.000 [MHz]

Shift Frequency: 420.000 [MHz]

Frequency Channel: [MHz]

Frame ID: 1

TX Power Control: ATPC

E1 Capacity (High Priority Channel): No.1=8(8)CH/No.2=8(8)CH

No.2

Upper/Lower: [MHz]

TX Start Frequency: [MHz]

TX Stop Frequency: [MHz]

RX Start Frequency: [MHz]

RX Stop Frequency: [MHz]

TX RF Frequency: [MHz]

RX RF Frequency: [MHz]

Shift Frequency: [MHz]

Frequency Channel: [MHz]

Frame ID: 17

Configure... Execute Close

### AMR Operation: Fixed Modulation Mode

2. Clicking Configure opens the Setup Wizard(1).

**Equipment Setup Wizard**

Modify the equipment configuration settings.  
This Wizard facilitates modification of the equipment configuration settings.  
To continue, click [Next].

Redundancy Setting: 1+Q(TERM)

Main(Work) - INTFC(1): GbE INTFC-EA(OPT)

XPIC Usage: Used(1IDU)

AMR Operation: ☒ Fixed Modulation Mode ☐ AMR Mode

Radio Link Separation: Shared

LAN Port Stack Type: Not Used

Inserted Module: Main(Work) - INTFC(1) GbE INTFC-EA(Copper)

LAN Port Radio Assignment (Port1-Port4): Main Traffic

< Back Next > Cancel

**Setup Wizard(1)**

3. The settings in the window can now be configured. To continue click **[Next]**.

**Equipment Setup Wizard**

Modify the equipment configuration settings.

No.1

Channel Spacing: 28MHz

Reference Modulation(Capacity/SYS): QPSK(45Mbps)

AMR Range(Capacity/SYS)

QPSK(45Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Used
16QAM(90Mbps)	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
32QAM(110Mbps)	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
64QAM(135Mbps)	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
128QAM(160Mbps)	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
256QAM(180Mbps)	<input type="checkbox"/> Used

No.2

Channel Spacing:

Reference Modulation:

AMR Range

QPSK	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
16QAM	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
32QAM	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
64QAM	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
128QAM	<input type="checkbox"/> Used
256QAM	<input type="checkbox"/> Used

E1 Capacity (High Priority Channel): No.1=8(8)CH/No.2=8(8)...

< Back Next > Cancel

**Setup Wizard(2)**

4. The settings in the window can now be configured. To continue click **[Next]**.

**Equipment Setup Wizard**

Modify the equipment configuration settings.

No.1

Upper/Lower	Upper
TX Start Frequency	100.000 [MHz]
TX Stop Frequency	1632.001 [MHz]
RX Start Frequency	- [MHz]
RX Stop Frequency	- [MHz]
TX RF Frequency	500.000 [MHz]
RX RF Frequency	449.500 [MHz]
Shift Frequency	50.500 [MHz]
Frequency Channel	

Frame ID: 1

TX Power Control: ATPC

No.2

Upper/Lower	
TX Start Frequency	[MHz]
TX Stop Frequency	[MHz]
RX Start Frequency	[MHz]
RX Stop Frequency	[MHz]
TX RF Frequency	[MHz]
RX RF Frequency	[MHz]
Shift Frequency	[MHz]
Frequency Channel	

Frame ID:

< Back    Next >    Cancel

### Setup Wizard(3)

5. To complete the configuration procedure, click **[Next]** and in the ensuing window click **[Finish]**.
6. This will take you back to the **Equipment Setup** window (for verifying the settings). Carefully confirm that the settings are correct and click **[Execute]** to activate them.

7. The following is an overview of the configurable items/parameters:

<b>Redundancy setting:</b>	To select the desired redundancy setting
<b>Main (Work)-INTFC (1):</b>	To select the desired work interface.
<b>XPIC Usage:</b>	To select the XPIC Usage (where supported)
<b>Radio Link Separation:</b>	To select the Radio Link Separation (where supported)
<b>LAN Port Stack Type:</b>	To select the LAN Port Stack Type (where supported)
<b>AMR Operation:</b>	To select AMR usage.
<b>LAN Port Radio Assignment (Port1-Port4):</b>	Only Main Traffic.
<b>Inserted module:</b>	This function is only enabled when the interface setting and the actually inserted module do not match. It allows the setting to be updated to match the inserted module
<b>Channel Spacing:</b>	To select Channel Spacing.
<b>Reference Modulation (Capacity/SYS):</b>	Modulation scheme is selected. With AMR Mode, modulation scheme selected here will be referred to as the reference value.
<b>E1 Capacity (High Priority Channel):</b>	The number of E1 Channel to be used is selected.
<b>TX RF Frequency:</b>	The transmission frequency can be set within the range designated by the <b>TX Start</b> and <b>TX Stop</b> frequencies
<b>Frequency Channel:</b>	Enables the TX and RX frequencies for the channels to be set (as described below)
<b>Frame ID:</b>	Identification code for the transmission frames
<b>TX Power Control:</b>	The type of power control is set here



#### 2.18.4 Frequency Channel

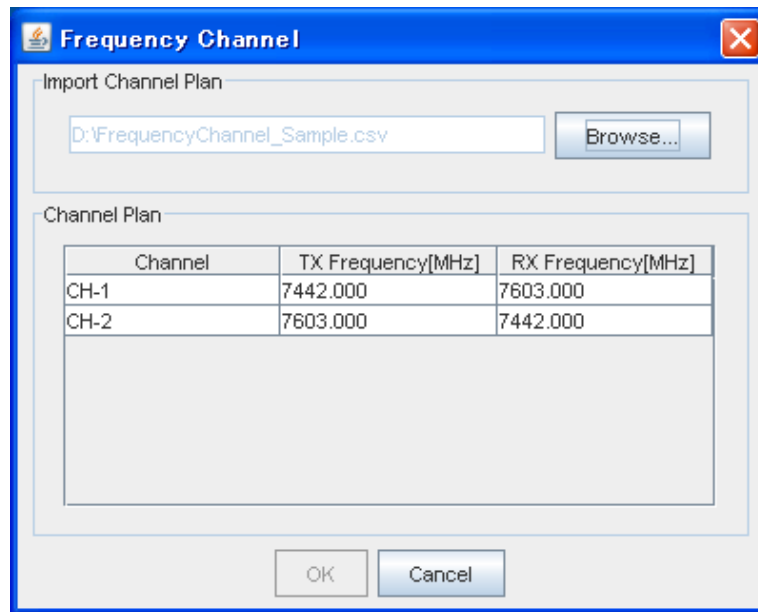
1. **[Explain how to open Frequency Channel window.]** To open [Frequency Channel] Window, click [Frequency Channel] of Setup Wizard (3).
2. Click the **[Browse]** to locate the Channel plan file on the local hard disk.
3. Select Channel and click **[OK]**, then TX and RX frequency corresponding to the channel will be set.

Frequency channel file format is **csv**, including channel name, TX frequency and RX frequency.

Examples

CH-1, 7442.000, 7603.000

CH-2, 7603.000, 7442.000



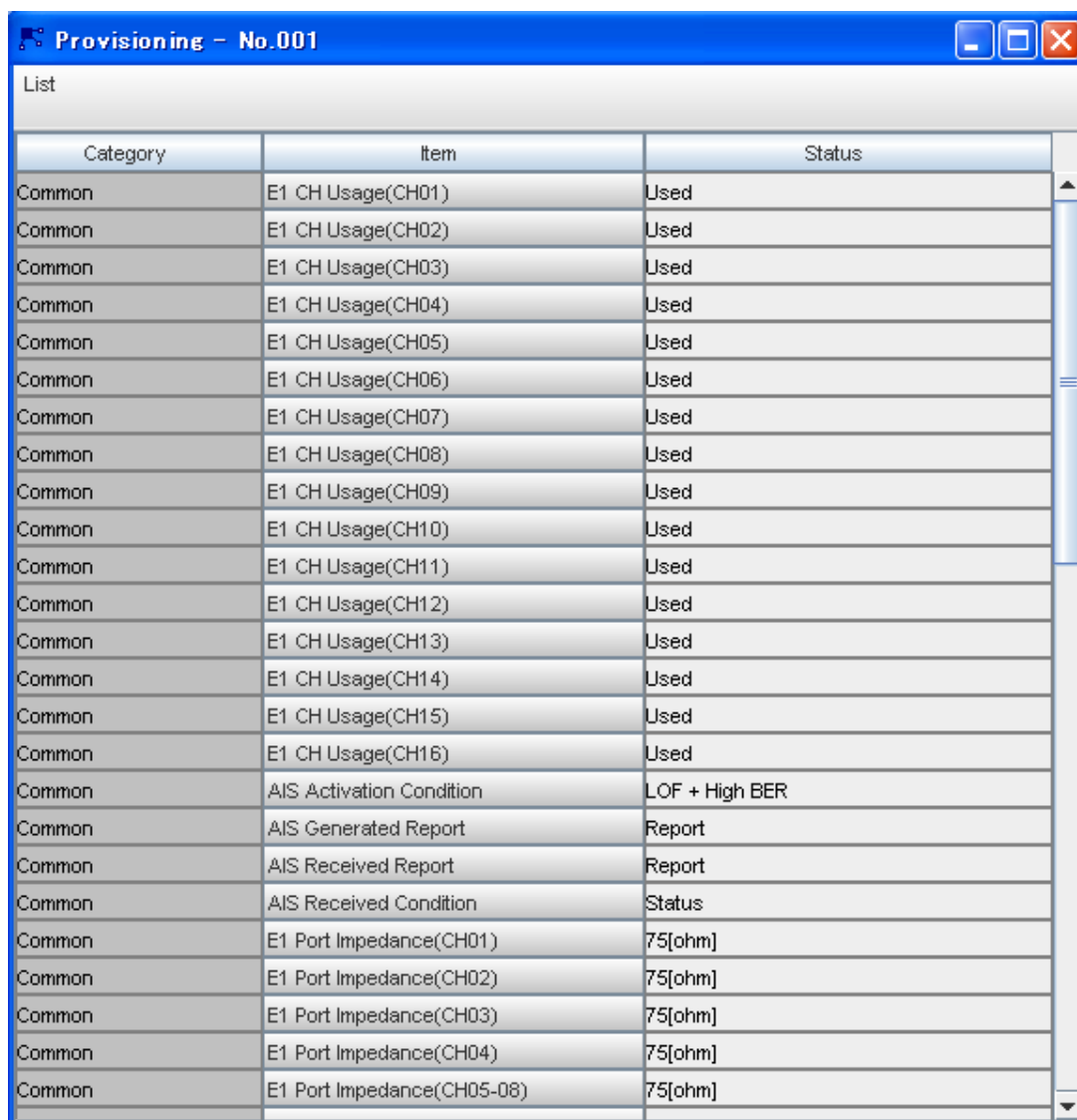
## 2.19 Provisioning

This window enables the main interface (MAIN INTFC), SC Assignment, MTPC / ATPC parameters, as well as error rate and other thresholds to be set.

### Provisioning window

To open the Provisioning window:

1. Select **Configuration → Provisioning** in the NE-specific menu bar.
2. This window contains the setup information of the MTPC, ATPC, BER Alarm Threshold, Cluster ALM Setting (Input), SC and Assignment. The **Provisioning** window is shown below.



Category	Item	Status
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH01)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH02)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH03)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH04)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH05)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH06)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH07)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH08)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH09)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH10)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH11)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH12)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH13)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH14)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH15)	Used
Common	E1 CH Usage(CH16)	Used
Common	AIS Activation Condition	LOF + High BER
Common	AIS Generated Report	Report
Common	AIS Received Report	Report
Common	AIS Received Condition	Status
Common	E1 Port Impedance(CH01)	75[ohm]
Common	E1 Port Impedance(CH02)	75[ohm]
Common	E1 Port Impedance(CH03)	75[ohm]
Common	E1 Port Impedance(CH04)	75[ohm]
Common	E1 Port Impedance(CH05-08)	75[ohm]

**Provisioning window**

Item/feature	Description	Specific conditions for it to be displayed/configured
E1 CH Usage(01-16)	For setting the respective usage of the 16 available Channels	None
E1 Port Impedance	For setting the impedance of the E1 interface port	The designated channel (s) must be set as Used
E1 Channel Usage Error Report	For enabling/disabling the CH Usage Error reporting Function	At least one E1 channel (CH01-CH16) must be set as Not Used
AIS Activation Condition	For setting whether the AIS signal is activated by LOF, High BER or both alarm parameters	At least one channel (CH01-CH16) must be set as Used
AIS Generated Report	For enabling/disabling the <b>AIS Generated Report</b>	At least one channel (CH01-CH16) must be set as Used
AIS Received Report	For enabling/disabling the <b>AIS Received Report</b>	At least one channel (CH01-CH16) must be set as Used
AIS Received Condition	For setting the type of <b>AIS Received Condition</b> parameters	At least one channel (CH01-CH16) must be set as Used
DXC Setting	For setting the E1 signal cross-connect	None
High/Low BER Threshold	Allows the setting of the BER value that will trigger the alarm	None
RS-232C-1 / 2, V-11-1 / V-11-2	Assigns the respective SC to an interface	None
V-11-1 / V-11-2 Direction Setting	Enables the V-11-1 / V-11-2 service channel clocking to be set (i.e. co-directional or contra-directional)	Only if SC have been assigned (without SC assignment it is inactive)
Port1-2 Usage	For setting the usage of the LAN interface ports	When SFP Type Portx is not "INVALID"
Port 3-4 Usage	For setting the usage of the LAN Interface ports	None
Speed & Duplex Port1-2	For setting the speed and duplex parameters of the LAN interface ports	Only when Port1-2 Usage is "Used" and SFP Type Portx is not "INVALID"
Speed & Duplex Port 3-4	For setting the speed and duplex parameters of the LAN interface ports	When Port 3-4 Usage is "Used"
Flow Control Port1-2	For setting the flow control parameters of the LAN interface ports	Only When Port1-2 Usage is "Used" and SFP Type Portx is not "INVALID"
Flow Contro Port 3-4	For setting the flow control parameters of the LAN interface ports	When Port 3-4 Usage is "Used"
Collision Report Port1-2	For setting whether collision status is reported (or not) for the interface ports	Only when Speed & Duplex Port1-2 = <i>AUTONEG</i> or <i>HALF-DUPLEX</i>
Collision Report Port 3-4	For setting whether collision status is reported (or not) for the interface ports	Only when Speed & Duplex Port3-4= <i>AUTONEG</i> or <i>HALF-DUPLEX</i>
Link Down Control for Port VLAN	To setup control action over forced disconnection of local link caused by VLAN link down and opposite Link loss.	None
MAC Address Learning	Allows the ON/OFF setting of MAC Address Learning function.	None
MTPC TX Power	Allows the transmission power (dB) to be set for MTPC operation.	Only when Tx Power Control=MTPC, XPIC Usage=Not Used or Used(Main Master)
ATPC Threshold Level	Allows the transmission power (dB) thresholds to be set for ATPC operation.	Only when XPIC Usage = Not Used or Used(Main Master) and AMR Operation = Fixed Modulation Mode
ATPC Range (Max / Min)	For setting the minimum and maximum ATPC transmission power (dB).	Only when Tx Power Control=ATPC, XPIC Usage=Not Used or Used(Main Master)

Item/feature	Description	Specific conditions for it to be displayed/configured
ATPC Power Mode	For setting the power mode (Hold: maintaining present status, MIN: minimum level).	Only when Tx Power Control=ATPC, XPIC Usage=Not Used or Used(Main Master)
COMM Alarm Mode	Select ODU output power mode when the communication fails between IDU and ODU due to some problems.	When Mute is set, the ODU output power will be muted. (Default) When Hold is set, the ODU output power will be hold. (Should consider neighboring system)
TX / RX SW Priority	Enables the respective priority to be set (pre-alarm TX / RX route or No. 1)	Only for 1+1 hot standby
TX SW Lock-in Usage	For setting the TX SW Lock-in Usage	Only when TX SW Priority is "Priority No.1"
TX SW Reverse Function	For setting the TX SW Reverse Function	Only when TX SW Priority is "Non Priority"
TX SW Sensitivity	For setting the TX SW Sensitivity	Only for 1+1 hot standby
RX SW Maintenance Mode	Has two settings: "manual" for disabling the RX switch and "forced" for overriding the disabled switch.	Only for 1+1 Hot Standby / Twin path
RX SW Condition-Early Warning	For setting whether the EW (Early Warning) feature is to be included in the parameters.	Only for 1+1 Hot Standby / Twin path
Relay Configuration	The six relays in the IDU are each associated with a parallel alarm. Four can be configured and the other two (RL01 and RL02) have fixed alarms.	None
Cluster 1 - 4 Input	Allows the cluster alarm input to be enabled/ disabled.	None
EOW2 External Setting	Enables appropriate EOW2 calling system signal polarity to be set: "normal" when the NEO HP/A IDU is connected to another NEO HP/A IDU or a PASOLINK IDU; "invert" when connected to PASOLINK+ IDU or Mx IDU	None
RX Level TCN Threshold	For setting the threshold at which the TCN is displayed	None
XPIC Condition-Local Fail	For setting operation after Ref Local Alarm is issued	Only when XPIC Usage is Used(1IDU)
SES Activation Condition	Enables setting of the low threshold (%) that activates SES	None
Alarm Correlation Capability	Allows the suppression of secondary (downstream) alarms to be turned on/off	None
VLAN Mode	Sets VLAN Mode, VLAN Setting, QoS Mode and QoS Setting	None
QoS Mode	Sets VLAN Mode, VLAN Setting, QoS Mode and QoS Setting	None

### 2.19.1 E1 Channel Setting

To set the necessary E1 channels (for the above parameters) simply click anywhere in the Provisioning window to open the following window in which you can then select/activate the various channels.

### 2.19.2 DXC Setting

The connecting route/direction can be freely and individually set DMR or tributary (TRIB) for each wireless E1 signal channel.

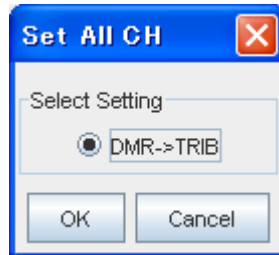
- Blue CH numbers: High Priority DMR CH
- Light blue CH numbers: Low Priority DMR CH

To configure the DXC Settings:

1. Click the **[DXC Setting]** button in the Provisioning window.
2. Select the connecting direction from the starting point.
3. Select the direction and channel (CH) for connecting to.
4. Click the **[Execute]** button.
5. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

### 2.19.2.1 Set All CH

Automatically sets all channels to be cross-connected.

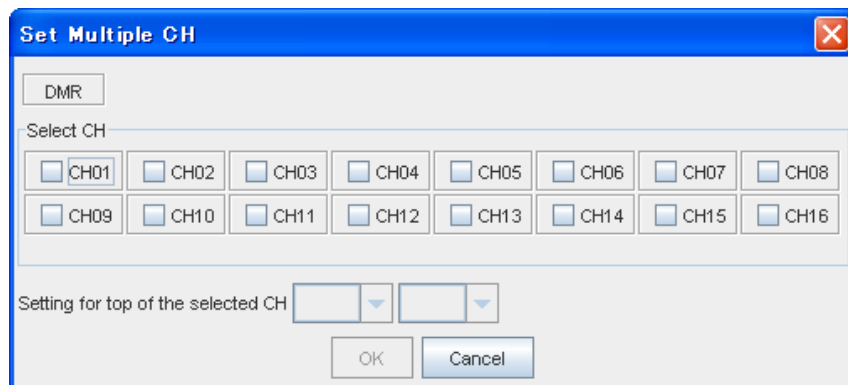


To set the **Set All CH** tool:

1. Click the **[DXC Setting]** button in the Provisioning window.
2. Click the **[Set All Setting]** button in the DXC Setting window.
3. Click the **[OK]** button.

### 2.19.2.2 Set Multiple CH

After setting the starting CH, designate the top CH at the destination to be connected to, and all CH settings will be automatically configured.



To configure the **Set Multiple CH** tool:

1. Click the **[DXC Setting]** button in the Provisioning window.
2. Select the connecting direction from the starting point.
3. Click the **[Set Multiple CH]** button in the DXC Setting window.
4. Select the channel from which to connect at the starting point.
5. Select the direction and top CH to be connected to.
6. Click the **[OK]** button.

### 2.19.2.3 DXC Setting CH MAP

This map displays the cross-connection status during configuring/changing of the settings.



- Blue CH numbers: High Priority DMR CH
- Light blue CH numbers: Low Priority DMR CH
- Green CH numbers: High Priority [DMR connected to TRIB]
- Light Green CH numbers: Low Priority [DMR connected to TRIB]
- Purple CH numbers: TRIB connected to TRIB

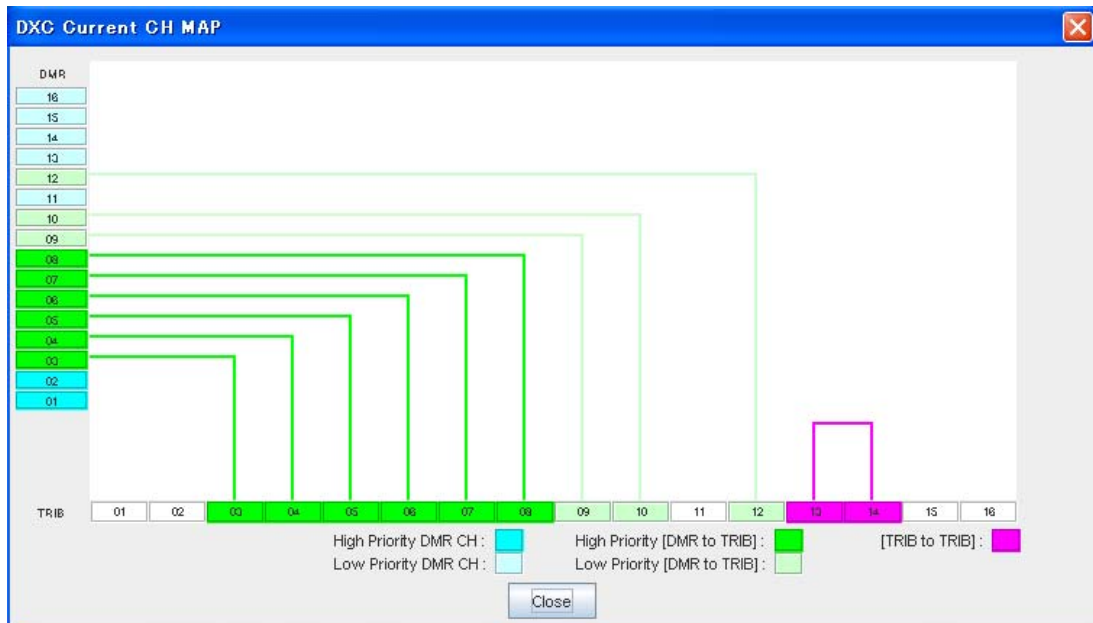
When passing the cursor over a CH no., the connection status is highlighted (connection lines appear as flashing lines).

To configure the DXC Setting CH MAP

1. Click the **[DXC Setting]** button in the Provisioning window.
2. Changing the DXC settings will cause the **[DXC Setting CH MAP]** button to be displayed.
3. Click the **[DXC Setting CH MAP]** button in the DXC Setting window.
4. Click the **[Close]** button.

### 2.19.2.4 DXC Current CH MAP

This map displays the actual current cross-connection status.



- Blue CH numbers: High Priority DMR CH
- Light blue CH numbers: Low Priority DMR CH
- Green CH numbers: High Priority [DMR connected to TRIB]
- Light Green CH numbers: Low Priority [DMR connected to TRIB]
- Purple CH numbers: TRIB connected to TRIB

When passing the cursor over a CH no., the connection status is highlighted (connection lines appear as flashing lines).

To set the DXC Setting CH MAP

1. Click the **[DXC Setting]** button in the Provisioning window.
2. Click the **[DXC Current CH MAP]** button in the DXC Setting window.
3. Click the **[Close]** button.

### 2.19.3 BER Threshold Setting

The BER thresholds throughout the system can be set in this window.

To change the BER threshold setting:

1. Select the BER threshold for each item.
2. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply changes.
3. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

The diagram shows a window titled "BER Threshold Setting". It contains two sections: "High BER Threshold" and "Low BER Threshold". Each section has three radio buttons for selecting a threshold value. The "High BER Threshold" section has radio buttons for 1E-3, 1E-4, and 1E-5. The "Low BER Threshold" section has radio buttons for 1E-6, 1E-7, 1E-8, and 1E-9. At the bottom, there are "Execute" and "Close" buttons. The window also displays "No.001" at the top right.



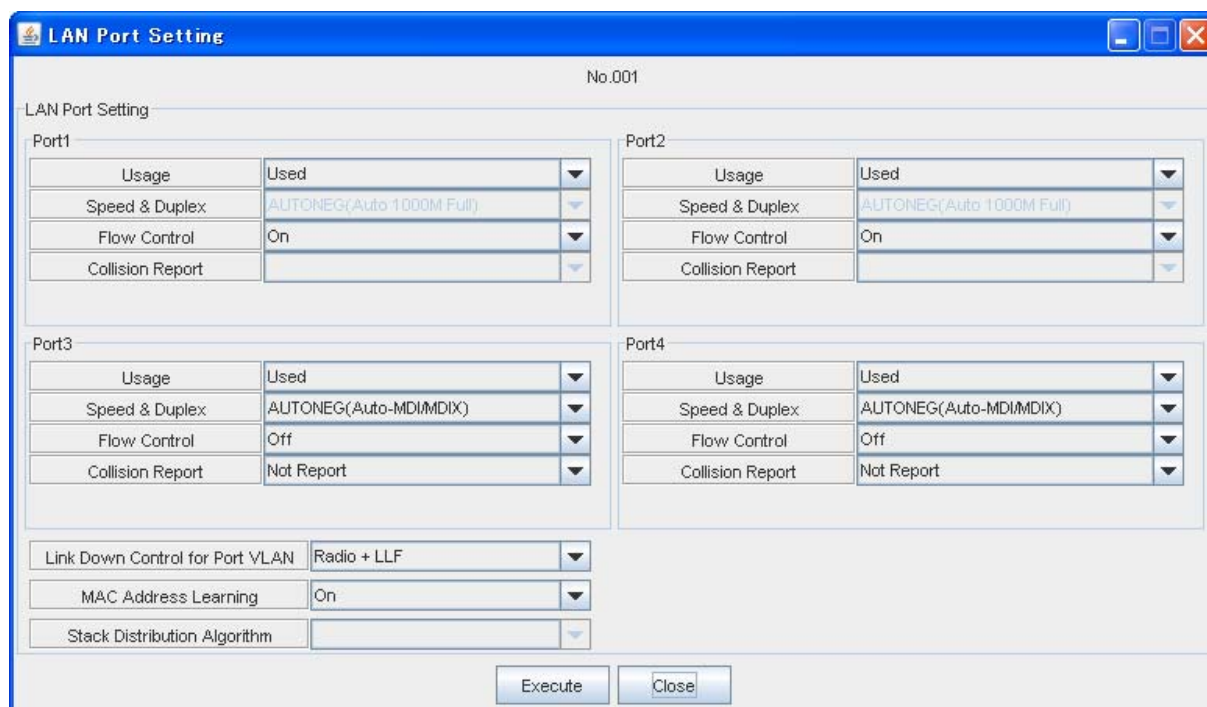
### 2.19.4 SC Assignment

In this window, interface type (e.g. LAN, RS-232C, V11) that is available for user channels (DSC) can be assigned and displayed. Setting the type of directional interface for SC3 and SC4 is also possible.



### 2.19.5 LAN Port Setting

Allows the LAN Port settings to be input or changed.



### 2.19.6 TX Power CTRL

The MTPC TX Power, ATPC Threshold Level, ATPC Range as well as Power mode can be set in this window.

To change the TX Power settings:

1. Enter the desired value for each item in the **TX Power CTRL** field.
2. Select **ATPC Power Mode**. (if enabled)
3. Select **COMM Alarm Mode**.
4. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply changes.
5. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

### 2.19.7 SW Condition

In this window, the switching (SW) parameters can be set.

To change the SW Condition settings:

1. Select TX SW for each item. (if enabled)
2. Select RX SW for each item.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply changes.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

### 2.19.8 Relay Configuration

This window shows the six relays in the IDU (that are each associated with a parallel alarm). Four can be configured and the other two (RL01 and RL02) have fixed alarms.

Relay Configuration window (No.001) showing a table of relay assignments. The table has columns for RL01, RL02, RL03, RL04, RL05, and RL06. The rows list various alarm types. The 'MAINT' row shows 'Out' for RL01 and 'Mask' for RL03, RL04, RL05, and RL06. The 'LOF' row shows 'Out' for RL04, RL05, and RL06.

	RL01	RL02	RL03	RL04	RL05	RL06
HK OUT1						
HK OUT2						
HK OUT3						
HK OUT4						
CLUSTER ALM OUT1						
CLUSTER ALM OUT2						
CLUSTER ALM OUT3						
CLUSTER ALM OUT4						
MAINT	Out		Mask	Mask	Mask	Mask
IDU CPU ALM		Out				
PS ALM		Out				
ODU ALM						
ODU CPU ALM						
TX PWR ALM						
TX INPUT ALM						
APC ALM						
RX LEVEL ALM						
IDU ALM						
IF CABLE SHORT ALM						
MOD ALM						
DEM ALM						
HIGH BER ALM						
LOW BER ALM						
LOF				Out	Out	Out

Buttons: Execute, Close

### 2.19.9 Cluster Alarm Input

Cluster alarms can be enabled/disabled with this window.

To change the Cluster Alarm Input settings:

1. Select **Enable/Disable** in the **Cluster1~4 Input** field.
2. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply changes.
3. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

Cluster Alarm Input window (No.001) showing settings for Cluster1 through Cluster4. Each cluster has radio buttons for 'Enable' and 'Disable'.

Cluster1 Input: ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Cluster2 Input: ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Cluster3 Input: ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Cluster4 Input: ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

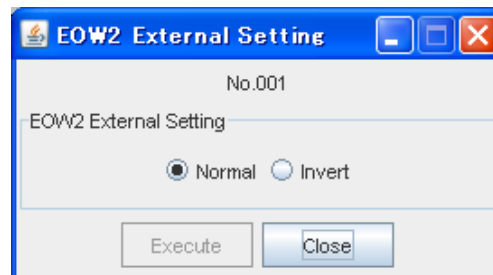
Buttons: Execute, Close

### 2.19.10 EOW2 External Setting

The EOW2 calling system signal polarity can be set here.

To change the EOW2 External settings:

1. Select **Normal** when the NEO HP/A IDU is connected to another NEO HP/A IDU or PASOLINK IDU.
2. Select **Invert** when the NEO HP/A IDU is connected to PASOLINK+ IDU or Mx IDU.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply change.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.

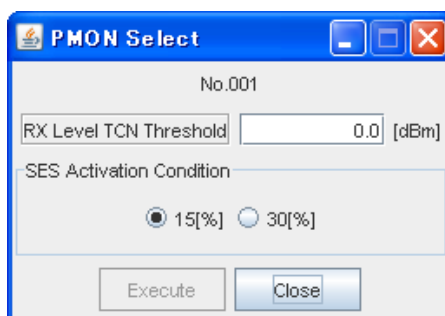


### 2.19.11 PMON Select

The RX Level TCN Threshold and SES Activation percentage can be set.

To change the PMON Select settings:

1. Enter the desired **RX Level TCN Threshold** value.
2. Select the **SES Activation Condition** percentage.
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply changes.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.19.12 Alarm Correlation Capability

In this window the suppression of secondary (downstream) alarms can be turned **on/off**.

To change the alarm correlation capability:

1. Select **On/Off** depending on desired state.
2. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply change.
3. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



### 2.19.13 XPIC Condition – Local Fail

For setting operation after Ref Local Alarm is issued; the setting is switched from Ref LO to Self LO.

To change the XPIC Condition – Local Fail

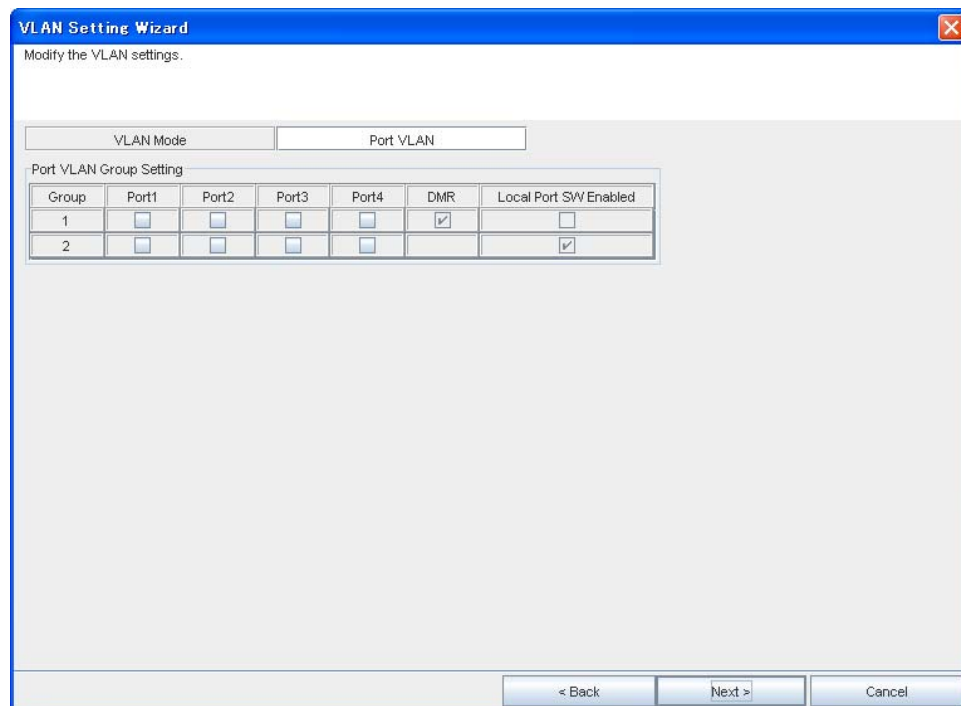
1. To switch operation of ODU from Lo synchronization to self synchronization, select [RefLo=>SelfLo].
2. To set mute and stop transmission, select [Mute].
3. Click the **[Execute]** button to apply change.
4. Click the **[Close]** button when finished.



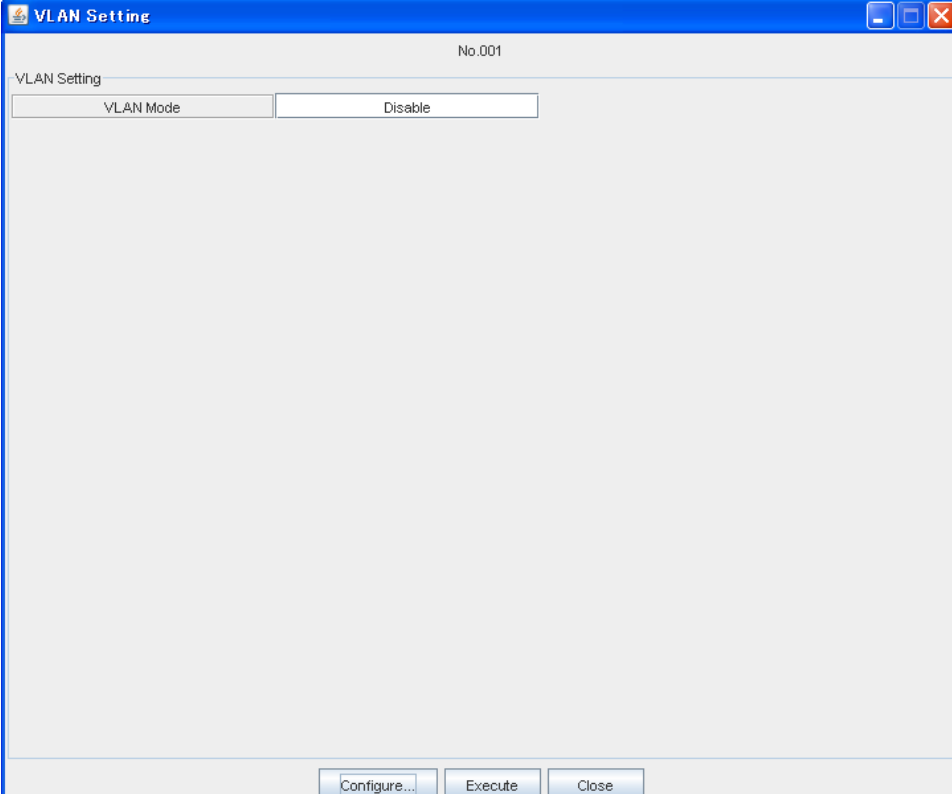
### 2.19.14 VLAN Setting

To set the parameter of VLAN Setting:

1. Click the **[VLAN Mode]** button to open the **VLAN Setting** window (for verifying the settings).



**VLAN Setting Window (to verify settings)**



The image shows a 'VLAN Setting' dialog box with a blue title bar. The main area is labeled 'VLAN Setting' and 'No.001'. Below this, there is a 'VLAN Mode' label and a text box containing the word 'Disable'. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Configure...', 'Execute', and 'Close'.

VLAN Setting

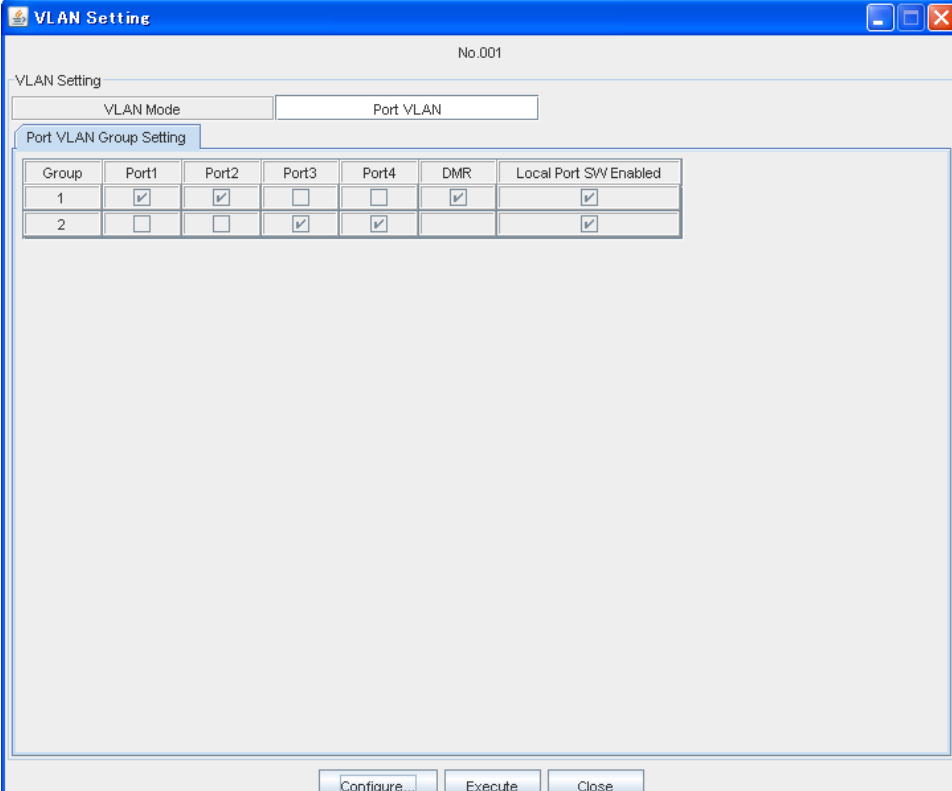
No.001

VLAN Mode

Disable

Configure... Execute Close

**VLAN Mode: Disable**



The image shows a 'VLAN Setting' dialog box with a blue title bar. The main area is labeled 'VLAN Setting' and 'No.001'. Below this, there is a 'VLAN Mode' label and a text box containing 'Port VLAN'. Underneath, there is a tab labeled 'Port VLAN Group Setting'. This tab contains a table with columns: Group, Port1, Port2, Port3, Port4, DMR, and Local Port SW Enabled. The table has two rows of data. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Configure...', 'Execute', and 'Close'.

VLAN Setting

No.001

VLAN Mode

Port VLAN

Port VLAN Group Setting

Group	Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	DMR	Local Port SW Enabled
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Configure... Execute Close

**VLAN Mode: Port VLAN**

**VLAN Setting** No.001

VLAN Setting

VLAN Mode: Tag VLAN

Tag VLAN Group Setting | Tag VLAN Control | Define Default VLAN Tag

Tag(802.1Q)VLAN

Group	Enable	VLAN ID		Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	DMR
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	Forward Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	5	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	6	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	7	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	8	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	9	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Configure... Execute Close

VLAN Mode: Tag VLAN

**VLAN Setting** No.001

VLAN Setting

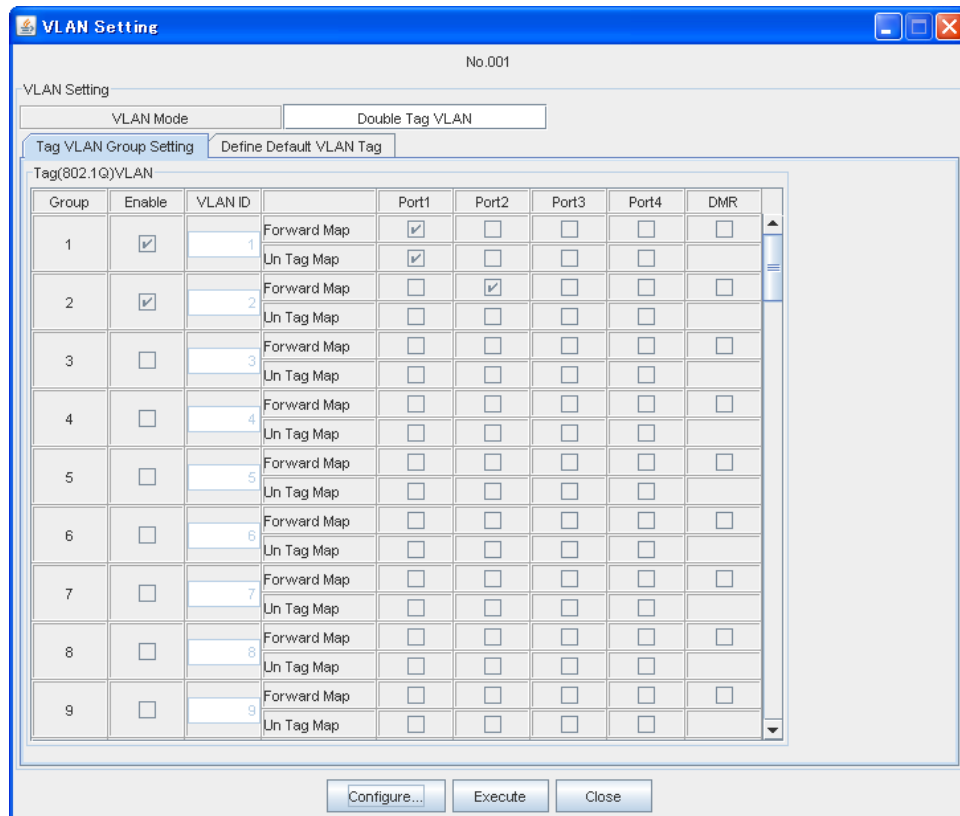
VLAN Mode: Port VLAN + Tag VLAN

Port VLAN Group Setting | Tag VLAN Group Setting | Tag VLAN Control | Define Default VLAN Tag

Group	Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	DMR	Local Port SW Enabled
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

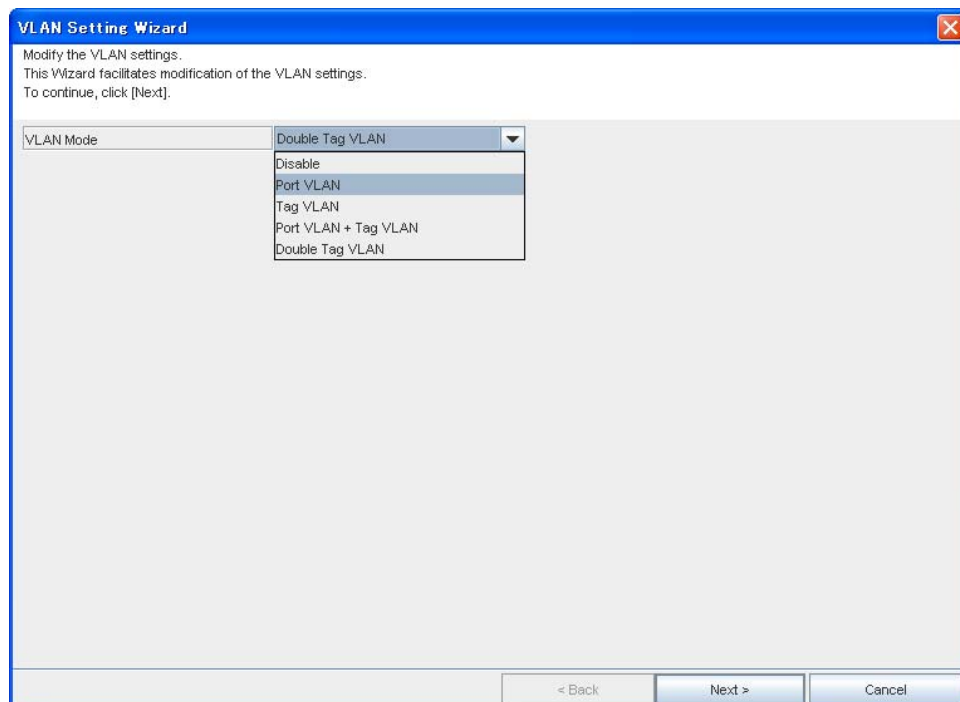
Configure... Execute Close

VLAN Mode: Port VLAN + Tag VLAN



**VLAN Mode: Double Tag VLAN**

- Clicking **Configure** opens the Setting Wizard. First select **VLAN Mode** and click the **[Next>]** button. The following Wizard window differs depending on the selected **VLAN Mode**.



**VLAN Setting Wizard (VLAN Mode selecting window)**

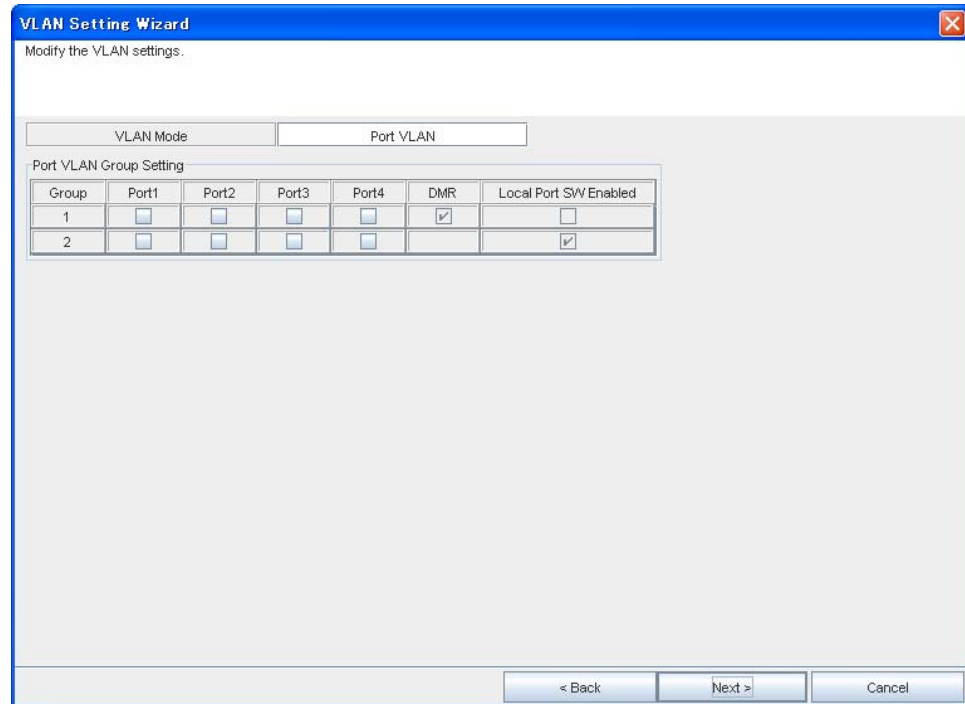


## 2.1 VLAN Mode: Disable

When you select **Disable** in **VLAN Mode**, click the **[Next>]** button and then click the **[Finish]** button on the next window.

## 2.2 VLAN Mode: Port VLAN

When you select **Port VLAN** in **VLAN Mode**, the following window appears.



The screenshot shows the 'VLAN Setting Wizard' window with the title bar 'VLAN Setting Wizard' and a close button. The main area is titled 'Modify the VLAN settings.' and contains two tabs: 'VLAN Mode' and 'Port VLAN'. The 'Port VLAN' tab is selected. Below the tabs is a table titled 'Port VLAN Group Setting'.

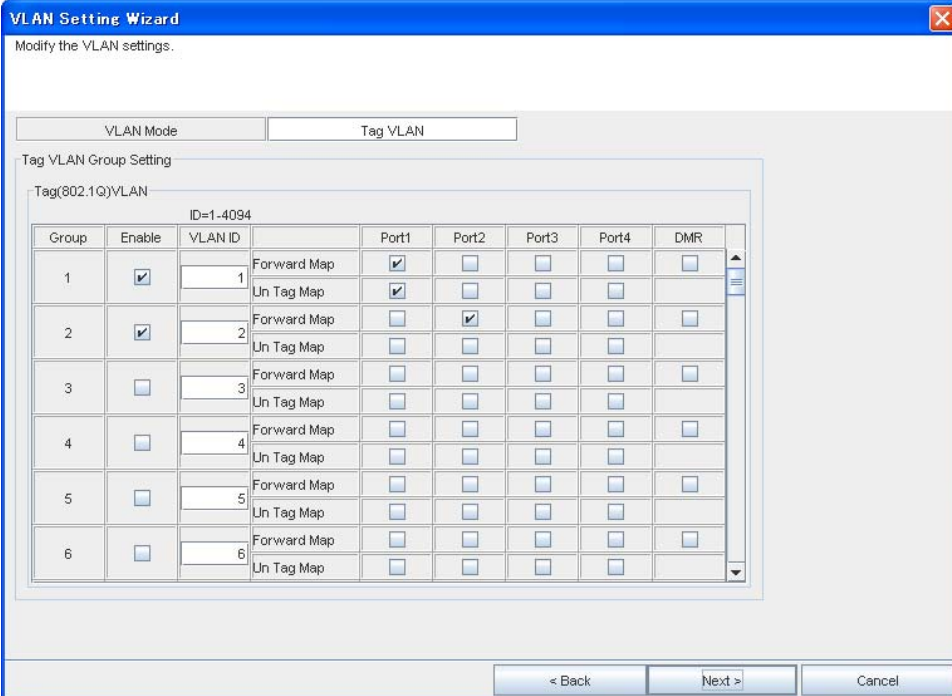
Group	Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	DMR	Local Port SW Enabled
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

At the bottom of the window are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

**Port VLAN-Port VLAN Group Setting**

### 2.3 VLAN Mode: Tag VLAN

When you select **Tag VLAN** in **VLAN Mode**, the following window appears.



**VLAN Setting Wizard**  
Modify the VLAN settings.

VLAN Mode: Tag VLAN

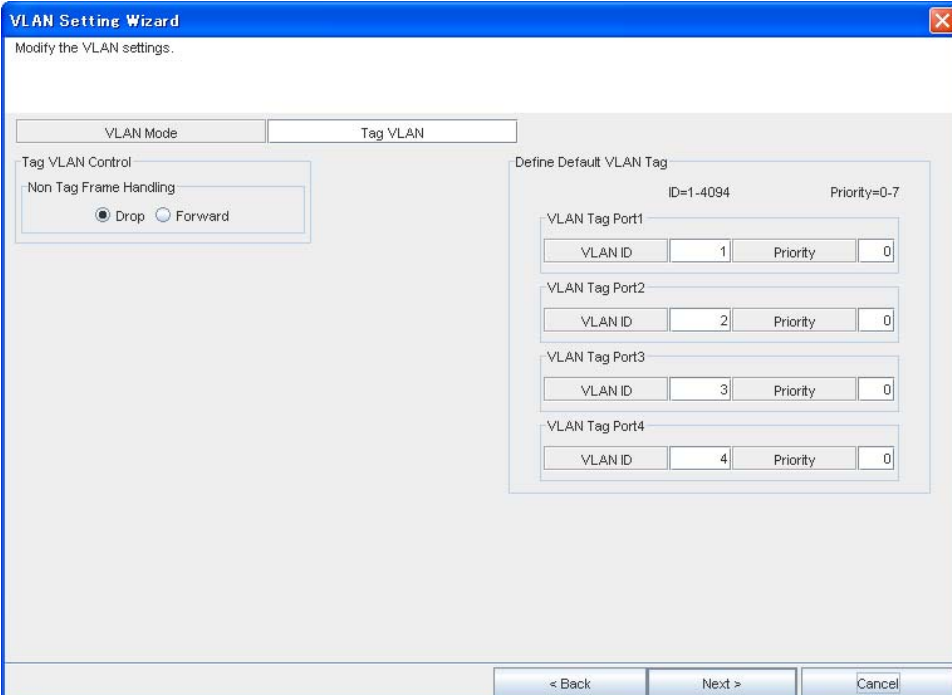
Tag VLAN Group Setting

Tag(802.1Q)/VLAN ID=1-4094

Group	Enable	VLAN ID		Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	DMR
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	Forward Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	5	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	6	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

< Back    Next >    Cancel

**Tag VLAN-Tag VLAN Group Setting**



**VLAN Setting Wizard**  
Modify the VLAN settings.

VLAN Mode: Tag VLAN

Tag VLAN Control

Non Tag Frame Handling

☒ Drop ☐ Forward

Define Default VLAN Tag

ID=1-4094    Priority=0-7

VLAN Tag Port1

VLAN ID: 1    Priority: 0

VLAN Tag Port2

VLAN ID: 2    Priority: 0

VLAN Tag Port3

VLAN ID: 3    Priority: 0

VLAN Tag Port4

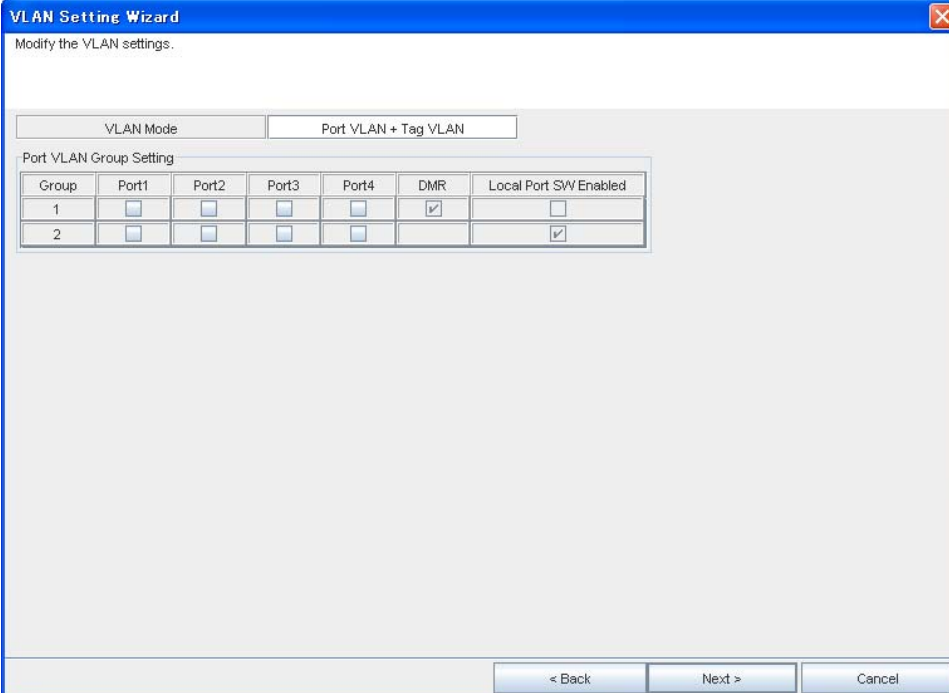
VLAN ID: 4    Priority: 0

< Back    Next >    Cancel

**Tag VLAN-Tag VLAN Control/Define Default VLAN Tag**

## 2.4 VLAN Mode: Port VLAN+Tag VLAN

When you select **Port VLAN + Tag VLAN** in **VLAN Mode**, the following window appears.



**VLAN Setting Wizard**  
Modify the VLAN settings.

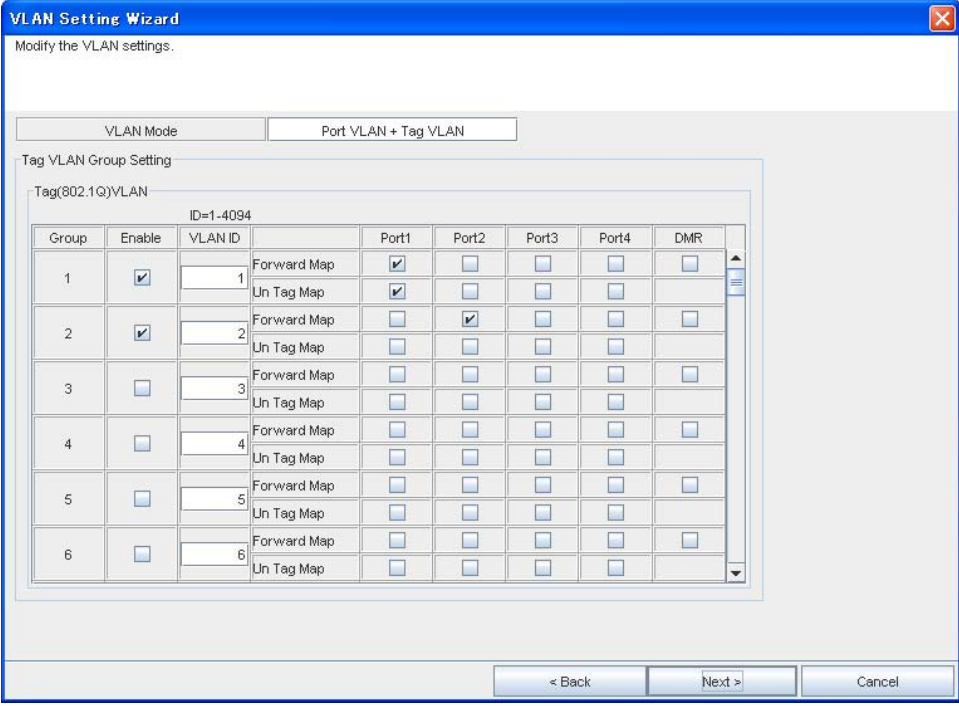
VLAN Mode: **Port VLAN + Tag VLAN**

Port VLAN Group Setting

Group	Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	DMR	Local Port SW Enabled
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

< Back    Next >    Cancel

### Port VLAN + Tag VLAN-Port VLAN Group Setting



**VLAN Setting Wizard**  
Modify the VLAN settings.

VLAN Mode: **Port VLAN + Tag VLAN**

Tag VLAN Group Setting

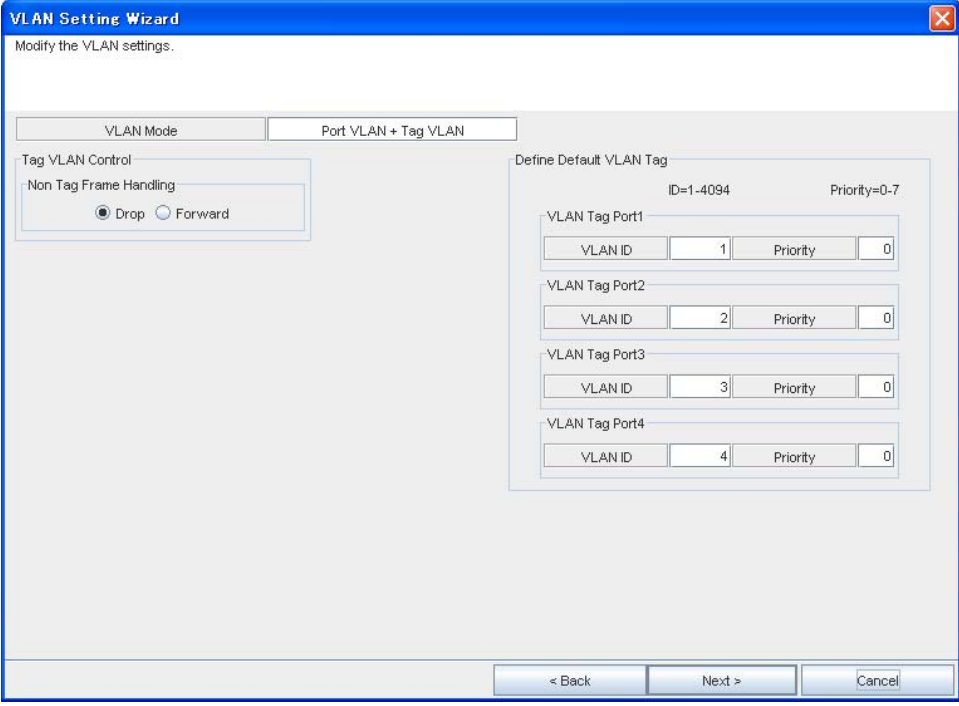
Tag(802.1Q)VLAN

ID=1-4094

Group	Enable	VLAN ID		Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	DMR
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	Forward Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	5	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	6	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

< Back    Next >    Cancel

### Port VLAN + Tag VLAN-Tag VLAN Group Setting



**VLAN Setting Wizard**  
Modify the VLAN settings.

VLAN Mode: **Port VLAN + Tag VLAN**

Tag VLAN Control  
Non Tag Frame Handling: ☒ Drop ☐ Forward

Define Default VLAN Tag  
ID=1-4094 Priority=0-7

VLAN Tag Port1  
VLAN ID: 1 Priority: 0

VLAN Tag Port2  
VLAN ID: 2 Priority: 0

VLAN Tag Port3  
VLAN ID: 3 Priority: 0

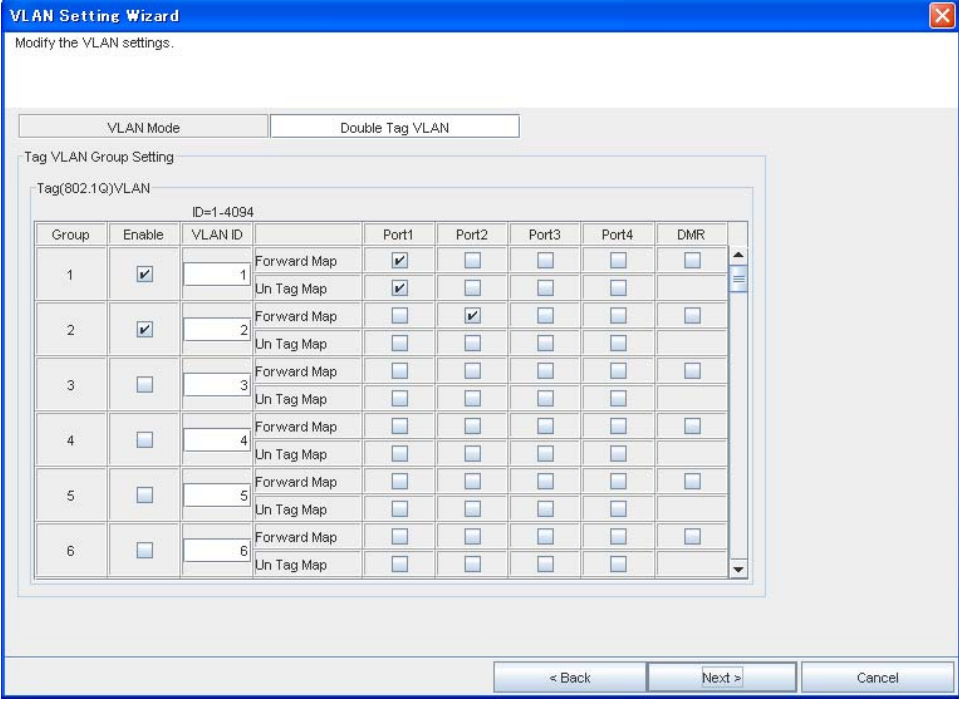
VLAN Tag Port4  
VLAN ID: 4 Priority: 0

< Back Next > Cancel

**Port VLAN + Tag VLAN-Tag VLAN/Define Default VLAN Tag**

## 2.5 VLAN Mode: Double Tag VLAN

When you select **Double Tag VLAN** in **VLAN Mode**, the following window appears.



**VLAN Setting Wizard**  
Modify the VLAN settings.

VLAN Mode: **Double Tag VLAN**

Tag VLAN Group Setting

Tag(802.1Q)VLAN ID=1-4094

Group	Enable	VLAN ID		Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	DMR
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	Forward Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	5	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	6	Forward Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Un Tag Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

< Back Next > Cancel

**Double Tag VLAN-Tag VLAN Group Setting**

### Double Tag VLAN-Define Default VLAN Tag

3. To complete the configuration procedure, click **[Next]** and in the ensuing window click **[Finish]**.
4. This will take you back to the **VLAN Setting** window (for verifying the settings). Carefully confirm that the settings are correct and click **[Execute]** to activate them.

The following is an overview of the configurable items/parameters:

<b>VLAN Mode:</b>	Port VLAN: Port based VLAN setting. Tag VLAN: Tag VLAN setting. Port VLAN + Tag VLAN: Tag VLAN with Port based group setting. Double Tag VLAN: Radio specific tag for group setting. Disable: VLAN function is unused.
<b>Port VLAN Group Setting:</b>	Port1-4: Set by checking ports and DMR (Radio direction) for same group.
<b>Local Port SW Enabled:</b>	Enable/ disable setting for local port switching.
<b>Tag VLAN Control:</b>	This setting is for handling the Non Tag frames (packets).
<b>Define Default VLAN Tag:</b>	This setting is for VLAN ID to Non Tag frames (packets). This setting is for User Priority to Non Tag frames and port (packets).

**Tag VLAN Group Setting<Tag(802.1Q)VLAN>:**

Enable: To enable set group.

VLAN ID: Set grouping of VLAN ID which is set by Define Default VLAN Tag.

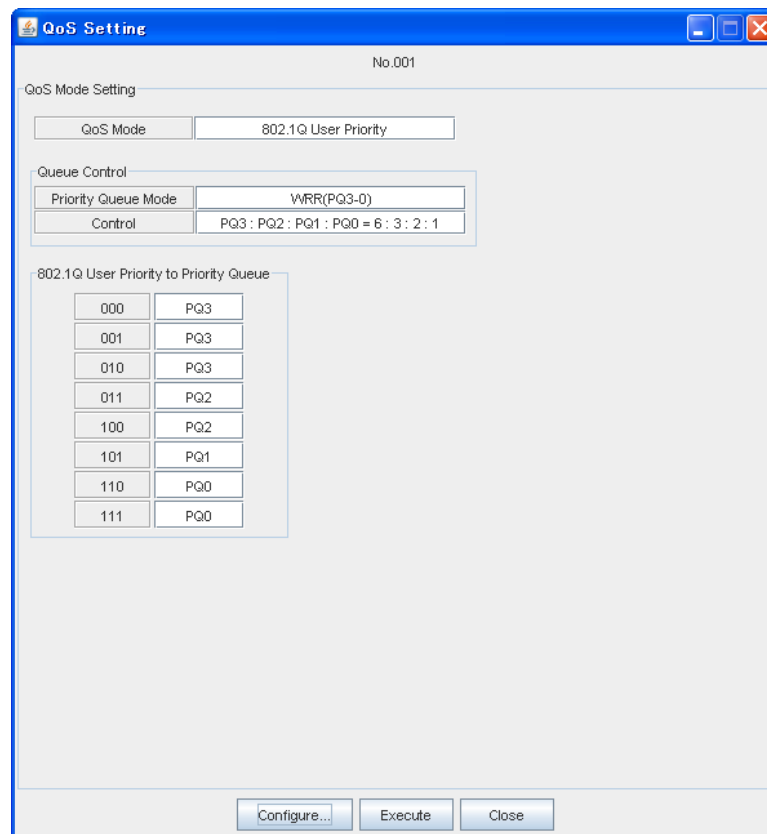
Forward Map: Set forwarding port for set VLAN ID. For forwarding to radio direction, check at DMR.

Un Tag Map: Set handling of added Tag for outgoing packets from ports. When this is NOT checked, frames (packets) are sent with double-tag conditions.

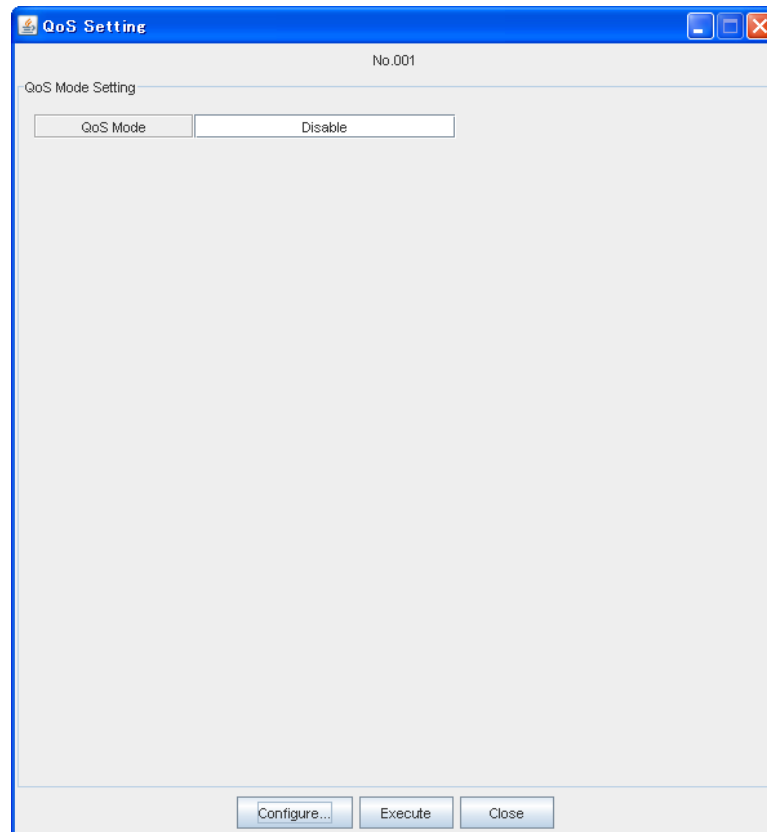
**2.19.15 QoS Mode**

To set the parameter of QoS Setting:

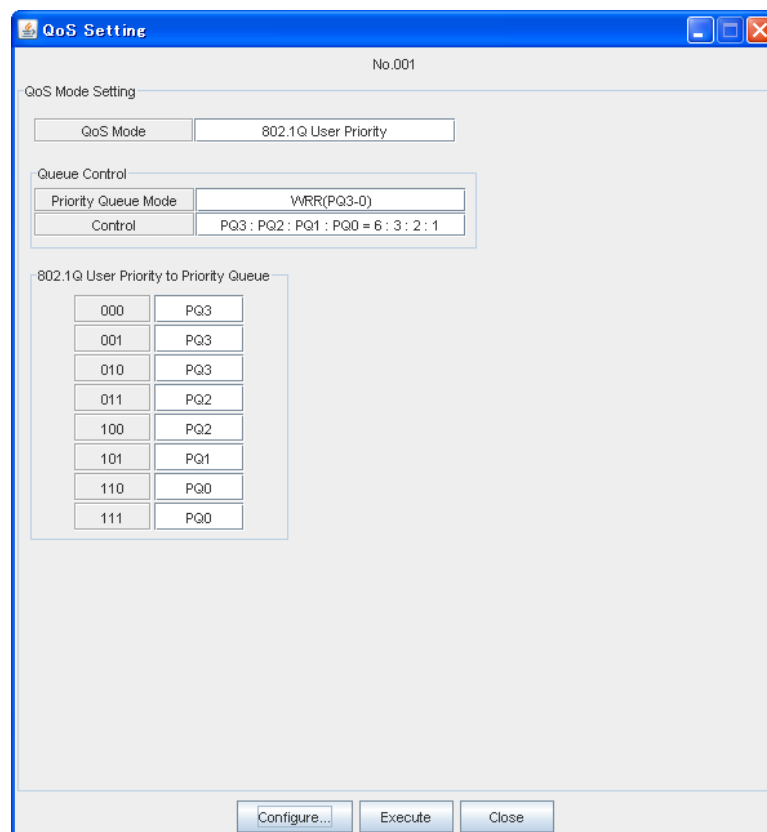
1. Click the **[QoS Mode]** button to open the QoS Setting window (for verifying the settings).



**QoS Setting Window (to verify settings)**



**QoS Mode: Disable**



**QoS Mode: 802.1Q User Priority**

**QoS Setting** No.001

QoS Mode Setting

QoS Mode: ToS

Queue Control

Priority Queue Mode: WRR(PQ3-0)

Control: PQ3 : PQ2 : PQ1 : PQ0 = 6 : 3 : 2 : 1

ToS to Priority Queue

000	PQ3
001	PQ3
010	PQ3
011	PQ2
100	PQ2
101	PQ1
110	PQ1
111	PQ0

Configure... Execute Close

**QoS Mode: ToS**

**QoS Setting** No.001

QoS Mode Setting

QoS Mode: DSCP

Queue Control

Priority Queue Mode: WRR(PQ3-0)

Control: PQ3 : PQ2 : PQ1 : PQ0 = 6 : 3 : 2 : 1

DSCP to Priority Queue

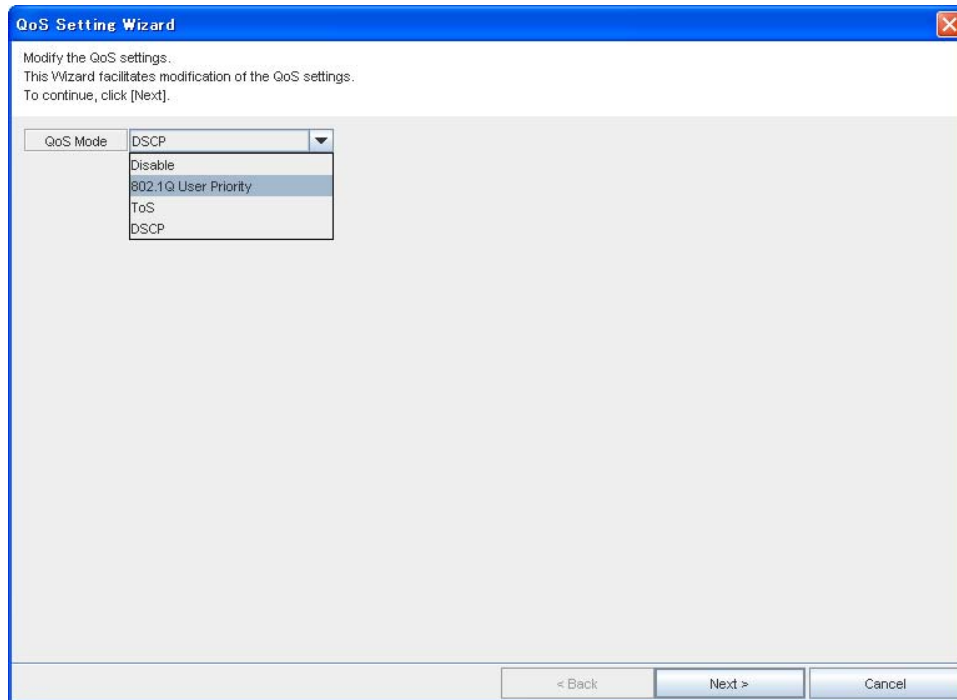
000000	PQ3	010000	PQ3	100000	PQ2	110000	PQ3
000001	PQ3	010001	PQ3	100001	PQ2	110001	PQ2
000010	PQ3	010010	PQ3	100010	PQ2	110010	PQ1
000011	PQ3	010011	PQ3	100011	PQ2	110011	PQ0
000100	PQ3	010100	PQ3	100100	PQ1	110100	PQ3
000101	PQ3	010101	PQ3	100101	PQ1	110101	PQ2
000110	PQ2	010110	PQ1	100110	PQ1	110110	PQ1
000111	PQ2	010111	PQ1	100111	PQ1	110111	PQ0
001000	PQ2	011000	PQ1	101000	PQ3	111000	PQ3
001001	PQ2	011001	PQ1	101001	PQ3	111001	PQ2
001010	PQ2	011010	PQ0	101010	PQ3	111010	PQ1
001011	PQ2	011011	PQ0	101011	PQ3	111011	PQ0
001100	PQ2	011100	PQ0	101100	PQ0	111100	PQ3
001101	PQ2	011101	PQ0	101101	PQ0	111101	PQ2
001110	PQ2	011110	PQ2	101110	PQ0	111110	PQ1
001111	PQ2	011111	PQ2	101111	PQ0	111111	PQ0

Configure... Execute Close

**QoS Mode: DSCP**



2. Clicking **Configure** opens the Setting Wizard. First select **VLAN Mode** and then click the **[Next>]** button. The next Wizard window differs depending on the **QoS Mode** to be selected.



**QoS Setting Wizard (QoS Mode selecting window)**

#### 2.1 QoS Mode: Disable

When you select **Disable** in **QoS Mode**, click the **[Next>]** button and then click the **[Finish]** button.

## 2.2 QoS Mode: 802.1Q User Priority

When you select **802.1Q User Priority** in **QoS Mode**, the following window appears.

The screenshot shows the 'QoS Setting Wizard' window with the title 'Modify the QoS settings...'. The 'QoS Mode' is set to '802.1Q User Priority'. Under 'Queue Control', the 'Priority Queue Mode' is set to 'WRR(PQ3-0)' (selected) and 'Strict Priority(PQ3)+WRR(PQ2-PQ0)'. The 'Control' section shows several radio button options for PQ3:PQ2:PQ1:PQ0 ratios, with the last option 'PQ3:PQ2:PQ1:PQ0 = 4:3:2:1 Range 1-49' being selected and its values entered in text boxes. To the right, the '802.1Q User Priority to Priority Queue' table shows a mapping of 802.1Q User Priority values (000-111) to Priority Queue values (PQ3-PQ0). The mapping is as follows:

	PQ3	PQ2	PQ1	PQ0
000	Green			
001				
010	Green			
011		Green		
100		Green		
101			Green	
110			Green	
111				Green

At the bottom are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

### 802.1Q User Priority-Queue Control/802.1Q User Priority to Priority Queue

## 2.3 QoS Mode: ToS

When you select **ToS** in **QoS Mode**, the following window appears.

The screenshot shows the 'QoS Setting Wizard' window with the title 'Modify the QoS settings...'. The 'QoS Mode' is set to 'ToS'. Under 'Queue Control', the 'Priority Queue Mode' is set to 'Strict Priority(PQ3)+WRR(PQ2-PQ0)' (selected) and 'WRR(PQ3-0)'. The 'Control' section shows several radio button options for PQ3:PQ2:PQ1:PQ0 ratios, with the last option 'PQ3:PQ2:PQ1:PQ0 = 4:3:2:1 Range 1-49' being selected and its values entered in text boxes. To the right, the 'ToS to Priority Queue' table shows a mapping of ToS values (000-111) to Priority Queue values (PQ3-PQ0). The mapping is as follows:

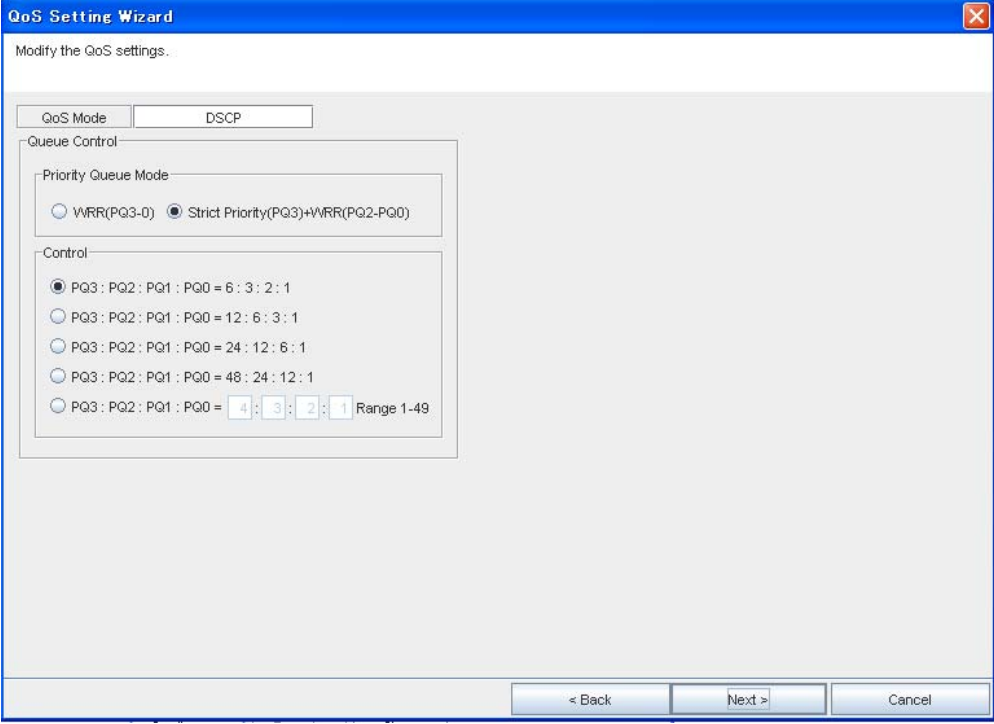
	PQ3	PQ2	PQ1	PQ0
000	Green			
001	Green			
010	Green			
011		Green		
100		Green		
101			Green	
110			Green	
111				Green

At the bottom are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

### ToS-Queue Control/ToS to Priority Queue

## 2.4 QoS Mode: DSCP

When you select **DSCP** in **QoS Mode**, the following window appears.



The screenshot shows the 'QoS Setting Wizard' window with the 'DSCP' mode selected. The 'Queue Control' section is expanded, showing 'Priority Queue Mode' with 'Strict Priority(PQ3)+VRR(PQ2-PQ0)' selected. The 'Control' section shows a list of queue control options, with the first option 'PQ3 : PQ2 : PQ1 : PQ0 = 6 : 3 : 2 : 1' selected. The 'Range 1-49' is indicated for the last option.

QoS Setting Wizard

Modify the QoS settings.

QoS Mode: DSCP

Queue Control

Priority Queue Mode

☐ VRR(PQ3-0) ☒ Strict Priority(PQ3)+VRR(PQ2-PQ0)

Control

☒ PQ3 : PQ2 : PQ1 : PQ0 = 6 : 3 : 2 : 1

☐ PQ3 : PQ2 : PQ1 : PQ0 = 12 : 6 : 3 : 1

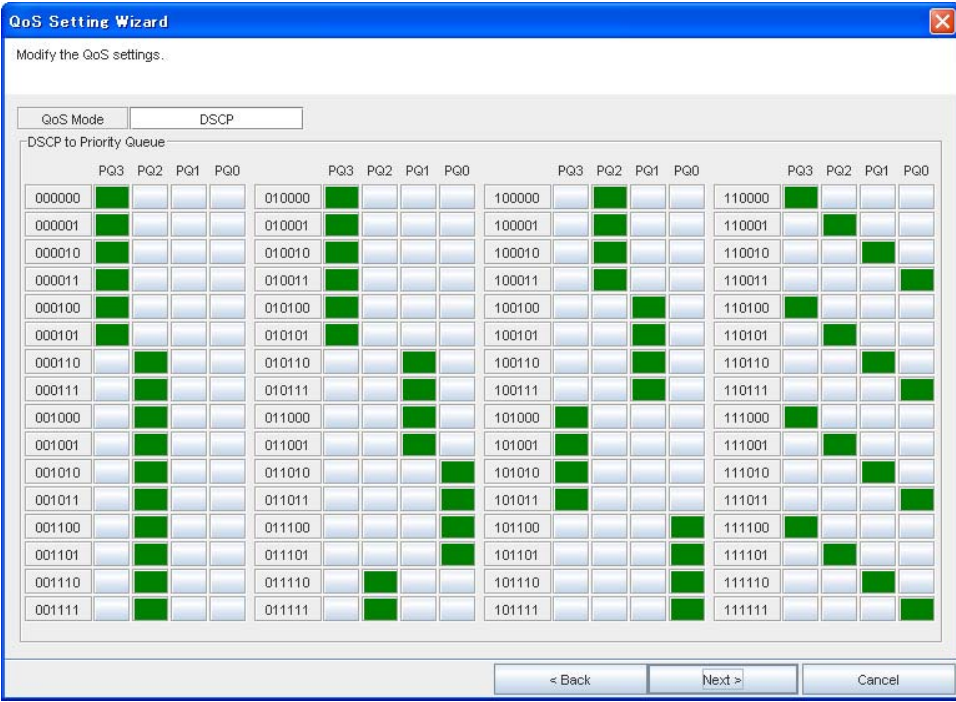
☐ PQ3 : PQ2 : PQ1 : PQ0 = 24 : 12 : 6 : 1

☐ PQ3 : PQ2 : PQ1 : PQ0 = 48 : 24 : 12 : 1

☐ PQ3 : PQ2 : PQ1 : PQ0 =  :  :  :  Range 1-49

< Back Next > Cancel

### DSCP-Queue Control



The screenshot shows the 'QoS Setting Wizard' window with the 'DSCP to Priority Queue' section expanded. It displays a 16x16 grid of DSCP values (000000 to 111111) mapped to four priority queues (PQ3, PQ2, PQ1, PQ0). The mapping is as follows:

DSCP	PQ3	PQ2	PQ1	PQ0
000000	1	0	0	0
000001	1	0	0	1
000010	1	0	1	0
000011	1	0	1	1
000100	1	1	0	0
000101	1	1	0	1
000110	1	1	1	0
000111	1	1	1	1
001000	0	1	0	0
001001	0	1	0	1
001010	0	1	1	0
001011	0	1	1	1
001100	0	0	1	0
001101	0	0	1	1
001110	0	0	0	1
001111	0	0	0	0
010000	0	1	0	0
010001	0	1	0	1
010010	0	1	1	0
010011	0	1	1	1
010100	0	0	1	0
010101	0	0	1	1
010110	0	0	0	1
010111	0	0	0	0
011000	0	0	0	0
011001	0	0	0	1
011010	0	0	1	0
011011	0	0	1	1
011100	0	1	0	0
011101	0	1	0	1
011110	0	1	1	0
011111	0	1	1	1
100000	1	0	0	0
100001	1	0	0	1
100010	1	0	1	0
100011	1	0	1	1
100100	1	1	0	0
100101	1	1	0	1
100110	1	1	1	0
100111	1	1	1	1
101000	0	1	0	0
101001	0	1	0	1
101010	0	1	1	0
101011	0	1	1	1
101100	0	0	1	0
101101	0	0	1	1
101110	0	0	0	1
101111	0	0	0	0
110000	1	0	0	0
110001	1	0	0	1
110010	1	0	1	0
110011	1	0	1	1
110100	1	1	0	0
110101	1	1	0	1
110110	1	1	1	0
110111	1	1	1	1
111000	0	1	0	0
111001	0	1	0	1
111010	0	1	1	0
111011	0	1	1	1
111100	0	0	1	0
111101	0	0	1	1
111110	0	0	0	1
111111	0	0	0	0

QoS Setting Wizard

Modify the QoS settings.

QoS Mode: DSCP

DSCP to Priority Queue

< Back Next > Cancel

### DSCP-DSCP to Priority Queue

3. To complete the configuration procedure, click **[Next]** and in the ensuing window click **[Finish]**.
4. This will take you back to the **QoS Setting** window (for verifying the settings). Carefully confirm that the settings are correct and click **[Execute]** to activate them.

The following is an overview of the configurable items/parameters:

<b>QoS Mode:</b>	<p>802.1Q CoS setting is for using IEEE 802.1Q CoS.</p> <p>ToS: This setting is for using ToS.</p> <p>DSCP: This setting is for using ToS.</p> <p>Disabled: This setting is for disabling QoS function.</p>
<b>Queue Control:</b>	<p>Priority Queue Mode weighting method by QoS</p> <p>Control: Set weighing ratio.</p>
<b>802.1Q User Priority to Priority Queue:</b>	<p>802.1Q User Priority.</p> <p>For Strict priority + WRR, PQ3 becomes absolute priority.</p> <p>User Priority: Set priority to each mode, PQ3(Highest) -PQ0(Lowest).</p>
<b>ToS to Priority Queue:</b>	<p>ToS User Priority.</p> <p>For Strict priority + WRR, PQ3 becomes absolute priority.</p> <p>User Priority: Set priority to each mode, PQ3(Highest) -PQ0(Lowest).</p>
<b>DSCP to Priority Queue:</b>	<p>DSCP User Priority.</p> <p>For Strict priority + WRR, PQ3 becomes absolute priority.</p> <p>User Priority: Set priority to each mode, PQ3(Highest) -PQ0(Lowest).</p>

## 2.20 Link Performance Monitor

The following performance-related items can be monitored according to G.826 recommendation:

- ❑ **Out of Frame Second (OFS)** – the total number of seconds the "out of frame" condition is generated in 15 minute-blocks. (OFS is applied to the Total only)"
- ❑ **Severely Errored Period (SEP)** – the cumulative time in which the BER of a one-second period exceeded  $10E-3$ .
- ❑ **Background Block Error (BBE)** - the sum of the B1 background block error
- ❑ **Errored Second (ES)** – the cumulative time in which more than one B1 error pulse per second was detected
- ❑ **Severely Errored Second (SES)** – the cumulative time in which the BER of a one-second period exceeded a set percentage (15% or 30%).
- ❑ **Unavailable Second (UAS)** –the cumulative time in which the unit remained inoperative
- ❑ **RX Level monitors** –the minimum and maximum reception level (when there are two routes it does so for No. 1 and 2 respectively)

Pink color in Performance Monitor window indicates that the threshold value has been exceeded. The threshold values can be set in Threshold window. The detailed daily performance data for the last seven days can be viewed by clicking the **[Detail]** button.

### 2.20.1 Viewing Summary Link Performance Monitor

To view Summary Link Performance Monitor:

Click **Performance Monitor** → **Link Performance Monitor** in the **NE-specific** menu bar of the target NE that you intend to monitor (or alternatively **PNMT window** → **LPM**).

You can delete the target NE's PMON/RMON data by selecting the **[All Data Clear]** and clicking **[Execute]**.

	Detail		Threshold			
	Latest		15 min		1 day	
	15 min	1 day	Occur	Recover	Occur	Recover
OFS	***	***	900	644	1	1
SEP	***	***	700	644	0	0
BBE	***	***	600	600	0	0
ES	***	***	700	644	0	0
SES	***	***	644	644	0	0
UAS	***	***	644	644	0	0
RX LEV(MIN)	100[dBm]	50[dBm]				
RX LEV(MAX)	1000[dBm]	500[dBm]				

Summary Link Performance Monitor window

### 2.20.2 Threshold Setting

To set the threshold values:

1. Click **[Threshold]** button in the Summary Link Performance Monitor window.

	15 min		1 day	
	Occur	Recover	Occur	Recover
OFS	900	90	65534	650
SEP	900	90	65534	650
BBE	65534	650	65534	650
ES	900	90	65534	650
SES	900	90	65534	650
UAS	900	90	65534	650

#### Summary Link Performance Monitor Threshold

2. Select the performance-related items that are to be configured in the table shown above. The G.826 measure becomes available for setting when selected.
3. Set the monitoring values (the alarm **Occur** and **Recover**) in the appropriate field. The alarm status will be monitored when it reaches the **alarm occur** value and issue an **alarm clear status** when the **recover value** set in the threshold table is reached.
4. Click **[Execute]** button to activate the new settings.
5. Click **[Close]** button when finished.

### 2.20.3 Link Performance Monitor (1day / 15 min. Data) window

To view the 1day Data:

1. Click **[Detail]** button in Summary Link Performance Monitor window.

	OFS	SEP	BBE	ES	SES	UAS	RX LEV(MIN)	RX LEV(MAX)
01/25/2001								
01/21/2001	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 54	* -53.3	* 0.0
01/20/2001	* 2	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 181	* -99.2	* 0.0
01/17/2001	* 3	* 3	* 0	* 20	* 20	* 44	* -97.0	* 0.0
01/13/2001	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* -61.3	* 0.0
01/12/2001	0	0	0	0	0	0	-61.5	-61.0
01/11/2001	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 41	* -61.5	* 0.0
01/08/2001	* 0	* 0	* 179	* 3	* 0	* 41	* -3.5	* 0.0

### Link Performance Monitor (1 day Data) window

To view the 15-min. Data:

1. Click button of the target date in Link Performance Monitor (Daily Data) window to display the detailed 15-minute performance data.

Date	OFS	SEP	BBE	ES	SES	UAS	RX LEV(MIN)	RX LEV(MAX)
03:45 - 04:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	-39.7	-39.4
04:00 - 04:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	-39.7	-39.4
04:15 - 04:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	-39.7	-39.4
04:30 - 04:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	-39.7	-39.3
04:45 - 05:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	-39.7	-39.3
05:00 - 05:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	-39.7	-39.3
05:15 - 05:30	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 421	* -97.7	* 0.0
05:30 - 05:45	0	0	0	0	0	900	-97.7	-97.4
05:45 - 06:00	0	0	0	0	0	900	-97.7	-97.3
06:00 - 06:15	0	0	0	0	0	900	-97.5	-97.2
06:15 - 06:30	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 181	* -98.5	* 0.0
06:30 - 06:45	0	0	0	0	0	900	-98.9	-98.3
06:45 - 07:00	0	0	0	0	0	853	-99.1	-39.2
07:15 - 07:30	* 0	* 0	* 5	* 1	* 0	* 40	* -61.9	* 0.0

### Link Performance Monitor (15-min. Data) window

2. The data can be saved in text format by clicking on the save icon. Or it can be refreshed by clicking on the reload (refresh) icon.

### **WARNING!!!**

**While data is being updated, do not remove the USB cable connecting the IDU with the PC.**

## 2.21 Remote Network Monitoring (RMON)

Remote Network Monitoring (RMON) function can monitor the signal through the LAN port, both LINE-side (the port on the NE) and DMR side. RMON can count the number of received or transmitted packets and packets errors. These items are then displayed in the PNMT.

The following RMON items can be monitored:

<b><u>RMON</u></b>	<b>RX Unicast Pkts</b> – the total number of unicast packets received. This item measures from 64 octets to 1536 octets.
	<b>RX Broadcast Pkts</b> – the total number of packets received that were directed to the broadcast address. This item measures from 64 to 1536 octets in length.
	<b>RX Multicast Pkts</b> – the total number of packets received that were directed to a multicast address. This item measures from 64 to 1536 octets in length.
	<b>RX Pause Pkts</b> – the total number of packets received that were paused.
	<b>RX CRC Errors</b> – the total number of packets received that detected FCS error. This item measures from 64 to 1536 octets in length.
	<b>RX Undersize Pkts</b> – the total number of good packets received that were less than 64 octets in length.
	<b>RX Fragments</b> – the total number of packets (Including bad packets) received that were less than 64 octets in length.
	<b>RX Pkts 64</b> – the total number of packets (Including bad packets) received that were 64 octets in length.
	<b>RX Pkts 65-127</b> – the total number of packets (Including bad packets) received that were between 65 and 127 octets in length.
	<b>RX Pkts 128-255</b> – the total number of packets (Including bad packets) received that were between 128 and 255 octets in length.
	<b>RX Pkts 256-511</b> – the total number of packets (Including bad packets) received that were between 256 and 511 octets in length.
	<b>RX Pkts 512-1023</b> – the total number of packets (Including bad packets) received that were between 512 and 1023 octets in length.
	<b>RX Pkts 1024-MAX</b> – the total number of packets (Including bad packets) received that were between 1024 and 1916 octets in length.
	<b>RX Jabbers</b> – the total number of packets received (Including bad packets) that were longer than 1537 octets.
	<b>TX Unicast Pkts</b> – the total number of unicast packets transmitted. This item measures from 64 to 1916 octets in length.
	<b>TX Broadcast Pkts</b> – the total number of packets transmitted that were directed to the broadcast address. This item measures from 64 to 1916 octets in length.
	<b>TX Multicast Pkts</b> – the total number of packets transmitted that were directed to a multicast address. This item measures from 64 to 1916 octets in length.
	<b>TX Pause Pkts</b> – the total number of packets transmitted that were paused.
	<b>TX Total Collisions</b> – the total number of collisions when it is transmitting.





### 2.21.2 Viewing LAN INTFC RMON [15-min]

This window contains the total 15-minute data (for 24 hours) for all RMON items.



To view LAN INTFC RMON [15-min] Monitor:

1. Select **Performance Monitor → LAN INTFC RMON [15-min]** in the **NE-specific** menu bar of the target NE that you intend to monitor.

		Port1 LINE			
		RX Unicast Pkts	RX Broadcast Pkts	RX Multicast Pkts	
09/08/2009	00:00-00:15	0	1	2	
09/08/2009	00:15-00:30	410	411	412	
09/08/2009	00:30-00:45	820	821	822	
09/08/2009	00:45-01:00	1230	1231	1232	
09/08/2009	01:00-01:15	1640	1641	1642	
09/08/2009	01:15-01:30	2050	2051	2052	
09/08/2009	01:30-01:45	2460	2461	2462	
09/08/2009	01:45-02:00	2870	2871	2872	
09/08/2009	02:00-02:15	3280	3281	3282	

Ready File Size: 126774 Bytes 100%

**LAN INTFC RMON [15-min] window**

2. This data can be saved by selecting **File → Save All Data** menu or clicking on Save All Data  icon. The default file name that it will be saved to is “15min.rmon”.
3. This data can be refreshed by selecting **File → Reload** menu or clicking on Reload  icon.
4. This data can be sorted by port or Item by selecting **Sort → Port Sort** or **Item Sort** menu.
5. The viewing RMON items can be selected with the **Select window**.

---

#### **WARNING!!!**

**While data is being updated, do not remove the USB cable connecting the IDU with the PC.**

---

To view the *Select window*:

Choose **Select** → **Select** menu.

ID	Item	LINE				DMR
		Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	Port1
01	RX Unicast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
02	RX Broadcast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
03	RX Multicast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
04	RX Pause Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
05	RX CRC Errors	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
06	RX Undersize Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
07	RX Fragments	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
08	RX Pkts 64	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
09	RX Pkts 65-127	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
10	RX Pkts 128-255	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
11	RX Pkts 256-511	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
12	RX Pkts 512-1023	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
13	RX Pkts 1024-Max	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
14	RX Jabbers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
15	TX Unicast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
16	TX Broadcast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
17	TX Multicast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
18	TX Pause Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
19	TX Total Collisions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

**LAN INTFC RMON [15-min] Select window**

You can select/deselect the items that you wish to view by clicking the list [▼] icon and selecting from the pull down menu {Select All / Clear All}, Package control of all items can be carried out for individual Port.

### 2.21.3 Viewing LAN INTFC RMON [Daily]

This window contains the daily data in 7 days for all RMON items.

To view RMON LAN INTFC [Daily] Monitor:

1. Select **Performance Monitor** → **LAN INTFC RMON [Daily]** in the **NE-specific** menu bar of the target NE that you intend to monitor.

	Port1 LINE		
	RX Unicast Pkts	RX Broadcast Pkts	RX Multicast Pkts
01/20/2009	8	9	10
01/19/2009	184	185	186
01/18/2009	360	361	362
01/17/2009	*536	*537	*538
01/16/2009	712	713	714
01/15/2009	*888	*889	*890
01/14/2009	1064	1065	1066

**LAN INTFC RMON [Daily] window**

2. This data can be saved for all items by selecting **File** → **Save All Data** menu or clicking on **Save All Data** icon. The default file name is “daily.rmon”.
3. This data can be refreshed by selecting **File** → **Reload** menu or clicking on Reload icon.
4. This data can be sorted by port or Item by selecting **Sort** → **Port Sort** or **Item Sort** menu.
5. The viewing RMON items can be selected with the **Select window**.

To view the *Select* window:

Go to **Select** → **Select** menu.

ID	Item	LINE					DMR
		Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	Port1	
01	RX Unicast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
02	RX Broadcast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
03	RX Multicast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
04	RX Pause Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
05	RX CRC Errors	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
06	RX Undersize Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
07	RX Fragments	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
08	RX Pkts 64	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
09	RX Pkts 65-127	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
10	RX Pkts 128-255	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
11	RX Pkts 256-511	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
12	RX Pkts 512-1023	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
13	RX Pkts 1024-Max	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
14	RX Jabbers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
15	TX Unicast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
16	TX Broadcast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
17	TX Multicast Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
18	TX Pause Pkts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
19	TX Total Collisions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

**LAN INTFC RMON [Daily] Select window**

You can select/deselect the items that you want to be shown by clicking on the list [▼] button and selecting from the pull-down menu {Select All / Clear All}. Package control of all items can be carried out for individual port.

## 2.22 Event Log

The Event Log window displays the date/time when the event data was received, item, and status.

### 2.22.1 Event Log monitor

1. Click **[Event Log]** in the **NE-specific** menu bar of the target NE that you intend to monitor.
2. A message window showing the progress of the uploading of the Event Log data will appear on the screen. Wait until the PNMT finishes the uploading of the data. The progress window will automatically close once the uploading is completed.
3. The **Event Log View** will be displayed. The event log is presented in a table form showing the date of the event, the item that triggered the event and the status change.
4. Sorting is possible for every column in the Event Log window.
5. The date shown in the Event Log window will be in the format of the OS.
6. The data can be refreshed by clicking on the upload (refresh) icon.

### **WARNING!!!**

**While data is being updated, do not remove the USB cable connecting the IDU with the PC.**

Date/Time	Network Element	Item	Status	Type
05/17/2001 16:08:03	No.001	PNMT(LOCAL) LINK	CONNECT	SYSTEM
05/17/2001 16:07:46	No.001	PNMT(LOCAL) LINK	DISCONNECT	SYSTEM
05/17/2001 16:05:42	No.001	ME.CFG FILE	TRANSFERRED	SYSTEM
05/17/2001 16:05:33	No.001	NETWORK.CFG FILE	TRANSFERRED	SYSTEM
05/17/2001 16:05:28	No.001	SYSTEM.CFG FILE	TRANSFERRED	SYSTEM
05/17/2001 15:51:53	No.001	PNMT(LOCAL) LINK	CONNECT	SYSTEM
05/17/2001 15:50:19	No.001	PNMT(LOCAL) LINK	DISCONNECT	SYSTEM
05/17/2001 15:48:27	No.001	OUTPUT-2 PO02	02(1)	CONTROL
05/17/2001 15:48:27	No.001	OUTPUT-1 PO01	01(0)	CONTROL
05/17/2001 15:48:22	No.001	OUTPUT-2 PO02	02(0)	CONTROL

Ready      Total Events: 1148      File Size: 115948 Bytes      100%

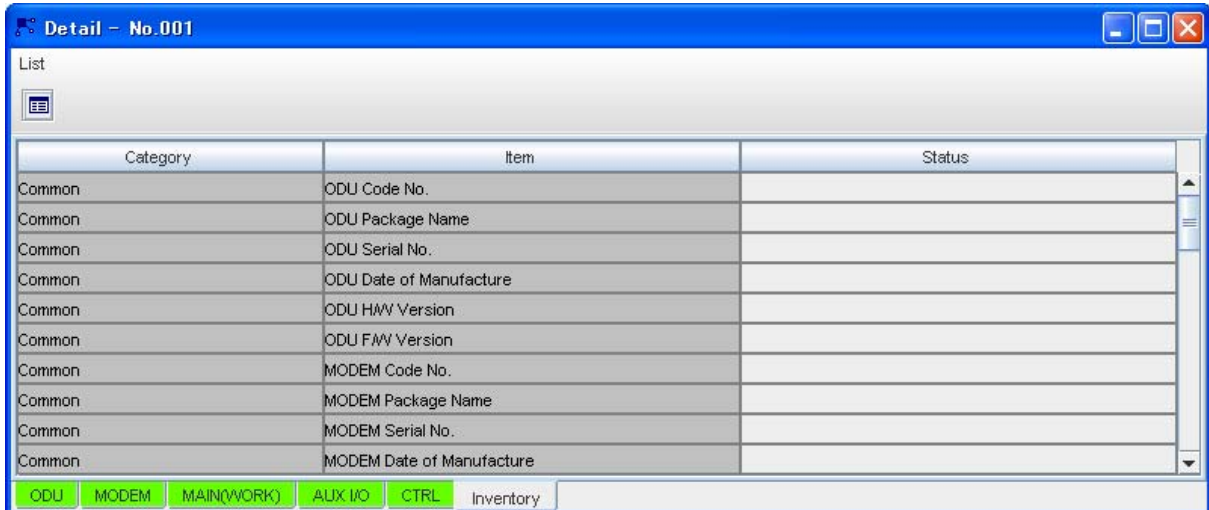
## 2.23 Inventory Tab

The relevant inventory information for the equipment can be viewed using this function.

### 2.23.1 Inventory Monitor

To display the equipment version:

1. Click the respective Inventory field in the PNMT main window of the target NE.
2. The Inventory window shows the Code No., Date of Manufacture, Serial No., Hardware Type and Software Version of the equipment.



Category	Item	Status
Common	ODU Code No.	
Common	ODU Package Name	
Common	ODU Serial No.	
Common	ODU Date of Manufacture	
Common	ODU HW Version	
Common	ODU FW Version	
Common	MODEM Code No.	
Common	MODEM Package Name	
Common	MODEM Serial No.	
Common	MODEM Date of Manufacture	

ODU MODEM MAIN(WORK) AUX I/O CTRL Inventory

## Appendix A: Equipment Network Settings (Terminal)

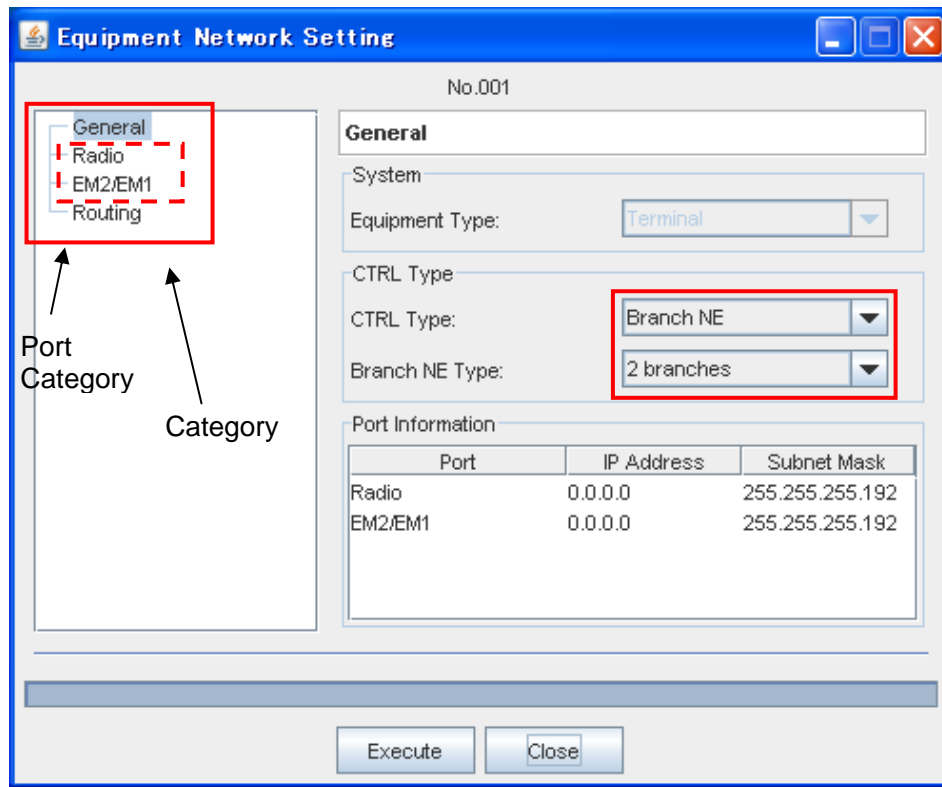
In *Equipment Network Setting*, a variety of items can be set individually for each NE. Depending on NE, CTRL Type can also be selected (*CTRL* or *Branch NE*).

CTRL Type (General)		Category		Input Item	
CTRL Type	Branch NE Type				
Root NE	Not selectable	General		CTRL Type	
				Branch NE Type	
		Radio/EM2		IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
		PNMS	EM1	IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
			V11	IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
				Speed	
			Routing		Default Gateway
Static Routing Table					
Root NE (Bridge)	Not selectable	General		CTRL Type	
				Branch NE Type	
		Radio/EM1/EM2		IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
		Routing		Default Gateway	
				Static Routing Table	
Branch NE	2 Branch	General		CTRL Type	
				Branch NE Type	
		Radio		IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
		EM1/EM2		IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
		Routing		Default Gateway	
				Static Routing Table	
	3 Branch	General		CTRL Type	
				Branch NE Type	
		Radio		IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
		EM1		IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
		EM2		IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
Routing		Default Gateway			
		Static Routing Table			
Normal NE	Not selectable	General		CTRL Type	
				Branch NE Type	
		Radio/EM1/EM2		IP Address	
				Subnet Mask	
		Routing		Default Gateway	
				Static Routing Table	

Note: Here **EM1** / **EM2** indicate IDUs front interface **NMS/ NE** ports respectively



1. In *Category* → **General** and select **CTRL Type** (**CTRL Type** and **Branch NE Type**)



The NE will appear as follows according to configuration.

- Root NE  
The nearest NE to PNMS configure as Root NE
- Root NE (Bridge)  
The nearest NE to PNMS configure as Root NE(Bridge)  
(One IP Address is assigned to Root NE(Bridge), and Subnet is not divided.)
- Branch NE (2 Branch)  
Subnet diverges in two ways
- Branch NE (3 Branch)  
Subnet diverges in three ways
- Normal NE  
All other NEs (except the above-mentioned) are simply referred to as **Normal NEs**.

2. The **Port Category** item changes according to **CTRL Type** (**CTRL Type** and **Branch NE Type**).

The screenshot shows the 'General' configuration window. On the left, the 'Port Category' is 'Radio/EM2'. In the main area, 'CTRL Type' is set to 'Root NE'. 'Equipment Type' is 'Terminal' and 'Branch NE Type' is 'No branch'.

**CTRL Type = Root NE**

The screenshot shows the 'General' configuration window. On the left, the 'Port Category' is 'Radio/EM1/EM2'. In the main area, 'CTRL Type' is set to 'Root NE(Bridge)'. 'Equipment Type' is 'Terminal' and 'Branch NE Type' is 'No branch'.

**CTRL Type = Root NE(Bridge)**

The screenshot shows the 'General' configuration window. On the left, the 'Port Category' is 'Radio'. In the main area, 'CTRL Type' is set to 'Branch NE' and 'Branch NE Type' is '2 branches'.

**CTRL Type = Branch NE or Branch NE Type = 2 Braches**

The screenshot shows the 'General' configuration window. On the left, the 'Port Category' is 'Radio/EM1/EM2'. In the main area, 'CTRL Type' is set to 'Branch NE' and 'Branch NE Type' is '3 branches'.

**CTRL Type = Branch NE or Branch NE Type = 3 Braches**

The screenshot shows the 'General' configuration window. On the left, the 'Port Category' is 'Radio/EM1/EM2'. In the main area, 'CTRL Type' is set to 'Normal NE'. 'Equipment Type' is 'Terminal' and 'Branch NE Type' is 'No branch'.

**CTRL Type = Normal NE**

3. Set and select **Port category** and **Routing**. The right hand screen will change according to the selected item in **Category**.

- Primary IP Address

PNMS identify a NE with using the IP address in NE. The check can be applied only to 1 **port category** of several **Port categories** that exists in **CTRL Type** when **Branch NE** is selected.

- IP Address & Subnet Mask

The following items are set to each Port

☐ Primary IP Address

PNMS Connection: LAN

LAN

IP Address: 0.0.0.0

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192

**PNMS (EM1)**

V11

IP Address: 192.168.1.253

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Speed: 19200

**PNMS (V11)**

☒ Primary IP Address

Network

IP Address: 0.0.0.0

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192

**Radio or EM1 or EM2 or EM1/EM2**

☒ Primary IP Address

Network

IP Address: 172.180.0.2

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192

**Radio/EM2**

☒ Primary IP Address

Network

IP Address: 0.0.0.0

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192

**Radio/EM1/EM2**

4. Select and set **Routing**.

- 4.1 If there is not subnet in the network, **Static Routing table** will not show any entries.

The screenshot shows a configuration window with two main sections. The top section is titled "Default Gateway" and contains a label "IP Address:" followed by a text box containing "0.0.0.0". The bottom section is titled "Static Routing Table" and contains a table with three columns: "IP Address", "SubnetMask", and "Gateway". The table is currently empty. Below the table are three buttons: "Add", "Modify", and "Remove".

IP Address	SubnetMask	Gateway
------------	------------	---------

- 4.2 In case of several subnet in the Network click **[add]** to entry the required value in **Static Routing Table**

This screenshot shows the same configuration window as in 4.1, but with an additional dialog box titled "Gateway Address" overlaid. The dialog box has three input fields: "IP Address :" with the value "172.19.0.1", "Subnet Mask :" with the value "255.255.255.0", and "Gateway :" with the value "172.19.0.254". At the bottom of the dialog box are "OK" and "Cancel" buttons. An arrow points from the "Add" button in the "Static Routing Table" section of the background window to the "Gateway Address" dialog box.

5. Click **[OK]** button to activate the address setting.

Equipment Network Setting

No.001

General  
Radio/EM1/EM2  
Routing

**Routing**

Default Gateway

IP Address: 0.0.0.0

Static Routing Table

IP Address	SubnetMask	Gateway
172.19.0.1	255.255.255.0	172.19.0.254

Add Modify Remove

Execute Close

**[Modify]** is clicked to correct the registered value in **Static Routing table**.

**[Remove]** is clicked to delete the registered value in **Static Routing table**.

6. Click **[Execute]** button to activate the Equipment Networking setting.

---

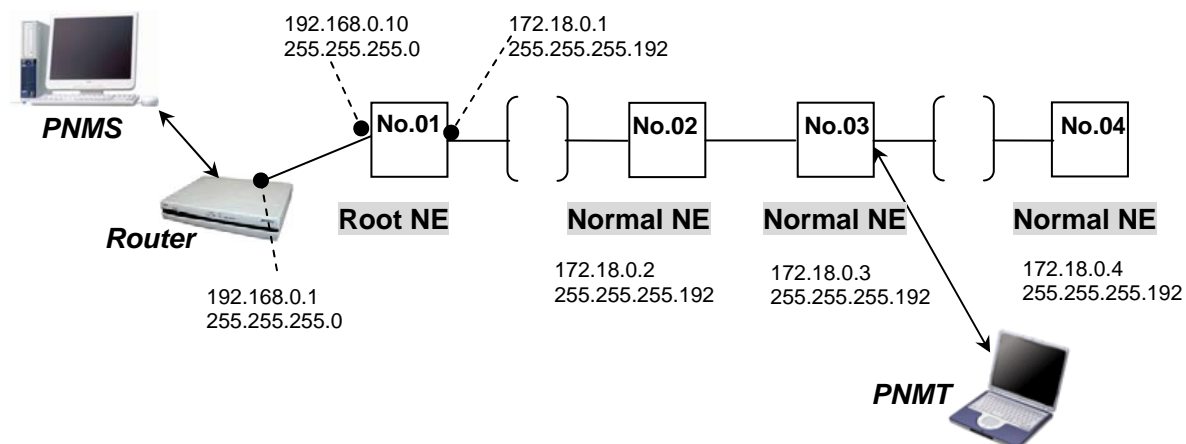
**NOTE:**

***When configuring Equipment Network Setting, communication will be lost when the Control module reinitializes to the new system configuration. This WILL NOT affect the wireless link. During this time PNMT connection to the NE will be disrupted but will automatically be restored after the Control module resets.***

---

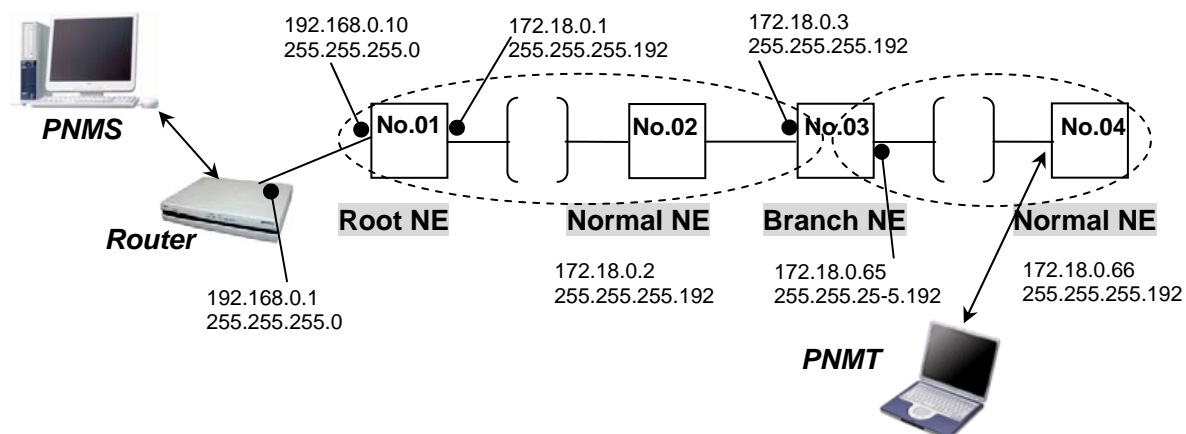
## Appendix B: Sample Network Configuration

1. The Network Configuration when subnet is connected.



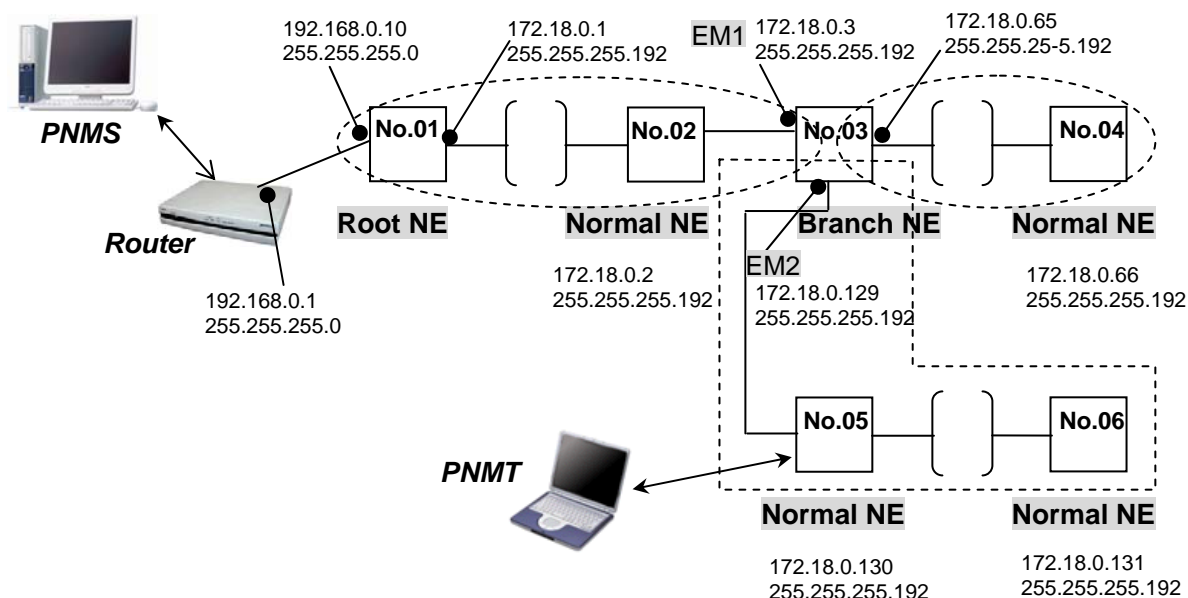
NE	General (Category)		Category	Item Name	Input data
	CTRL Type	Branch NE Type			
No.01	Root NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.1
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			PNMS (EM1)	IP Address	192.168.0.10
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
			Routing	Default Gateway	192.168.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.02	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.2
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.03	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.3
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.04	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.4
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-

2. The Network configuration in case of several subnets  
(Branch NE Type = 2 Branches)



NE	General (Category)		Category	Item Name	Input data		
	CTRL Type	Branch NE Type					
No.01	Root NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.1		
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192		
			PNMS (EM1)	IP Address	192.168.0.10		
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
			Routing	Default Gateway	192.168.0.1		
Static Routing Table	IP Address	172.18.0.64		Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	Default Gateway	172.18.0.3
No.02	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.2		
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192		
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1		
				Static Routing Table	-		
No.03	Branch NE	2 Branches	Radio	IP Address	172.18.0.65		
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192		
			EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.3		
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192		
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1		
				Static Routing Table	-		
No.04	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.66		
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192		
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.65		
				Static Routing Table	-		

3. The Network configuration in case of several subnets  
(Branch NE Type = 3 Branches)

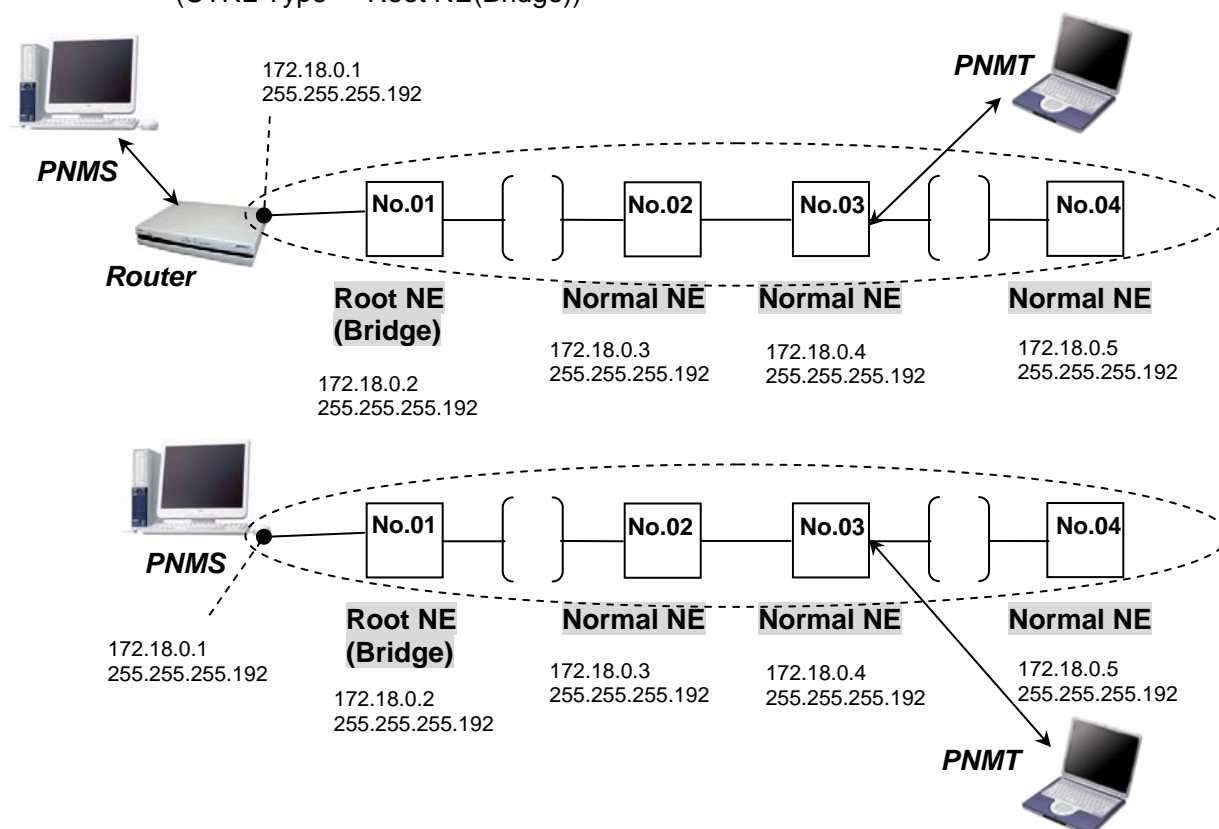


NE	General (Category)		Category	Item Name	Input data	
	CTRL Type	Branch NE Type				
No.01	Root NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.1	
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
			PNMS (EM1)	IP Address	192.168.0.10	
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
			Routing	Default Gateway	192.168.0.1	
				Static Routing Table	IP Address	172.18.0.64
					Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
					Default Gateway	172.18.0.3
No.02	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.2	
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1	
				Static Routing Table	-	
No.03	Branch NE	3 Branches	Radio	IP Address	172.18.0.65	
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
			EM1	IP Address	172.18.0.3	
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
			EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.129	
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1	
				Static Routing Table	-	
No.04	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.66	
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.65	
				Static Routing Table	-	



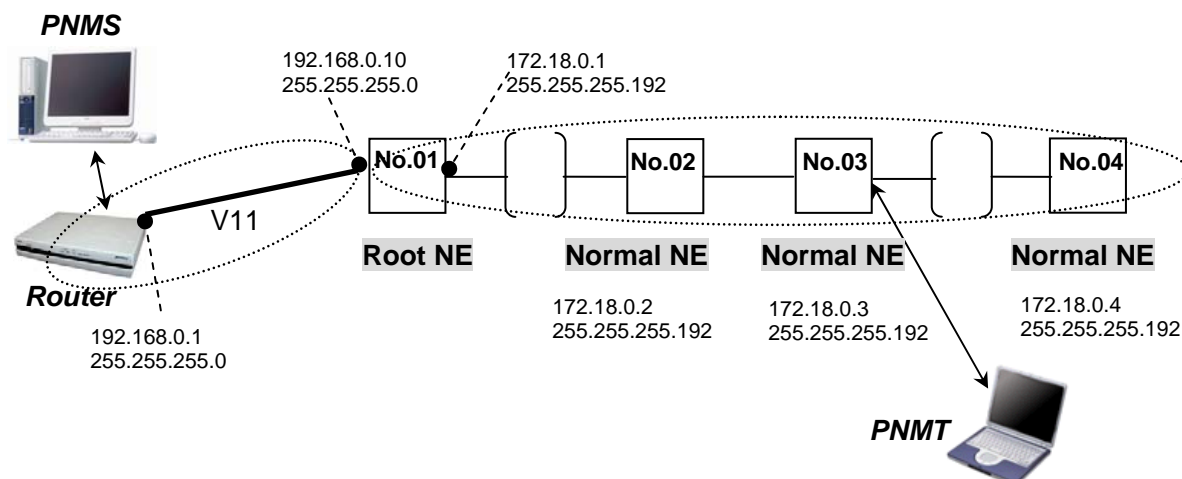
NE	General (Category)		Category	Item Name	Input data
	CTRL Type	Branch NE Type			
No.05	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.130
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.129
				Static Routing Table	-
No.06	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.131
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.129
				Static Routing Table	-

4. The Network Configuration when subnet is connected.  
(CTRL Type = Root NE(Bridge))



NE	General (Category)		Category	Item Name	Input data
	CTRL Type	Branch NE Type			
No.01	Root NE (Bridge)	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.2
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.02	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.3
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.03	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.4
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.04	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.5
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-

5. The Network Configuration when subnet is connected.  
(PNMS Connection: V11)



\*V11 connection is available with only the top equipment.  
Other equipment is connected through LAN.

NE	General (Category)		Category	Item Name	Input data
	CTRL Type	Branch NE Type			
No.01	Root NE	Not Selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.1
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			PNMS (V11)	IP Address	192.168.0.10
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
				Speed	19200
			Routing	Default Gateway	192.168.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.02	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.2
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.03	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.3
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-
No.04	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address	172.18.0.4
				Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
			Routing	Default Gateway	172.18.0.1
				Static Routing Table	-

## 6. Using AutoDiscovery on NEO HP/A &amp; PASO+ Mixed Network.

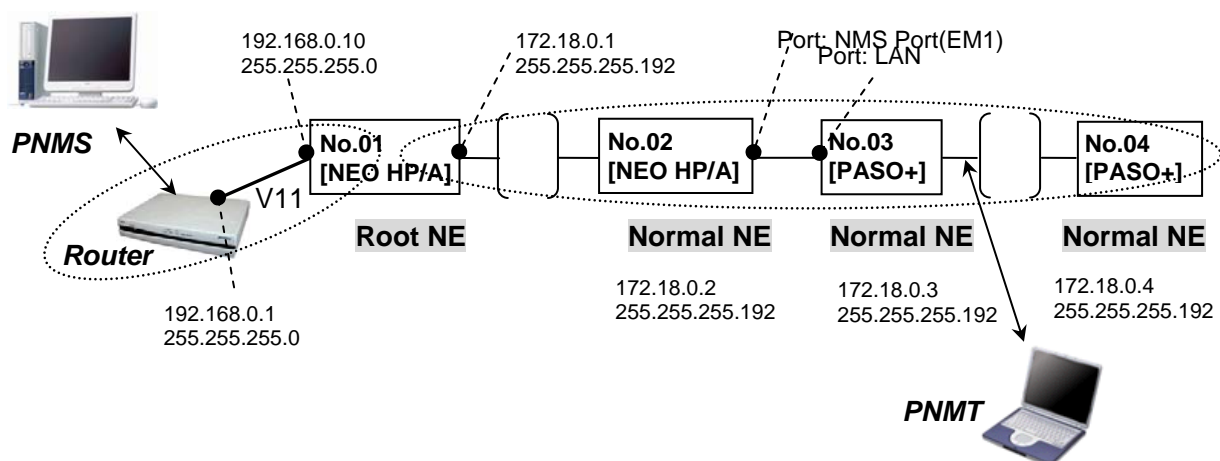
Note: Use only program files that correspond to one of the following versions (or newer).

*PASO+ Series:*

- (a) STM-1: version 1.6.2 or later
- (b) PDH: version 1.2.2 or later
- (c) Mx: version 1.2.4 or later

NEO HP/A: version 1.0.0 or later

- With NEO HP/A & PASO+ Mixed Network, activate LLDP function of NEO HP/A that is directly connected to PASO+.
- Ether EM1 or EM2 of boundary equipment with NEO HP/A/PASO+ can be set. NEO HP/A and PASO+ are connected with each other through LAN.



NE	TYPE	General (Category)		Category	Item Name		Input data
		CTRL Type	Branch NE Type				
No.01	NEO HP/A	Root NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address		172.18.0.1
					Subnet Mask		255.255.255.192
					LLDP	NE Port(EM2)	Disable
						NMS Port(EM1)	Disable
				PNMS (V11)	IP Address		192.168.0.10
					Subnet Mask		255.255.255.0
					Speed		19200
				Routing	Default Gateway		192.168.0.1
Static Routing Table		-					
No.02	NEO HP/A	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address		172.18.0.2
					Subnet Mask		255.255.255.192
					LLDP	NE Port(EM2)	Disable
						NMS Port(EM1)	Enable
				Routing	Default Gateway		172.18.0.1
					Static Routing Table		-
No.03	PASO+	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address		172.18.0.3
					Subnet Mask		255.255.255.192
				Routing	Default Gateway		172.18.0.1
					Static Routing Table		-
No.04	PASO+	Normal NE	Not selectable	Radio/EM1/EM2	IP Address		172.18.0.4
					Subnet Mask		255.255.255.192
				Routing	Default Gateway		172.18.0.1